

THE STIRLING NEWS-ARGUS.

\$1.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE
\$1.25 IF NOT PAID IN ADVANCE

STIRLING, HASTINGS COUNTY, ONT., THURSDAY, APRIL 22, 1909.

Vol. XXX, No. 32.



We are Specialists in Men's Wear!

Everything for Men in Men's Wants

WE WANT YOUR TRADE

And will pay 100 cents on the dollar for it, in the best values of

Fine Imported and Canadian Suitings

Made to your order. Style, Fit, Workmanship and Satisfaction—second to none. Prices range, \$12.00 to \$25.00.

OUR READY-TO-WEAR DEPARTMENT

Is stocked with the celebrated "Ward Brand" of Clothing, made especially to our order for good dressers who prefer them to ordered clothing. Prices, \$5.00 to \$20.00. Boys' Suits, \$2.00 to \$6.50.

We lead in *HAT STYLES*, Quality and Quantity. Hats for all heads. Hats to fit your head. Try them. 50c. to \$3.50.

TOOKE'S SHIRTS and COLLARS. The Shirt of fit and satisfaction. You don't know the comfort you are missing if you don't wear a Tooke Shirt. 75c. to \$1.75.

Look to us for the best and latest in *NECKWEAR*. We won't disappoint you. We have new Neckwear coming in every month in the year.

See our 50c. Workingmen's Shirts for 39c. We could get only five dozen. Overalls, Jackets, Sweaters, Jerseys, etc.

FRED T. WARD, MERCHANT TAILOR

Specialist in Men's Wear

COOK & FOX

"THE STORE OF QUALITY"

DAILY ARRIVALS—NEW SPRING GOODS

BUY THAT New Spring Dress early and get first and best choice. Best values ever shown in this line.

Dress Trimmings, the very newest, our price the lowest. Colors to match all the new shades.

Dress Silks, 27 in. wide. Guaranteed, our price, 50c. yd.

Ladies' Fancy Bows. Call and see them. Something new. Jabot & Rabat Bows... at 25c., 35c. and 50c. each. We also have the new Dutch Collars... 25c. and 35c. each.

DRESS SKIRTS

Best value on the market. Ask to see our specials... at \$5.00 and \$5.50. Special orders taken at regular prices.

LADIES WHITE UNDERSKIRTS

While they last, regular price 50c. for 39c. each. Don't miss them.

MEN'S FANCY SHIRTS

Here is an opportunity to save money. Finest quality, reg. \$1.00... for 75c. Work Shirts, regular \$1.00... Our price, 50c. each.

A Snap in Soda Biscuits

Perrins' 3 lb. Cream Sodas... Saturday 21c. per box.

A Full Line of Garden Seeds

Dutch Set Onions—Potato Onions—Corn—Peas—Turnip and Mangel Seeds in bulk. Our prices the lowest.

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT

We are in the best shape this year to meet the demands of the trade. Hats to suit everyone. Prices reasonable.

Highest price for Produce.

Goods promptly delivered.

United Empire Bank of Canada

Incorporated by Act of Parliament

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA .. TORONTO
Geo. P. Reid, General Manager.

MONEY ORDERS

The cheapest and safest way to send money is through the Bank. We issue CANADIAN BANKERS' ASSOCIATION MONEY ORDERS, payable at any chartered Bank in Canada (except Yukon).

DRAFTS also issued, payable in any part of the world.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

ADVANCES MADE TO FARMERS at reasonable rates.

Stirling Branch:
Coulter's Block.

W. M. CHANDLER, Manager.

Wedded at Wellman's

A beautiful home wedding took place at Hillside Farm, Wellman's Corners, the residence of Mr. D. Wallace, on April 14th, when his eldest daughter, Ethel Gertrude, was united in marriage to Mr. W. H. Cook of Stirling. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. E. Smith, pastor of St. Andrew's church, Burnaby, in the presence of about one hundred guests.

At 6:30 o'clock, to the strains of Mendelssohn's wedding march played by Miss Alma Reid, the bridal party entered the drawing room and took their places under an arch of evergreens and flowers with two beautiful horse-shoes hung overhead. The bride was given away by her father, and looked very handsome in a beautiful gown of cream crepe de chene with all-over lace and ribbon, and carried a bouquet of white dahlias and carnations. Miss Lizzie, sister of the bride, acted as bridesmaid, and was prettily gowned in cream voile with trimmings to match. She also carried pink dahlias and carnations.

Mr. Fred A. Cook of Ivanhoe, cousin of the groom, ably discharged the duties of groomsman. After the ceremony was performed, Rev. J. E. Smith presented the bride with a beautiful Bible. Then the usual congratulations took place and the hearty good wishes of their many friends, and the happy couple led the way to the tastefully decorated dining room, where a most excellent supper was served. A number of toasts were proposed to which the groom responded in a very able manner. The high esteem in which the bride is held was shown by the large number of costly presents which she received. The groom's gift to the bride was a gold watch and chain, and to the bridesmaid a handsome ring, and to the groomsman a set of gold cuff links.

Mr. and Mrs. Cook left the next morning on the early train for western points. The bride travelled in a suit of blue broadcloth, with hat to match. On their return they will reside in Stirling. Their many friends wish them every happiness and prosperity in their journey through life.

Wellman's Corners

The Women's Institute had a most enjoyable session at the residence of Mrs. B. Nix on the afternoon of the 15th inst. There were twenty-four persons present, six of whom were visitors. The Secretary read the minutes, which were approved. Mrs. James Parks gave the topic, "Experiments," alluding to the utilizing of steam and the discovery of the telephone. A few questions were asked regarding the new system of wireless telephony, but there was not much discussion. There were a couple of questions in the drawer, one relating to the boiling of potatoes in the spring so that they would not change their color, the other asking the best way to clean nickel plating on stoves. Both were satisfactorily answered. Mrs. Graham read "The Sewing Girl's Diary," one of Will Carleton's poems. Mrs. W. S. Dracup also gave a humorous reading, Misses Nellie Totton and Ladd Anderson each contributed a good solo, and Mrs. W. S. Dracup, Mrs. Chas. Totton, and Carmen Nix furnished instrumental music. A number of the ladies exhibited beautiful pieces of fancy work. The President asked for opinions as to the best manner of papering rooms and hanging pictures, and for a few minutes these subjects were freely discussed. The program was arranged for the next meeting, which is to take place at the residence of Mrs. French on the afternoon of May 20th. As this will be the meeting for the election of officers, a full attendance of the members is requested. A vote of thanks was tendered to the hostess and entertainers, and the meeting closed with the singing of the national anthem. The collection for the Hospital for Sick Children amounted to \$1.

We are sorry to hear that Miss Evelyn Matthews is very ill.

Mr. Carl Rock of Detroit is visiting his cousin, Mr. R. Reed.

Mr. Willis of Jamaica is the guest of Mr. Edward Todd.

Mr. W. H. Cook of Stirling and Miss Gertrude Wallace, second daughter of Mr. David Wallace of this place, were married on the evening of the 14th at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. J. E. Smith of Burnaby. We understand the happy couple will reside in Stirling.

Charivari parties are becoming very common around here. It seems too bad that a couple cannot get married without being annoyed by a lot of uninvited and undesirable guests.

Rev. Mr. Coburn, the blind orator, preached here on the 11th, and lectured the following Thursday evening.

Rumors are still afloat of weddings that are to take place here in the near future.

Sent Both Down

A very peculiar thing happened in a Police Court case at Belleville on Monday. John Potts was charged with stealing valuable articles of wearing apparel from Mary Buch while engaged in moving her effects. Potts swore he did not steal the articles, saying they were given to him to sell by Fred Renfrew, who also helped in the moving. Renfrew and his wife were in the courtroom watching proceedings, and he was arrested on the evidence of Potts. He denied the story told by the accused, who had been in jail since Saturday, but Magistrate Masson was so disgusted at what he called the perjury of both men that he sentenced each to three months in jail.

Harold

Mr. Fred Radford was the guest of Mr. Willie Heath during the Easter holidays.

Mr. West is making some improvements to his dwelling.

Mrs. W. Mason and children spent a few days at Mr. Harry Heath's last week.

The children of Mr. M. Tanner have recovered from a serious illness.

Our teacher, Miss Brain, has resumed her duties after spending the vacation at her home at Weston.

Miss Augusta Stewart visited her cousin, Miss Myra Heath, the past week.

Mrs. John Runnalls received the sad news of the death of her father last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Bailey spent Easter in Belleville.

Mr. Roy Heath gave a sugar party to a number of his friends on Friday evening. All report an enjoyable time.

Mr. F. Winfield and wife, and Mr. E. Cooper and family have moved into the old hotel.

Miss Gladys and Eva Bailey have returned to Albert College after spending Easter holidays at home.

Some of our farmers have started to plow.

Mr. Wilbert Harris has purchased a horse and buggy.

Miss Kathleen Bailey spent part of last week with Miss Gladys Tucker.

A meeting was held last week at the Town Hall for the purpose of re-organizing our Sunday School. Rev. Mr. Secombe presided. The following officers were elected: Supt.—Mr. Chas. McGuire; Ass't. Supt.—Mrs. E. Runnalls; Organist—Miss M. Lloyd; Librarian—W. West; Sec.—Treas.—B. Armstrong.

From another Correspondent.

Mr. Ernest White, who was seriously injured by having a tree fall on him, is able to be around again.

Mr. Chas. Lloyd gave a sugar party to twenty-five of his young friends on Saturday afternoon. Mr. Lloyd sustained his reputation as an ideal host, dispensing the sweets of his sugar-house with a lavish hand, and using his camera several times taking snapshots of the young people in amusing positions.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Caldwell of Marquette spent Sunday with friends here.

Mr. John Woodward has secured the agency for the Page Wire Fence Co. in this place.

Farmers are busy on the land, and much seedling will be done in the near future.

Miss Hattie Bailey of Stirling spent Easter with friends here.

Mr. Cooper and family have moved into the brick hotel, and intend residing here for the summer.

A large number of our young people attended the lecture given by Rev. Mr. Coburn at Wellman's Corners last week.

Mr. Winfield is also moving into our village.

William J. Cooney, an old resident of Huntingdon, died on April 8th. He was 83 years of age.

The 'Patten pool' is said to have cleared up between \$4,000,000 and \$5,000,000 on the May wheat deal in Chicago, and of this amount Patten himself is understood to have pocketed full two-thirds. Mr. J. J. Hill, the railway magnate, says the price of wheat will never be substantially low, and that in the near future the United States will have to import large quantities to supply its own needs. While the population is increasing at the rate of 65 per cent, the wheat yield is only increasing at the rate of 25 per cent.

Rheumatic poisons are quickly and surely driven out of the blood with Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy—liquid or tablet form. Dr. Shoop's booklet on Rheumatism plainly and interestingly tells just how this is done. Tell some sufferer of this book, or better still write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., for the book and free test samples. Send no money. Just join with Dr. Shoop and give some sufferer a pleasant surprise. Sold by all dealers.

Sterling Hall



Spring Time is Carpet and Rug Time

Also=Wall Paper Time

CARPET satisfaction is secured in the kinds that stand the wear and tear of life and grow old gracefully. The "STERLING HALL" assortment is of these varieties, and contains a satisfactory selection of Body Carpets and Rugs, in Union, Wool, Tapestries and Brussels. We ask you to contribute a look in on these when thinking of the House Beautiful.

SPECIAL BARGAIN NUMBERS IN

Unions and Tapestry Remnants

200 yds. Union Carpet, regular 35c... On sale at 25c. yd.
20 Tapestry Remnants, just the thing for bedrooms, 15 to 20 yards to the end:

50c. Goods.....for 40c.
65c. Goods.....for 50c.
75c. Goods.....for 55c.

CARPET SQUARES in Ingrains, Tapestries, Brussels and Axminster, all sizes... from \$4.00 to \$35.00

Charming Wall Papers

IN WALL PAPER we have so complete a stock, so many varied colors and patterns, that a description of them here is not possible. Come in and see the attractive display we are making.

5c. Wall Papers in many attractive patterns.

Papers at 6c., 7c., 8c., 10c., 12½c., 15c. to 35c.

Ladies' New Spring Coats

SPRIGHTLY new styles in Striped Fawn Coverts and Black Broadcloths at..... \$5.00, \$6.00, \$7.50, \$10.00



Fresh Groceries at Extra Special Prices

4 lbs. best Valencia Raisins.....for 25c.
3 lbs. Seeded Raisins.....for 25c.
Evaporated Peaches.....for 10c. lb.
2 can Tomatoes.....for 15c.
10c. bottles Pickles.....for 5c.

W. R. MATHER,

Direct Importer of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods and Retailer of Everything to wear for Everybody.

BANK OF MONTREAL

PAID UP CAPITAL - \$14,400,000.00
RESERVE - \$12,000,000.00
UNDIVIDED PROFITS - \$217,928.56

Rt. Hon. Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, K.C.M.G. - Hon. President
Hon. Sir George Drummond, K.C.M.G., C.V.O. - President
Hon. Edward S. Clouston, Bart. - General Manager

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

INTEREST PAID AT HIGHEST CURRENT RATES.

STIRLING BRANCH:
Bank Corner.

W. R. HOWSON,
MANAGER.

Time Heals Most Wounds

A Tale of Love and Disappointment

CHAPTER XXVI.

The engagement of the Earl of Wolverholme to Ethel Fetherston was not publicly announced for some months; for they both felt that out of respect for Rebekah, they could pursue no other course but keep it secret.

But they were unable to consult her, for the morning after their interview, she and her father had gone abroad, without communication with them. Rebekah's purpose accomplished she felt that she would be miserable if she remained. So she determined to seek forgetfulness in change of scene. Joel was always with her, and watched her anxiously but never broke the silence on which Rebekah had insisted, for she determined as far as possible to keep her mind from dwelling upon the man she loved.

They were in Paris, and having dejeuner in one of the best restaurants on the Grands Boulevards. Joel was glancing at a paper, and he suddenly uttered an exclamation of surprise, but Rebekah quietly took the paper from his hand.

She read an announcement to the effect that a marriage had been arranged between the Earl of Wolverholme and Miss Fetherston. Her father looked at her keenly, but her mind was prepared for it, and she gave no sign that it caused her pain.

"I hope they will be very happy," she said simply.

They were staying at the Hotel Ritz, and that evening Joel was seated alone in the lounge. He was busy with his thoughts when he noticed that a man was eyeing him keenly. He looked up quickly, and saw that it was Ackroyd. The sight of him was disagreeable in the extreme, for it brought back such unpleasant memories.

Ackroyd rose from his chair, and took a seat near Joel.

"You don't remember," he said with an ease of manner that was obviously forced.

"Perfectly," Joel replied coldly. "Have you seen the paper this morning?" he continued coolly. "It contains some news that ought to interest you."

"Indeed?"

"Yes. Lord Wolverholme is engaged to a Miss Ethel Fetherston," Ackroyd said with a smile that was intended to annoy.

"I was aware of that several months ago," Joel replied frigidly. But Ackroyd was not the man to be rebuffed; and he quite made up his mind that Joel should afford him a little amusement. He had too bitter a recollection of his fruitless journey to Leighton Manor, and the scornful way in which he had been treated. Surely he could make him feel uncomfortable."

"Rather a bad investment on your part! Let me see, it cost you roughly fifty thousand pounds," Ackroyd said reflectively.

"I have taken Scott's Emulsion for six weeks and have found it a wonderful remedy. Before I took the Emulsion I had no appetite; was weak; had lost nearly fifty pounds of flesh, and now I eat well and am gaining every day. I find Scott's Emulsion to be very easily digested and a good food for all weak people."—FLORENCE BLEEKER, No. 1 Myrtle Avenue, Bridgeton, N. J.

This is only one of thousands of cases where

Scott's Emulsion

has given an appetite. It's so easily digested that it doesn't tax the digestive organs and they rest; yet the body is wonderfully nourished and built up. The digestion is improved—then ordinary food is sufficient.

Growing boys and girls, who need so much food to keep them well and strong, and also growing, should be given a bottle of Scott's Emulsion every few weeks. It does wonders for them. It prevents their getting run down and spindly. Nothing does them so much good.

ALL DRUGGISTS

Let us send you some letters and literature on this subject. A Post Card, giving your address and the name of this paper, is sufficient.

SCOTT & BOWNE
126 Wellington St. W. Toronto

of him, and his curious nature; but he was very lovable."

This letter grieved Ethel, for it showed her only too clearly that Rebekah had not yet forgotten. She did not show it to Cyril, but she looked at him wistfully.

Cyril was perfectly happy, for his every wish had been gratified. He had married the woman he loved, and she had blessed him with children to carry on his name; but he smiled sadly as the Christmas presents were unpacked that came from abroad, and which the children understood had been sent by their Aunt Rebekah, about whom they had heard so much, but whom they had never met.

But time heals most wounds; and it was with a smile of contentment that Rebekah at last felt that she could sit down with a light heart and write to Ethel what she was anxiously waiting to hear.

"Yes, dear," she wrote. "I can come to you now, if you will have me. May I spend Christmas with you and your little ones? For I can look upon your happiness in no grudging spirit. Nay, I long to share in your joys."

And Rebekah returned to England once more.

In placid contentment she announced her journey to Wolverholme Castle. A heavy fall of snow had taken place, and she was obliged to go by train.

Upon the platform of the station Lord and Lady Wolverholme awaited her arrival with impatience. As she stepped from the carriage Ethel ran forward impulsively and embraced her.

"Welcome, dear. Thrice welcome," she whispered tenderly.

And Rebekah once more met the man she had loved so devotedly. Her eyes calmly met his, and she smiled with sincere happiness when he grasped her hand.

The children were gathered in the hall, for they were eager to see the aunt of whom they had heard so much. But she turned instinctively to the eldest son, her godchild, and as she scanned his face, she could trace there the delicate outline of his father's features.

She took him in her arms and kissed him tenderly. She looked at Cyril with eyes that shone with peace and contentment, for she had fought the good fight, and victory had crowned her.

THE END.

THE DOMINANT ELEPHANT.

Hostile to Human Invasion in Some Parts of Africa.

In exploring the Mungo River, a tributary of the Congo, in Africa, one expedition in 1885 was actually stopped and broken up by attacks of elephants. Sir Harry Johnston, in his book, "Geographical Features of the Congo," says that twenty years ago there were regions to the north of the Kamerun mountains actually dominated by elephants, which were so hostile to human invasion that they attacked individuals or small companies of men who attempted to make their way through the woodland.

During the rainy season, between April and October, the elephants were wont to pass in enormous numbers from the inundated swamps and morasses to the hill-country. It might occur in a single night that a herd of elephants trampled down or otherwise destroyed the cultivated food crops belonging to a whole tribe.

In the drier season of the year they resorted to mud pools near rivers and swamps, where they rolled about and caked their hides with a sufficient coating of mud to serve as protection against the elephant fly, an insect which lays its eggs in their hides, and sometimes inflicts on them serious pain and disease.

At night, when the flies retired to rest, the elephants made for the great rivers, in which they bathed themselves and swam about until the mud coating was washed off.

To such an extent at this season did they use the waterways that the natives refused to travel at night by boats or canoe, owing to the attacks on them which the elephants would make out of sheer mischief.

In 1885 the natives usually obtained their ivory from the elephants that became entangled in bogs and marshes, for the elephant of the Kamerun interior were so wily and savage that the native who tried to kill them was as likely as not killed in the attempt.

The present writer, when he ascended the Kamerun River in 1889, was told by the Wuri and Bonke people that large numbers of elephants become entombed in the treacherous bogs of the Kamerun River valley. They were constantly searching after places in which to wallow in the mud, and would sometimes plunge into a bog too deep and tenacious. Here they were either suffocated, or could be safely attacked by the natives when abandoned by their companions. The ground which might be too soft for the passage of an elephant would still afford a firm footing for men.

A legal light naturally feels put out if the judge turns him down.

It's easy for the average woman to keep secrets—going.

GOWGANDA—The Second Cobalt

GOWGANDA, with its magnificent silver veins, is being heralded far and wide as the second Cobalt, and since last fall millions have been invested by Capitalists on the reports of the leading mining engineers of the continent. Cobalt mines have paid \$11,600,000 in dividends. GOWGANDA will equal if not surpass it in richness, and the MacGREGOR properties are in the rich section.

PROPERTIES. M.R. 3507, M.R. 3543, M.R. 3544, about 40 acres each, about 120 in all, at the south end and east of Gowganda Lake. Promising because of the splendid fissure leads on the properties, and because they are surrounded by splendid silver veins. We confidently expect that these properties will prove rich in silver and that large profits will be made by the members of this Syndicate.

SILVER

MacGREGOR MINES SYNDICATE

Shares \$100.00 Each. Half Shares \$50.00. No Personal Liability.

SILVER

THE PLAN. The MacGREGOR Syndicate is being formed for \$20,000. \$15,000 will go to pay for the properties, and \$5,000 is being placed in the Treasury for stripping veins, initial development and such works as may be deemed necessary for the success of the Syndicate. The three properties will be absolutely owned by the Syndicate.

By our plan the Syndicate members come in on the actual purchase of the properties, and reap the profits that usually go to promoters.

Send in your application at once for as many shares as you desire to take. This is an advance that seldom happens. Write at once for map and further particulars as to Syndicate plan.

SAFETY.—Our confidence in the safety of the investment is expressed in the fact that we have taken 50 shares in the Syndicate. We think it is a first-class investment, and we offer it to careful, conservative men as such, in our belief. We call it a unique opportunity for men of moderate means; that others appreciate it to be so is shown by the keen demand for shares.

CHAPMAN, LYNCH & CO.,

704 705 Traders Bank Building, TORONTO

About the Farm

MANURE IN ORCHARD.

A very important requisite in the orchard is barnyard manure. Some rely on the plowing down of clover crops to provide the necessary humus and maintain the supply of plant food, but frequent applications of manure are advisable. It can be applied at almost any time of the year to advantage. If put on during winter, or early spring, it is turned under when the land is plowed, and constant cultivation up to the time the clover crop is sown incorporates the application with the soil, and tends to hasten its decomposition.

Enrichment must go hand in hand with cultivation, if best returns are to be expected. This annual falling of the leaves and the plowing down of clover crops, where such are used, cannot be depended upon to recoup the soil for what is taken in producing a crop of fruit and in adding to the size of the trees.

The value of wood ashes in an orchard is overlooked on many farms. Potash is required in liberal supply, and this is a cheap way of supplying the necessary. It is not sufficient, however, to dump the ashes in heaps near the trunks of the trees. Like all fertilizers, best results can be obtained only by an even application all over the ground, followed by thorough incorporation with the soil. The ashes will not take the place of manure, nor should manure be applied as a substitute for ashes. Both should be employed. On light lands, especially, potash in some form should be applied in addition to what is contained in the manure. If ashes are not available, the commercial potash salts, such as sulphate and muriate, may be substituted. In the Annapolis Valley of Nova Scotia, famous for its apple production, liberal supplies of potash are purchased and used.

FARM NOTES.

Manure left in piles about the fields loses nearly half its value before it is spread. It is far better to spread manure as fast as drawn into the field.

To those who are thinking of leaving their farms for the city, we say, keep your home in the country. Don't sell it, for if you do you may regret it. If you must go to the city, go there and try it, but keep the deed of the old farm so that you can hurry back there when dissatisfied with city life.

It takes many tillers of the soil a lifetime to learn that it is of eminent importance to adapt the crops to the soil. On heavy land we can raise red clover as large as we care to have it grow. On much of the light land we may pile on lime, gypsum, wood ashes, or marl, or muck, in generous abundance, without producing half a crop. Do not try to raise red clover on light land. Maize plowed under will furnish an immense amount of nitrogenous material.

When the temperature is stationary, cream rises very slowly. The wider the range of temperature through which the milk falls, the more complete will be the separating, provided it is not so long going down that the milk sours before the lowest point is reached. The more rapid the fall of temperature, the more rapid the separation of the cream from the milk. On a rising temperature, there is little if any separation of the cream from the milk. These points have been definitely settled by long and varied experience. All the cream,

by rapid cooling, may be obtained in four to six hours. By slow cooling, 48 hours may fail to get all the cream to the top of the milk.

A DESPERATE STRUGGLE.

Experience of a Crew Wrecked in the Polar Regions.

The story of the crew of a whaling-vessel wrecked off Cape Parry in a drifting fog is given in Mr. A. H. Harrison's book, "In Search of a Polar Continent." The Alexander at the time was steaming at full speed, and when first it struck, the crew, not seeing anything in front of them, thought they had collided with a piece of drifting ice; but on striking again, the vessel immediately filled with water, so they hardly had time to rush to the boats, which they had great difficulty in lowering.

It was then that Captain Tilton nearly lost his life. He was the last man to leave the ship, and just as the boats were being pushed off, he jumped from the vessel, but missed the stern of the boat, and fell into the sea. Luckily, however, he managed to catch a rope that was thrown to him, but it was not without difficulty that he was pulled into the boat when he had been dragged alongside.

The mist was so dense that they had no idea of their locality, but on reaching shore they saw the rocky headland of Cape Parry looming over them, and then they knew that they had at least four hundred miles to travel before regaining Herschel Island, this, too, along a barren and deserted coastline in open boats, and probably in a raging sea.

This wreck occurred on August 16th; yet on August 26th they arrived at Herschel Island, every one of them strong and well, and no whit the worse for his adventure.

They made the whole journey through rough seas and through gales of wind. Every stitch on their backs was constantly drenched.

Of supplies they carried only that scanty portion which a whale-boat always has on hand for an emergency; nor are the emergencies contemplated of such duration.

Every now and then they had to put ashore to find fresh water and to snatch a few winks of sleep, and I can answer for it that putting ashore here is no easy matter, for there are many miles of coast-line along which it is almost impossible to find a place for landing in a strong wind.

These men doggedly held on their course, crossing two large bays, Franklin Bay and Liverpool Bay, until at last they reached the Mackenzie Delta, and keeping well to seaward of this, they arrived in a storm which prevented ships from putting to sea.

They had made a fine, heroic effort. It had been a case of do or die with every one of them, and they had carried on a desperate and unceasing struggle, and had accomplished an average daily journey of forty miles in an open boat.

MACGREGOR PROPERTIES.

The announcement of the MacGregor Mines Syndicate is attracting much attention from investors who have been waiting for an opportunity to get in on the ground floor in the wonderful Gowganda Silver field. It is not often that the investor of small means has the opportunity to get in on the actual purchase of properties as splendidly located as are the properties of the MacGregor Mines Syndicate, as well as an opportunity of receiving the profits that usually go to promoters. Altogether it would seem to be a proposition that should commend itself to thinking men.

PAQUET

Guaranteed CLOTHES

THE MOST PERFECT METHOD OF CLOTHES MAKING YET DEVISED

CLOTHES, to fit perfectly, MUST be made to measure. The Old fashioned Ready Made Clothes are all made to fit AVERAGE types, not REAL men. That's why they don't fit YOU. PAQUET Guaranteed CLOTHES are not Ready Made. They are cut to your exact measurement BEFORE they are made up at all. Our new method makes this possible. It is the most perfect method of Clothes Making yet devised.

PAQUET Guaranteed CLOTHES give you all the advantages of Custom Tailoring at Half the expense. The Materials used are absolutely PURE WOOL of the highest grade procurable. They are sold direct to YOU at Wholesale Prices, and are Guaranteed to be the best value in Canada to-day at from \$10.00 to \$15.75—worth \$15.75 to \$18.00.

The most highly trained experts only are engaged in the production of PAQUET Guaranteed CLOTHES.

Our handsome Style Book tells all about our exclusive method of Clothes Making. Write for it to-day. Don't put it off until another time—a postcard will do—you'll get the Style Book by return mail. It'll surprise you.

PAQUET COMPANY

QUEBEC, CANADA

THURSDAY, APRIL 23, 1909.

The White Plague

Among the bills assented to in the Legislature was one that recognized tuberculosis as a disease calling for special treatment. This legislation doubled the previous grant to the poor in class of patients in sanatoria, and in future it will be \$3.00 a week for each, as compared with the ordinary hospital allowance of \$1.40. The bill also authorized municipalities to increase their weekly grant from \$1.50 to \$3.50 for patients in outside institutions. During the last four years the Government has expended over \$80,000 in combatting the ravages of tuberculosis, which, if a campaign is called for, is five times as much as was spent in the preceding four years.

The Government has not been inactive in other directions. During the past year, under the direction of the Provincial Board of Health, an exhibit was prepared to demonstrate modern methods of open air treatment of the disease. This, shown in many centres in the Province, and explained by a competent official, has proved a valuable educative agency.

License for Temperance Hotels

The new Provincial license for temperance hotels, provided for under the legislation of the recent session, will be known as the "inspected hotel permit." The form of the permit has been drafted and will probably be approved under order in Council this week. Unlike liquor licenses, these hotel permits can be secured at any time during the year on application to the commissioners, approval of the hotel and payment of the \$3 license fee.

The standard of equipment and sanitation required for the temperance hotels will be the equal to that called for on licensed premises. The applying hotel will be inspected and required to come up to the standard. This being done it will be entitled to be advertised as a Provincial inspected hotel. A list will be made public of these places in order that the travelling public may be assured as to comfort, cleanliness and equipment.

The temperance hotel license is experimental, but the indications are that a number of places throughout the Province will seek its prestige and guarantee. Two hotels in Owen Sound, one in Fleisherton, and several others scattered throughout the rural districts have been making enquiries from the department concerning the new permits. The first of these will be ready for issue at the beginning of next month.

Military Training in Schools

Two questions are involved in the debate on the question of military drill in the schools which was held in the Schools' Trustees' section of the Ontario Educational Association. One is as to the advantages of military training; the other is whether it shall be voluntary or compulsory. Our military system in Canada is upon a voluntary basis. If this is right for men it is right for school boys. The division of opinion which was shown in the discussions of the school trustees is an indication of a division of opinion throughout the country. The schools are supported by the taxes of the people, and it is for the people to say whether their children shall receive this kind of training.

Unquestionably, there should be no compulsion by the Province, and even a board of school trustees should be careful not to run counter to the convictions of the parents whose taxes support the schools. The parents who object to this kind of training may be wrong, but they have as much right to object to compulsory military training for their children as to object to compulsion for themselves.

Military enthusiasts are in danger of going to extremes in this matter, and producing a strong reaction. If they think that the people are apathetic upon the question of defence, it is their duty to educate the people, not to take advantage of the Ontario school system to bring about military training by force. —Toronto Star.

Independence of the Press

From the Woodstock Sentinel-Review

The spirit in favor of press independence is growing, and with it will grow a like spirit in public life. Higher ideals mean a nearer approach to them, and every step gained secures the next advance by an easier effort. When all the "small" newspapers do their own thinking, party will not be abolished, but the politicians will find it necessary to exercise greater care in their work, and will not be encouraged to persist in a mistake by the feeling that the party, and the party press, will support them right or wrong. We can all sympathize with the man who supports his country even when he thinks those responsible have made a mistake, but we are getting beyond the stage when "my party right or wrong" should prove an effective slogan with intelligent men. Canadian public life will take an upward lift when it is recognized that the Canadian press judge public questions, not exclusively from a party standpoint, but in every instance look to the country's interests, and give credit where they believe credit is due.

Read the pain formula on the box of Pink Pain Tablets. Then ask your doctor if there is a better one. Pain means congestion, blood pressure somewhere. Dr. Shoop's Pink Pain Tablets check head pains, womanly pains, pain anywhere. Try one, and see! 20 for 25c. Sold by all dealers.

Many Ways of Stealing

In a strong sermon delivered by the Rev. Father McColl, rector of St. Peter's church, Peterboro, he characterized the person who buys goods on credit with out any intention of paying for them, as worse than a thief who enters a store by stealth and steals.

PRETENSES FRIENDSHIP

There were various forms of stealing, he said. The robber enters with a pistol and takes by force, the burglar enters by stealth, but there was a manner way than either of these. There was a certain amount of honor in the man with the pistol, but meaner is he who takes your money and pretends to be your friend, tells falsehoods about repaying it and does not intend to pay it. Persons of this kind were just as bad if not worse than those who steal openly with a revolver.

People, he maintained, should live according to Christian principles. If we are not well provided with money or if we are in poverty we can at least be honest, upright and respectable. He gave, as an illustration, the lives of Christ, His mother, and St. Joseph. There was a great deal of competition in these times, and if the world were less strenuous the people might lead more healthy lives. The strenuousness of today is because of the striving among to-day to have more money than their neighbors, to have more power in a business and worldly sense to be as counted greater and more influential than those who are vying with them.

BEATING THEIR WAY

Unjust ways of doing business was another form of theft, Father McColl stated. The poorer people, moreover, emulate the rich. They, too, contract debts which they know they are unable to make return for, and even obtain things which they do not intend to pay for. In every walk of life people of this kind were beating their way. To use a common expression, they were "beating their way" everywhere. The storekeepers met them, the business men knew them, and they were even met with in church circles. Father McColl's sermon was an appeal for honest living. In conclusion, he stated: Let your lives be worthy of Christians such that you will never be ashamed of them.

Moral Courage

People who would do away with the churches are away wrong. And so are the advanced anarchists who would do away with the laws. Folks haven't too much moral courage, and they need the churches and the laws to protect them from themselves. Very few people have the nerve to say "No." How easy it is to get up a petition of any kind—for any object! A man hates to refuse to sign his name, and down it goes. The petition, as we have come to know it, is a good deal of a fraud. But it is the one good bet for the professional humbugger.

The art of conversation is a dead one. What fun is there in talking to a man who keeps saying "Yes—yes, that's so; yes, that's so—you're right there—you're right there—yes, yes, that's so!"

Confound the fellow! Why doesn't he cut across the trail and contradict you? It seems to me we are getting too blame polite for anything. Of course, I don't mean that you are to call a man a liar or anything like that. But why don't you up and tell him he's wrong? It isn't necessary to insinuate that he is a humbugger, but there is nothing improper that I can see in telling him that he doesn't know what he is talking about; and that would make things so interesting.

The women folks have more moral courage than us fellows. A young lady scarce out of short dresses will say "No" and never bat an eye. If you draw a phial of carbolic acid on her and threaten to drink it on her doorstep, she will produce a stomach pump and tell you to play ball.

Yes, I am convinced that women have more moral courage than we have—perhaps because they have got more morals. If a boy gets his "Oh, yes" from his father, he gets his "Oh, yes" from his mother. Indeed, the ladies appear to think the word "No" their own particular property, for when they want anything they won't take "No" for an answer—a mere man has no right to that little word of two letters.—The Khan in Toronto Star.

The 'Scientific American' applauds the British railways as once more, after an interval of six years, having achieved the remarkable record of carrying on their operations for a whole twelve-month without the loss of a single life. The last period in which this was achieved was the year 1901. In 1902 six lives were lost; in 1903, 25; in 1904, six; in 1905, 59; in 1906, 58; and in 1907, 13. As a matter of fact there has been no loss of life for fifteen months past. The relatively large number of fatalities in 1906 was mainly the result of three disasters, which were found, upon investigation, to be due entirely to the failure of the human element, all the mechanical arrangements on train and track being found perfect. What a contrast this is to the United States, and even the Canadian record, where life is held so cheap that railways are allowed to slaughter us off by the hundreds yearly. It has come to be that when we hear of a fatal railway accident in Great Britain we are surprised and talk of it as a great event. When we hear of one here we pass it over as a commonplace and forget it.

A by-law to raise \$10,000 to build sidewalks and streets in the village of Bloomfield, Prince Edward county, was voted upon Monday and carried by 84 majority.

The old-fashioned way of dosing a weak stomach, or stimulating the heart or kidneys is all wrong. Dr. Shoop first pointed out this error. This is why his prescription—Dr. Shoop's Restorative—is directed entirely to the cause of these ailments—the weak inside or controlling nerves. It isn't so difficult, says Dr. Shoop, to strengthen a weak stomach, heart or kidneys, if one goes at it correctly. Each inside organ has its controlling or inside nerve. When these nerves fail, the organs must surely falter. These vital truths are leading druggists everywhere to dispense and recommend Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Test it a few days, and see! Improvement will promptly and surely follow. Sold by all dealers.

Notice!

All accounts due the estate of the late John McGee must be settled on or before the 1st day of May next, or they will be placed in Court for collection. For sale, a one-horse surrey. KIMMA SARLES, Executor.

304



Floorglaze

THIS is the floor-finish that makes house-work so much easier because it doesn't gather dust—because it can be washed with soap and water like a window-pane—because it is so easy to keep clean and fresh. Floorglaze finishes a floor with a lustrous coating of most durable enamel that will stand the hardest wear and not show scratches. Comes in ten charming shades. Send for color-card and free booklet.

Easy to apply;—dries hard in a few hours; a gallon covers 500 square feet. Perfect for outdoor service, too,—porches, steps, etc. From all first-rate dealers in tins; sizes from a pint to a gallon. See that the label says: Imperial Varnish & Color Co., Limited, Toronto. 104

RECOMMENDED AND FOR SALE BY

J. S. MORTON, Stirling

Notice to Creditors

In the Matter of the Estate of Anna Elizabeth Caverley, late of the Village of Stirling, in the county of Hastings, Widow, deceased.

Notice is hereby given in pursuance of the Revised Statutes of Ontario that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the late Anna Elizabeth Caverley, who died on or about the 4th day of April, A.D. 1909, are required on or before the 20th day of May, A.D. 1909, to send by post, prepaid, to deliver to E. T. Caverley, the Executor of the last will and testament of Anna Elizabeth Caverley, at the village of Stirling, in the county of Hastings, Stirling post office, or his Solicitor hereunder, at Stirling post office, their descriptions and full particulars of their claims, statement of their accounts and the nature of their securities, if any, by them verified by affidavit.

And further notice is given that after such last mentioned date the Executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only for the claims of which he shall have notice, and that the Executor will not be liable for such assets, or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claim notice shall not have been received.

And notice is further given that all persons indebted to the said deceased must pay the amount of their indebtedness to the said Executor or his Solicitor hereunder, forthwith; and also that the real estate of the said deceased will be sold by public auction, of which notice will be given and the terms specified.

Dated at Stirling this 15th day of April, A.D. 1909.

G. G. TH. ASHER, Solicitor for Executor.



A Live Daily Paper Will Put Money in Your Pocket.

With The Toronto Daily Star's accurate daily market reports you could sell your grain and live stock at top-notch prices. Half a cent extra on just 300 bushels of wheat or oats would pay a year's subscription. 25c. a hundred weight on a dozen hogs would cover three years' subscriptions.

Toronto Daily Star

Publishes Market Reports 12 to 18 Hours Earlier Than the Morning Papers

Every afternoon's issue of The Star contains that very day's quotations on the grain and live stock markets of Toronto, Montreal, Buffalo, Chicago, and other important cities. These are the same quotations that the next morning's dailies publish—12 to 18 hours later.

\$1.50 A YEAR

CLUBBING OFFER

This Paper and The Toronto Daily Star together for One Year, \$2.20. Guaranteed Fountain Pen given for 50c. added to above subscription prices.

HOUSEKEEPERS!!

At this season there are many things needed for House-cleaning, and we can supply you with the following:

ENGLISH LIQUID PAINT

ENGLISH FLOOR PAINT

FLOORGLAZE ENAMEL

ELASTITITE VARNISH

VARNISH STAINS

ENAMELS

MARBLEINE WALL FINISH

PAINT BRUSHES

KALSONINE BRUSHES

WHITING, ETC.

WALL PAPER

J. S. MORTON

Dealer in Drugs, Paints, Wall Paper, Seeds, Etc.

BUCHANAN'S FOR LACE CURTAINS

HOUSECLEANING is the order of the day now. Do you think those Curtains will stand another washing? If they will not, and you want some to replace them, be sure and see the great values we are giving:

Special values.....at \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50
Lace Curtain Net.....at 10c, 12½c. yd.
White Curtain Scrim, 37 in. wide.....at 10c. yd.
Art Muslins in the new shades...at 12½, 15, 20 cts.
Lace Panels for doors.....at 50c, 75c, \$1.00 each
And at.....40c. a yard

NEW BLOUSES

We have received some new Blouses in the very latest styles. Prices range from \$1.00 up to \$4.00.

We have an extra good line at the popular price of \$1.00

The new Blouses are made with the long sleeves. We will be pleased to show them to you.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS

New Negligee Shirts in plain white or figured. These Shirts are new in pattern and colors, and are good value.....\$1.00 and \$1.25

UMBRELLAS

Men's self-opening Umbrellas...at 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25
Special Umbrella, steel rod, good top....at 50 cts.

CAPS CAPS

New Caps for Men and Boys. Style, price and quality are right.

GROCERY DEPT

Crothers' 3 lb. Soda Biscuits.....20 cts. box
Dutch Set Onions in stock.

Just a few more cakes of that Oatmeal Toilet Soap.....at 3 for 10 cts.

Diamond Dyes in stock.

Did you get a Diamond Dye Cook Book?
18c. Trade for Eggs. 25c. Trade for Butter.

J. BUCHANAN

Phone 39. DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES

The Mutual Life Assurance Co.

of Canada

BELLEVILLE, April 3rd, 1909

S. BURROWS, ESQ., General Agent, The Mutual Life Co., Belleville, Ont.

Dear Sir,—

Thanks very much for your Company's cheque for \$1,000 for my matured Endowment Policy, taken with you 20 years ago.

I hope you will induce hundreds of others to do likewise, for I look upon this thousand dollars as so much saved money which I might not have had any other way.

Yours respectfully,
J. H. GILBERT.

First-Class Printing

OF ALL KINDS

At The News-Argus Office

A LESSON TO THE WORLD

The True Meaning of New Zealand's Aid to Britain.

A despatch from Wellington, New Zealand, says: A conference of the New Zealand Chambers of Commerce on Tuesday unanimously carried a resolution approving of the Government's offer to share in the defence of the Empire by presenting a Dreadnought to the Imperial Government. The resolution stated that they acknowledged and placed on record their opinion that the prosperity and integrity of the Empire could only be upheld by the provision of an united defence by each and every portion of his Majesty's dominions. Now and in the future they were prepared to assist in establishing such a position.

At a dinner held in the evening the Prime Minister proposed the toast to "Commerce." Referring to the offer of a Dreadnought, he

congratulated the delegates on unanimously supporting the Government's action. The delegates recognized that that course was adopted and was in the general interest of the Empire. It was not, nor indeed twelve, Dreadnoughts that counted, but the value of the moral to be drawn from the offer. New Zealand was not stupid enough to believe that Great Britain was unable to maintain a strong navy, or to offer a Dreadnought on the mere score of the thought in the belief that England required her assistance, but she required that it was a proper thing to do to show foreign nations that the outlying portions of the Empire were willing to help. Moreover, the offer proved that they really formed a part of the Empire, to which they were proud to belong.

THREE PEOPLE DROWNED.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Robbins and Mr. J. M. Taylor, of Gananogue.

A despatch from Gananogue says: Another river tragedy occurred near here on Saturday afternoon by which mourning is brought to three homes. Early in the afternoon Mr. S. Robbins and wife and Mr. John M. Taylor left here in a light skiff for Clayton, N. Y. That was the last seen of them alive. Mrs. Robbins had an aunt ill in Clayton, whom she intended to visit, and the young men, after leaving her at her aunt's house, intended returning to Gananogue at once. But instead, about the time they should have returned, a telephone message was received from the chief of police at Clayton that a skiff, supposed to be from Gananogue, had been upset about two miles out, near the head of Grindstone Island, and the occupants drowned. A description of the boat, on the oars of which were the initials G. L., at once indicated that it belonged to the party above mentioned. If there had been any doubt it was removed on Sunday morning, when several parties were organized to visit the point where the accident occurred and grapple for the bodies. About 6.30 a.m. the body of Mrs. Robbins was recovered, and a few minutes later that of Mr. Taylor. The body of Mr. Robbins could not be located. The boat was a small one, being only fifteen feet long and of narrow beam, and it is supposed that when the occupants attempted to change seats she capsized. Both Taylor and Robbins were young men of good habits and well thought of here. The latter was 23 years of age and Taylor 19. Robbins' wife, to whom he was married last November, was formerly a Miss Newbury and was only seventeen years old.

FARMERS IN GOOD SHAPE.

Canadian Northern Crop Report is Very Encouraging.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: The Canadian Northern issued a crop report on Monday, which is good reading for the business world. It shows that all along that system, while the cold weather has delayed operations, the farmers are in splendid shape to proceed with the work, and that seeding will be general by the end of the current week. At Disley, Sask., about five per cent. of the grain is sown, and around Osler, Eladworth, Underhill, Beaver, Plumus, Carman, Rosebank and several other places some seeding has been done. The acreage in many of the Saskatchewan districts shows a large increase.

MURDERED BY A CONVICT

Deputy Warden Stedman Killed at Edmonton, Alberta, Penitentiary.

A despatch from Edmonton, Alberta, says: The deputy warden of the Alberta Penitentiary was murdered on Thursday morning by a convict, who struck him at the base of the skull with an axe. The deputy warden with six convicts were in the carpenter shop at the time. The reason for the assault is unknown. Richard Stedman, the dead man, came from Penetanguishene in 1906, where he was warden in the reformatory for 25 years. He leaves a widow and two sons. The murderer is Gary R. Barrett, sentenced a year ago for life for killing his stepson at North Battleford.

After the blow the murderer quietly surrendered and was locked up in his cell. The deputy warden had left the office of Warden McCauley about 25 minutes after 10 o'clock for a tour of the building.

FOUR CATTLEMEN LYNCHED.

Taken Forcefully From the Jail at Ada, Oklahoma.

A despatch from Ada, Okla., says: Two hundred citizens of Ada, nearly all of them of the better class, thoroughly disgusted with the justice meted out to criminals in the smaller towns of Oklahoma, early on Monday took from jail and hanged four wealthy landowners and cattlemen for the murder of Deputy United States Marshal A. L. Bobbitt. The lynched men were: B. Miller, Fort Worth, Texas; B. B. Burrell, Duncan, Okla.; Jesse West and Joseph Allen of Canadian, Texas.

CROP PROSPECTS IN EUROPE.

Mark Lane Express Has Received Good Reports Generally.

A despatch from London says: The Mark Lane Express, in Monday's weekly review of the grain trade, says it has received generally good crop reports from Great Britain, France, Italy, Spain and the countries of central Europe. Russia reports a good promise of winter wheat from 42 out of her 52 vast provinces. Ten provinces promise to be below the average. Spring sowings are backward, having been hindered by the rain. The paper estimates the present reserves of British wheat at only 767,000 quarters, as against 2,431,000 at this time in 1908.

NO GENERAL MANAGER.

Appointment of Intercolonial Commission Abolished Office.

A despatch from Ottawa says: In connection with the announcement made at Montreal on Saturday night by Hon. Geo. P. Graham, that Messrs. Butler, Pottinger, Tiffin and Brady would constitute the Commission of Management for the Intercolonial Railway, it may be added that the position of General Manager, held since 1899 by Mr. Pottinger, is now abolished and the duties of the office will be embraced in those of the new board.

ORILLIA AMONG FAVORED.

Will Get \$12,500 From Carnegie to Build Free Library.

A despatch from Orillia says: Mayor Goffatt has received from Mr. A. Carnegie an offer of \$12,500 to build a free public library in the Town of Orillia. The Council has decided to accept the amount and will proceed with the building as quickly as the plans are provided.

LEADING MARKETS

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, April 20.—Flour—Ontario wheat 90 per cent. patents, \$4.55 to \$4.65 in buyers' sacks outside for export. Manitoba flour, first patents, \$6.10 to \$6.40 on track, Toronto; second patents, \$5.50 to \$5.90; and strong bakers', \$5.40 to \$5.50 on track, Toronto.

Wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.31 and No. 2 Northern at \$1.28, Georgian Bay ports.

Ontario wheat—No. 2 wheat \$1.15 to \$1.17 outside, according to freights.

Oats—Ontario No. 2 white 47½ to 48c on track, Toronto, and 45 to 46½ outside. No. 2 Western Canada oats, 47½c, Collingwood, and No. 3, 46½c Bay ports; No. 2 Western Canada, all rail, 61½c.

Peas—No. 2, 9c American yellow, 74 to 74½c on track, Toronto, and No. 2 at 73 to 73½c on track, Toronto.

Barley—Ontario corn, 71½ to 72c on track, Toronto.

Barley—Cans, \$23.50 in bulk outside. Shorts, \$23.50 to \$24 in bulk outside.

Apples—\$4.50 to \$5.50 for choice qualities, and \$3.50 to \$4 for seconds.

Beans—Prime, \$1.90 to \$2, and hand-picked, \$2.10 to \$2.15 per bushel.

Honey—Combs, \$2 to \$2.75 per dozen, and strained, 10 to 11c per pound.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, \$10.50 to \$10.75 per ton on track here, and lower grades \$8 to \$9 a ton.

Straw—\$6.50 to \$7.50 on track.

Potatoes—Car lots, 85 to 90c per bag on track.

Poultry—Chickens, dressed, 15 to 16c per pound; fowl, 11 to 12c; turkeys, 20 to 22c per pound.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Butter—Pound prints, 21 to 23c; tubs and large rolls, 17 to 18c; inferior, 14 to 15c; creamery rolls, 25 to 26c, and solids, 20 to 21c.

Eggs—18 to 19c per dozen in case lots.

Cheese—Large cheese, old, 14 to 14½c per pound, and twins, 14½ to 14¾c; new cheese, 13½c.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Bacon—Pound prints, 21 to 23c; tubs and large rolls, 17 to 18c; inferior, 14 to 15c; creamery rolls, 25 to 26c, and solids, 20 to 21c.

Eggs—18 to 19c per dozen in case lots.

Cheese—Large cheese, old, 14 to 14½c per pound, and twins, 14½ to 14¾c; new cheese, 13½c.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Bacon—Pound prints, 21 to 23c; tubs and large rolls, 17 to 18c; inferior, 14 to 15c; creamery rolls, 25 to 26c, and solids, 20 to 21c.

Eggs—18 to 19c per dozen in case lots.

Cheese—Large cheese, old, 14 to 14½c per pound, and twins, 14½ to 14¾c; new cheese, 13½c.

BUSINESS IN MONTREAL.

Montreal, April 20.—Peas—No. 2, \$1.03 to \$1.04. Oats—Canadian Western No. 2, 51 to 51½c; extra, No. 1 feed, 50½ to 51c; No. 1 feed, 50 to 50½c; Ontario No. 2, 50 to 50½c; Ontario No. 3, 49 to 49½c; Ontario No. 4, 48 to 48½c. Barley—No. 2, 66 to 67c; feed, 69½ to 70c. Buckwheat—69½ to 70c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$6.10 to \$6.50; Manitoba Spring wheat patents, seconds, \$5.60 to \$6; Manitoba strong bakers', \$5.40 to \$5.80; Winter wheat patents, \$5.60 to \$5.75; straight rollers, \$5.40 to \$5.50; straight rollers in bags, \$2.60 to \$2.70; extra, in bags, \$2.15 to \$2.25. Feed—Manitoba bran, \$22 to \$23; Manitoba shorts, \$24 to \$25; Ontario shorts, \$23 to \$24; Ontario middlings, \$24.50 to \$25; pure grain mouille, \$25 to \$25.50; pure grain mouille, \$23 to \$25; mixed mouille, \$25 to \$30. Cheese—12½ to 13c. Butter—Fall creamery, 21 to 22c and first receipts at 19 to 19½c. Eggs—18 to 19½c per dozen.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Montreal, April 20.—A few of the best cattle sold at about 5½c per pound, but they were not extra; two loads of cattle from the Northwest ranches, which had been out feeding on the prairie all winter, were sold at from 4½ to 5c per pound; common stock, including some milkmen's strippers, sold at 3 to 4½c per pound; milk cows sold at from \$25 to \$55 each. Calves sold at from \$3 to \$6 each and 5½c per pound; Spring lambs at \$3.50 to \$6 each. Good lots of fat hogs sold at 7½ to 8½c per pound.

Toronto, April 20.—In spite of the fact that there was an unusual large influx of hogs, the market remained quite firm, and everything was disposed of without difficulty at \$7.15 f.o.b. outside, and \$7.40 fed and watered Toronto. Sheep sold at from \$4.25 to \$4.75, grain-fed yearling lambs at \$7 to \$7.50, and spring lambs at \$3 to \$6.50 each.

A few loads of Manitoba stockers found ready sale at \$4 to \$4.25. The demand for this class of cattle is increasing as the pasturing season approaches.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Buffalo, April 20.—Spring wheat, No. 1 Northern, carloads store, \$1.31½; Winter nominal. Corn—Higher: No. 3 yellow, 72½c; No. 4 yellow, 71½c; No. 3 corn, 71½ to 72c; No. 4 corn, 71c; No. 3 white, 73½c. Oats—Firm: No. 2 white, 67½ to 68c; No. 3 white, 56½ to 57c; No. 4 white, 55½ to 56½c.

Chicago, April 20.—Cash wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.39 to \$1.40; No. 3 red, \$1.30 to \$1.31; No. 2 hard, \$1.37 to \$1.38; No. 3 hard, \$1.32 to \$1.33; No. 1 Northern, \$1.28 to \$1.29; No. 2 Northern, \$1.26 to \$1.27; No. 3 Spring, \$1.23 to \$1.24. Corn—No. 3, 67½c; No. 3 yellow, 67½ to 67¾c; No. 4, 66 to 66½c. Oats—No. 3 white, 53½ to 54c; No. 4 white, 51½ to 52½c; standard, 4½ to 5½c.

Minneapolis, April 20.—Wheat—May, \$1.26½; July \$1.26½; cash, No. 1 hard, \$1.29½; No. 1 Northern, \$1.28½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.26½; No. 3 Northern, \$1.23½ to \$1.24½. Flour—First patents, \$6 to \$6.20; second patents, \$5.90 to \$6.10; first clears, \$4.95 to \$5.15; second clears, \$3.45 to \$3.65. Bran—In bulk, \$22.50 to \$23.

THOUSAND DEAD AT ADANA.

Terrible Torrent of Blood Is Sweeping Over Southern Asia Minor.

A despatch from Beirut, Syria, says: A terrible uprising has occurred in Adana. Street fighting has been going on for three days, and at least 1,000 persons have been killed. The city has been practically destroyed by fire. American missionaries named Rogers and Maurer, the latter from Hadjin, are dead. All the other Americans are safe. The British Vice-Consul, Major Daugherty-Wylie, is among the wounded. He was shot through the arm. At Tarsus there was less loss of life. The Armenian quarter was destroyed. Four thousand refugees are housed in the American mission. The need of relief is great, for shortly the fugitives will be on the verge of starvation. Conditions in the vilayet of Alexandretta are most serious. Reports have also come in of an outbreak at Erzerum, on the Euphrates, in the northeast.

CANNED MEAT SEIZED.

Over 25,000 Tins Were Destroyed at Montreal.

A despatch from Montreal says: Over 25,000 tins of meat were seized and destroyed here by Dr. Lesperance, food inspector, on Saturday. This consignment of canned meat originated in Chicago, and was sent to Toronto, and from there shipped to Halifax. In Halifax the contents were opened and the buyer refused to accept the goods. They were then shipped to this city. In Montreal they were sold at a big reduction—in fact, less than half of the original wholesale figure. Happily the inspector got on the track of the goods so quickly that only three cases had been sold to retailers, and these three cases were traced and seized before any sales had been made. In all 197 cases were seized, containing 2,105 dozen tins. The names of the dealers are kept secret for the present.

MANY PERISH IN HOTEL FIRE.

Panic in Lodging-house for Laborers in San Francisco.

A despatch from San Francisco says: Six bodies recovered, and probably eight or ten others buried in the ruins, six injured, one fatally, property loss \$125,000—these are results of a fire on Friday that destroyed the St. George Hotel, a lodging-house for laborers, at Howard and Eight Streets. Eight other small buildings were burned. The bodies taken to the morgue were so charred that identification was impossible. The hotel was a three-story frame building. It burned so rapidly that none of the 200 guests had time to dress. Many escaped by jumping to the roof of an adjoining workshop. Scores clambered down the firemen's ladders, and the fire escapes on the building. Four jumped to safety in a net held by the fire fighters.

STIMULUS TO PRODUCTION.

Farmers Will Increase Their Wheat Acreage.

A despatch from Regina, Sask., says: Cool weather during the past few days has interfered with the seeding operations through the west, but the delay is not serious and there is no concern about the outlook for the season. High prices for wheat in the markets of the world will undoubtedly lead to larger increase than usual in the acreage to be seeded in that grain. Farmers do not usually pay much attention to sky-rocketing tactics on the part of wheat manipulators, but conditions at the present time are recognized as extraordinary.

IMMIGRANTS AT MONTREAL.

Over Sixteen Thousand Have Arrived at Windsor Station.

A despatch from Montreal says: From March 15 to April 15, 16,500 immigrants, exclusive of children under age, have passed through the Canadian Pacific Windsor Station. Of the number 13,045 or 73 per cent., went direct to Winnipeg, and from there scattered themselves over the far west; 2,955 used Toronto as their distributing centre, most of these going to various parts of New Ontario, and 1,500 scattered themselves along the line from Montreal to Sault Ste. Marie.

SENTENCED TO GALLOWS.

Battleford Man Must Die for Murder of Comrade.

A despatch from Battleford, Sask., says: Amidee Titrault was on Friday found guilty and sentenced to be hanged on June 27 for the murder of Frank Nadon at Paynton, Sask., in November last. The murder was the result of a drinking bout at Nadon's home. A quarrel ensued and Titrault stabbed Nadon to his death with a butcher knife. Titrault and Nadon formerly belonged to the Three Rivers district in Quebec and bore good characters.

THE INDIANS ARE STARVING

Failure of the Fur Industry Means Terrible Hardship.

A despatch from Edmonton, Alberta, says: Reports received here from Fort Chippewyan state that the past winter has been the most severe experienced in the far north for many years, and in some sections of the country starvation was only averted by the fact that the deer were unusually numerous. Fish, on which the inhabitants depend largely for subsistence, have been very scarce. The fur crop failed almost entirely, and the Indians have been in dire straits. Reports say that the traders have shut down on giving them credit, and as they cannot get fur they have no ammunition to hunt with, and are slowly starving to death. Their condition is described as being truly pitiable. Many are mere skeletons and too weak even to get wood, and are lying huddled together in their tepees.

At Chippewyan and the vicinity even, where food has been obtainable, the mortality among the Indians has been very high, sixty having died within twelve months. Further north the death rate is still higher. The principal cause is their filthy mode of living.

THOUSAND DEAD AT ADANA.

Terrible Torrent of Blood Is Sweeping Over Southern Asia Minor.

A despatch from Beirut, Syria, says: A terrible uprising has occurred in Adana. Street fighting has been going on for three days, and at least 1,000 persons have been killed. The city has been practically destroyed by fire. American missionaries named Rogers and Maurer, the latter from Hadjin, are dead. All the other Americans are safe. The British Vice-Consul, Major Daugherty-Wylie, is among the wounded. He was shot through the arm. At Tarsus there was less loss of life. The Armenian quarter was destroyed. Four thousand refugees are housed in the American mission. The need of relief is great, for shortly the fugitives will be on the verge of starvation. Conditions in the vilayet of Alexandretta are most serious. Reports have also come in of an outbreak at Erzerum, on the Euphrates, in the northeast.

HANDS AND FEET FROZEN.

A Young Scotchman Lost for Three Days.

A despatch from Port Arthur says: Basil Day, a young Scotchman, who was going back to Scotland with a shipment of cattle, quarrelled with the man in charge at White River and left the train there. He attempted to walk back here and lost his way in the bush. He had been out three days when he was found with his hands and feet badly frozen. He was brought in here on Friday, and parts of his feet and hands will probably have to be amputated.

THE KINRADE CASE.

Suits Will Be Brought Against Newspapers for Scandal.

A despatch from Hamilton says: Mr. and Mrs. Kinrade came up from Toronto on Wednesday to consult their lawyer, George Lynch-Staunton. What the nature of the business was could not be learned. In an interview Ernest Kinrade said that he was going to persuade his father and his sister, Florence, to bring suits against a number of newspapers for what they had printed about the case, and against certain persons who had circulated scandalous stories. He said that this was all the result of the theory of one man. He also expressed the opinion that some of the officials had been bribed, and that they were trying to shield someone else. At the last session of the inquest there was considerable confusion over the distribution of tickets, this being done by both the Coroner and Chief Smith. The Coroner will have the handling of the tickets for the adjourned inquest.

COW RUNS INTO SCAFFOLD.

Johnson Pattison, of St. Catharines, Seriously Injured.

A despatch from St. Catharines says: Johnson Pattison was holding a "building bee" and a number of neighbors were assisting him in rebuilding a barn on Wednesday. He was standing on a scaffolding when a cow happened to run against it, with the result that the framework collapsed and Mr. Pattison fell, striking his head against the scaffolding and sustaining a rupture between the brain and the skull. Medical assistance was summoned. He is in a serious condition, and his ultimate recovery is doubtful.

WHEAT WILL GO HIGHER.

A Question of Supply and Demand, Says Jas. A. Patten.

A despatch from Chicago says: James A. Patten, the "Wheat King of the World," on Thursday announced his intention of getting out of the wheat market, and coupled the announcement with the

A despatch from Constantinople says: Three French warships are hurrying to Mersina, where the situation is desperate. Foreigners and many Christians have taken refuge in the Consulates. The local troops and the Governor are doing their best to protect the town, but there is great fear that it cannot hold out much longer against the invasion of the Moslems, who are sweeping down in large numbers. A British warship is proceeding to Alexandretta, which is threatened by the Moslems.

Several Armenian farms in that neighborhood have been destroyed. Alarm is felt at Kharpout because of serious depredations by the Kurds in the surrounding villages, although the town itself has not been the scene of any particular disorders.

DIED FROM LOCKJAW.

Young Windsor Boy Fell From Bicycle and Cut His Wrist.

A despatch from Windsor, Ont., says: Morris Quatman, an eleven-year-old boy living on Mercer street, two weeks ago fell from his wheel and in some manner bruised or cut his wrist, but paid no attention to it until symptoms of lockjaw set in. On Monday he was removed to the Hotel Dieu, where every attention was given, but without avail. The attending physicians say that a bit of mud got into the cut, producing the fatal

NEW ELEVATOR COMPANY.

Planning to Build One Hundred Elevators in the West.

A despatch from Brandon, Manitoba, says: The newly-formed National Elevator Company organized in Buffalo, is expected to commence operations in the Northwest at once. A hundred elevators are to be constructed right away, and the work will be given to local contractors. J. B. Brodie of this city who has been in Buffalo for the purpose of promoting the company, left for Brandon on Wednesday, and will make final arrangements for the buildings immediately on his arrival.

CANADA'S WHEAT

Could Counteract the Manipulations of the American Ring.

A despatch from London says: An experienced member of Mark Lane discusses the wheat shortage in an article in The Morning Post. He says Canada has 4,000,000 quarters of old wheat, which if put into Mark Lane would supply half the deficit here. Canada holds a strong position, and any movement she makes would have an important effect on the operations which the American ring may be contemplating.

PLAGUE IN GERMAN AFRICA.

Sixty Deaths Have Occurred in One District.

A despatch from Berlin, Germany, says: Advice received by the German Foreign Office states that sixty deaths from plague have occurred in the Muanza district, which lies south of the Victoria Nyanza.

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BANISH PIMPLES AND ERUPTIONS

Everyone Needs a Tonic in the Spring to Build Up the Blood.

If you want new health and strength in the spring you must build up your blood with a tonic medicine. After the long indoor winter months are past most people feel depressed and easily tired. This means that the blood is impure and watery. That is what causes pimples and unsightly eruptions. To this same condition is due attacks of rheumatism, the sharp stabbing pains of neuralgia, poor appetite, frequent headaches and a desire to avoid exertion. These troubles can all be banished by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Every dose of this medicine makes new, rich blood which drives out impurities, stimulates every organ, strengthens every nerve and brings a feeling of new health and energy to weak, tired out, ailing men and women. Mrs. Frank Murphy, Clark's Harbor, N. S., says: "A year ago I was completely run down and my work became a burden to me. I felt tired all the time, and could hardly drag myself about. I was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and after taking three or four boxes was again in the best of health. I think Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will prove a friend in need to all who are weak and ailing."

Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

VICTIM OF REVOLUTIONISTS.

Body of Young Man Found in a Trunk at Rome.

The discovery of the body of a young Russian in a trunk left in a garret of the Via Frattina, Rome, has created the deepest excitement. The body lay undiscovered from Feb. 28 until this week.

It is considered certain that it is a case of vengeance by Russian revolutionaries on a traitor or a spy, but the suggestion that the corpse is that of Azeff, the notorious "Revolutionary" agent of the Russian secret police, is discredited, the body that of a young man, while Azeff is middle-aged.

An expert examination has established the fact that the victim was poisoned by prussic acid. The poison hindered the composition of the body, which was found to have no wounds of any kind.

The landlady stated that on Feb. 25 a person of some 45 years of age hired the room. The lodger's name was Romanoff. On Feb. 24 he called at the boarding house in the Via Frattina, which is almost exclusively frequented by Germans. On the morning of Feb. 25 he sent for a trunk. Towards noon on the same day he was visited by two friends. On the evening of the following day he ordered supper, consisting of ham, cheese and wine. At 6 o'clock he returned with a friend. The latter left shortly to fetch another young man.

At 9 o'clock Romanoff went out with another young man, some 30 years of age, dark haired, and with a black moustache. The landlady declares he did not notice that three arrived and only two left. On leaving Romanoff gave up the key of his room, saying that he was going to spend a few days with his friend Fiumicino.

A MOTHER'S CHIEF CARE IS HER BABY'S WELFARE

Every mother is anxious that her little ones shall be healthy, good natured and bright. Every mother can keep her children in this condition if she will give them an occasional dose of Baby's Own Tablets. These Tablets cure all stomach and bowel troubles, destroy worms, and make teething easy. Mrs. T. Covert Massie, Toronto, Ont., says: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for my little boy since he was three months old, and find that they agree with him splendidly." Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

FROM GUNNER TO GENERAL.

Remarkable Rise of a Soldier in the French Army.

Among the promotions in the French Army just announced by the Minister of War is one of peculiar interest, a man who entered the army as a gunner having been raised to the rank of General. His name is Arrounaux, and he enlisted in 1867 at the age of eighteen, in a volunteer regiment of artillery. As a sergeant-major he took part in the early stages of the Franco-German War. He escaped from Sedan, crossed into Belgium, and joined the French Navy at Grenoble. Returning to the front again he distinguished himself on several occasions.

HOW AUTHORS WROTE.

Pope Thought Best When in Bed—Victor Hugo Wrote Slandering.

Alexander Pope, who was the literary pontiff of his time, thought best when in bed. Whenever a thought came to him he would jot it down on a scrap of paper. His servant often found bedclothes and floor covered with white bits containing aphorisms which have now become hackneyed quotations.

Victor Hugo wrote "Les Misérables" standing up, an attitude which Hawthorne also assumed when he wrote many of his romances.

One leg thrown over the arm of a chair or sitting on the arm of his secretary's chair were Napoleon's favorite positions while dictating to Bourrienne, a position which he varied now and then by patting that scribe on the head or pulling his ears.

Sir Walter Scott could while reclining on a lounge dictate to two amanuenses, who frequently had to stop writing, so funny the dictated passages seemed to them.

Balzac, in a monk's robe, frequently wrote from midnight till noon, taking draughts of strong coffee when drowsiness attacked him, and thus shortening his life by many years no doubt.

Wm. Morris made one of his famous translations from the Greek while riding on the steam cars. Walt Whitman and Horace Traubel, original in all things, were most original in the position they took while thinking. They were wont, so Mr. Traubel says, to climb upon a pile of lumber and lie down upon their backs. In that way each found out what the other's best thoughts were.

THEY FIXED UP THE POSTMASTER

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS CURED HIS LUMBAGO AND SCIATICA.

That was Three Years Ago and He is Still Cured—Why You Should Try Dodd's Kidney Pills First.

Elliston, Trinity Bay, Nfld., Apr. 26. (Special).—That Dodd's Kidney Pills not only relieve Sciatica and lumbago, but cure it once and for all, is the experience of Mr. Alfred Cross, postmaster here.

"Yes," the postmaster says in telling his story, "it is three years since I was cured of Lumbago and Sciatica." Dodd's Kidney Pills did it, and I am happy to say the cure was permanent.

"I had Pains in my Back, Cramps in my muscles, Shooting Pains across my loins, and I often found it hard to get any rest at night, and when I did my sleep was unrefreshing. I was medically attended, but without getting any benefit, and at last I was persuaded to try Dodd's Kidney Pills. I used six boxes altogether and they took the pains away and quite cured me."

Nearly every cure by Dodd's Kidney Pills tells of trying something else first. If you use Dodd's Kidney Pills first you will never need to try "something else." They always cure all diseases of the Kidneys, and all diseases that are caused by sick Kidneys.

Truly Literary.

Jinks-Harkins doesn't strike me as literary. Yet he declares that he never feels so comfortable as when he is snugly settled in his library.

Binks—Oh, that's not surprising. His bookcase is a folding-bed. A small boy with his first watch has the time of his life.

Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup needs no recommendation. To all who are familiar with it, it speaks for itself. Years of use in the treatment of colds and coughs and all affections of the throat has unquestionably established its place among the very best medicines for such diseases. If you give it a trial you will not regret it. You will find it 25 cents well invested.

If people could live on food for thought the baker and butcher would have to retire from business.

Repeat it: "Shiloh's Cure will always cure my coughs and colds."

Allen's Lung Balm is especially intended to break up neglected coughs, and many hopeless cases have been saved by its use. Contains no opium in any form.

If a man marries for money he may be able to make his wife believe he didn't—for a week or ten days.

Where can I get some of Holloway's Corn Cure? I was entirely cured of my corns by this remedy and I wish some more of it for my friends. So writes Mr. J. W. Brown, Chicago.

Old Chap—"Yes, sir, I'm ninety-three next birthday, and I don't recollect ever telling a lie." Young Man—"Well, you can't expect your memory to be very reliable at that age."

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It isn't necessary to tell a boozier fighter that he should love his enemy.

Painkiller in winter checks chills, breaks up colds and thus prevents Bronchitis, Laryngitis and Rheumatism. Unequalled as a liniment for frost bites, chilblains, bruises, sprains. Sold by all druggists. Only one Painkiller—Ferry Davis.

The opinions of other people would be more interesting if they did not conflict with our own.

Parents buy Mother Graves' Worm Extirminator because they know it is a safe medicine for their children and an effectual expeller of worms.

WOMEN'S RIGHTS.

"Madame, do you believe in woman's rights?" asked the man standing in the car.

"I do," she replied shortly. "Excuse me," he went on, "I am but an ignorant male seeking light. May I ask if you construe these rights to include the privilege of spreading your readily becoming skirts over three seats?"

Thereupon she condensed herself, he took a seat, and conversation flagged.

Housekeeper—"You're a big, healthy man; why don't you go to work?" Tramp—"Lady, I'll tell you me trouble. I'm an unhappy medium."

"What do you mean by that?" "Well, you see, I'm too heavy for light work, and too light for heavy work."

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Issue No. 17-09.

TROUBLE IN STORE FOR JOHN

Mrs. Freende—"Why, what are you crying about?" Mrs. Newwilde—"Well, you know John is away from home for a week on business."

"Yes." "He writes that he gets out my photo and k-k-kisses it every day."

"Well, that's surely nothing for you to cry about."

"Yes, it was just for a joke. I took my picture out of his bag before he started, and put one of m-m-mother's in its place."

A Woman's Sympathy.

Are you discouraged? Is your doctor's bill a heavy financial load? Is your pain a heavy physical burden? I know that these mean to decide women—I have been discouraged, too; but I learned how to cure myself. I want to relieve your burden. Why not end the pain and stop the doctor's bill? I can do this for you and will write to-day for my free treatment. MRS. F. E. CURRAN, Windsor, Ont.

SOON.

Now is the time to start training for that annual wrestle with the cleaner.

Away with Depression and Melancholy.—These two evils are the accompaniment of a disordered stomach and torpid liver and mean wretchedness to all whom they visit. The surest and speediest way to combat them is with Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, which will restore the healthful action of the stomach and bring relief. They have proved their usefulness in thousands of cases and will continue to give relief to the suffering who are wise enough to use them.

At the present time there are 21,000 laborers at work on the Panama Canal.

Repeat it: "Shiloh's Cure will always cure my coughs and colds."

Did you ever see a man who wasn't willing to make money without earning it?

As Fire Spreads in dry grass, so does an inflammation in the throat grow down into the lungs. Deal promptly with a cold as with a fire, and when you begin to cough use Allen's Lung Balm.

We blame Providence for our poverty, but take the credit ourselves when we get rich.

Repeat it: "Shiloh's Cure will always cure my coughs and colds."

Buggins—"And my wife satisfies herself with picking the gowns of the other women to pieces."

A Simple and Cheap Medicine.—A simple, cheap and effective medicine is something to be desired. There is no medicine so effective a regulator of the digestive system as Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. They are simple, they are cheap, and their beneficial action will prove their recommendation. They are the medicine of the poor man and those who wish to escape doctors' bills will do well in giving them a trial.

Lightning never strikes twice in the same place, which is just as well, considering how frequently it strikes in the wrong place.

What is the Best Thing to strengthen weak back? The D & L Menthol Plaster. It will cure lumbago and rheumatism. \$1 rolls make seven 25c plasters. Davis & Lawrence Co., Montreal.

The less a man talks the less he may be suspected of belonging to an Ananias club.

Repeat it: "Shiloh's Cure will always cure my coughs and colds."

A college education furnishes many a young man with an excuse for not earning a living.

Death Comes to All.—But it need not come prematurely if proper precautions are taken. "An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and to have prevention at hand and allow a disease to work its will is wickedness. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil not only allays pains when applied externally, but will prevent lung troubles resulting from colds and coughs. Try it and be convinced.

CLEANING LADIES'... WALKING OR OUTING SUITS Can be done perfectly by our French Process. Try it. BRITISH AMERICAN DYING CO. MONTREAL, TORONTO, OTTAWA & QUEBEC

RUGS Cleaned, Washed and Repaired by Oriental Process. We are the only specialists in Canada. ORIENTAL RUG CO., 1100 St. John St., Montreal. Telephone Main 858 198 King St., West.

He—"You know, if you worry about every little thing, it's bound to affect your health." She—"Yes, I know. That's one of the things I worry about."

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BOVRIL

IS A HIGHLY NOURISHING FOOD.

BOVRIL can only be sold at its present low price because we carry out the first processes of manufacture on the ranches where the cattle are raised. The beef is prepared and concentrated where prime meat is cheap and the freight is much less than it would be if the oxen were imported.

A cup of BOVRIL taken regularly will sustain your strength and thus enable you to avoid insidious attacks of illness.

BELL PIANOS

WHY DO So many Institutions devoted to the higher Education select Bell pianos? The fact that they use and prefer the Bell is evidence of distinct merit! One follows professional advice in acquiring an education, why not follow professional custom in buying Bell pianos? The only pianos with the Unmistakable Quick Repeating Action.

Send for (free) Catalogue No. 75. The BELL PIANO & Organ Co., Limited GUELPH, ONTARIO.

WE WANT A FEW MORE RELIABLE WOMEN to handle our high grade Perfumes, Toilet Goods, Teas, Coffees, Spices, etc. One hundred per cent profit. Money refunded if goods not as represented. The Home Specialties Co., Dept. A, Toronto, Canada.

CALVES Rates Them Without Milk. (Sole Importers) Church in Canada.

ALEXANDER WARDEN, (Sole Importers) Church in Canada.

BONDS AND STOCKS Cobalt stocks bought and sold on commission. 18 TORONTO STREET, TORONTO, CANADA. Long Distance Phones—Main 2370, Main 2371.

Farm For Sale 7.000.000 Farms in 14 States. Strictly New Monthly Bulletin of Real Estate, profusely illustrated, mailed free. We pay you R.M. free. E. A. STROUT CO., 601 N. World's Largest Farm Dealers, University Bldg., Syracuse, N.Y.

MUSK RAT SHIP TO E. T. CARTER & CO., 80 Front St. East, TORONTO, ONT.

GLASS INSURANCE AGENTS WANTED National Provincial Plate Glass Insurance Company, Limited, Head Office, London, England. Established 1854. Capital, Fifty Thousand Pounds sterling. For Agencies at unrepresented points, Province of Ontario, address J. H. EWART, Chief Agent, No. 18 Wellington Street East, Toronto. Send for booklet "Glass Insurance."

WARREN GZOWSKI & CO. Members Toronto Stock Exchange. 25 Broad Street, TORONTO, NEW YORK.

STOCKS AND BONDS We are now specializing in COBALT Stocks. Write us for information.

The New DAIMLER

THE PRINCIPAL CLAIMS

For this Marvellous New Motor are:

Silence in Operation

Flexibility

Economy in Construction and Operation

Absence of Small Parts

Write for full particulars and illustrated lists from

C. H. STANTON,

73 West Adelaide Street, Toronto, Canada.

The Daimler Motor Co., (1904) Ltd.

COVENTRY, ENGLAND.

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THE POPULAR SHOE STORE

Is the Store where you can buy the newest models in
LADIES' AND GENTS' SHOES FOR SPRING WEAR
We carry a well-assorted stock of all the latest styles for men,
women and children, and make a specialty of

**GEO. A. SLATER "INVICTUS" AND
"VICTORIA" SHOES**

For the Children see our

"MOTHER HUBBARD" LINES

In all shades,—the most comfortable and up-to-date Shoes
on the market.

We have now on hand a complete stock of

HOSIERY—IN ALL SHADES

To match our Shoes. Give us a call before purchasing.

See our **MEN'S COARSE BOOTS** from \$1.50 up.

OUR **HAND-MADE BOOTS** are known all over to be the best
wearers, the best fitters, and best workmanship. Give us a
call when needing a pair.

GEO. E. REYNOLDS
Shoe King



Said the House-owner:

"Give me ten gallons of 'English' Liquid

White Paint.

"No, Sir! I won't take any other kind.

"Yes, that other paint may possibly be good
paint, but it is all right in every way, why don't
the makers tell you, and tell me, frankly, what
they are trying to sell us—namely, what is in the paint.

"I always use 'English' Liquid Paint because the guarantee formula
is on the can telling me that it is made of 70% white lead, 30% zinc
white, pure linseed oil, pure turpentine and dryer. I know this
formula is the standard in paint making and I know that I am taking
no chance when I use that kind of paint."

"English" Liquid Paint made by Brandam-Henderson Limited, is
very economical to use. Come in for a color card.



J. S. MORTON, Stirling.

Wedding Invitations

NEATLY PRINTED IN THE
BEST STYLE AT THE

NEWS-ARGUS OFFICE.

Clubbing List.

THE NEWS-ARGUS will club with the
following papers at the rates mentioned:

The Weekly Globe.....\$1.50
The Weekly Mail & Empire, 1.50
The Family Herald & Weekly
Star.....1.50
The Weekly Witness.....1.50
The Weekly Sun.....1.75
The Toronto News (Daily).....2.25
The Toronto Star (Daily).....2.25
The Toronto Globe (Daily).....4.50
The Farmers' Advocate, weekly \$2.50

Five sailors were drowned in Lake
Michigan when the steamer Eber Ward
struck an ice floe and sank.

Hamilton License Commissioners cut
off two hotel and two store licenses, and
gave a couple of other hotelmen orders
to get out of the business.

Wars will be over when workmen of
all countries imitate the twenty-five
members of the Labor party in England,
and say that the interests of the masses
all the world over are identical, and
that they refuse to shoot each other's
heads off for anybody.

It is understood that several of the
businessmen of Wellington, interested
in the Citizens' League and Local Option
Movement, have purchased the Well-
man House and property from Mr. Geo.
Wellman, the consideration being \$9-
500. It is the intention of the new com-
pany to boom Wellington as a deligh-
ful summer home for holiday guests.



The hard work of bread-making
should be done in the flour mill—not
in the kitchen.

When it is necessary for you to make bread
by main strength, the miller hasn't done his
part. His flour is not fine enough.

Royal Household Flour

is made from hard Spring wheat—which is
capable of finer grinding than any other wheat
—and milled by a process that insures the finest,
and most nutritious of flours. Get enough
to try from your grocer.

Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Limited, Montreal.

Seven hundred people left Toronto on
Tuesday last for the west.

The United States Government has
lost \$6,000,000 on Paris gowns smuggled
into the country in the last ten years.

The Postmaster-General's resolution
to increase the pay of postoffice em-
ployees was passed by the House of
Commons.

Mr. Fleming in his budget speech an-
nounced a surplus of \$10 million and
half, and no tariff changes. The con-
cessions enjoyed by the sugar refiners
will be extended for a term.

The Inland Revenue Department has
decided not to insist upon the enforce-
ment of the new patent medicine bill
until May 15, one month after the date
mentioned in the act. This extension
is granted to allow country merchants
ample time to procure the necessary
stamps.

On Tuesday, April 18th, at noon a
very pretty event took place at the
Methodist parsonage. Ivalette, the
Miss Annie Sherwin of Crookston and
Mr. David Fleming of Ivanhoe were
united in marriage. Rev. Mr. Rowe
tying the nuptial knot. The happy pair
were attended by Miss Edna Sherwin
and Mr. Thomas Fleming.

As a result of the outbreak of Moslem
fanaticism in the province of Adana,
Asia Minor, five thousand persons have
been murdered during the past eight
days. Over two thousand were Mos-
lems. Two thousand persons were kil-
led in the city of Adana alone. Adana
is quiet for the moment, but attacks on
Christians in Marash have been rene-
wed and the situation there is extremely
grave. In Alexandretta many houses
are in flames.

It is estimated that this year about
70,000 immigrants will come into west-
ern Canada from the United States.
As the majority of these are liberally
supplied with ready cash this makes
good times in the western provinces,
and also in Ontario and the eastern
provinces, as it is from these that the
principal supply of manufactured goods
must come. This with the large im-
migration coming from Great Britain
must make Canada as a whole prosper-
ous.

Other "Tag" Days.

The method of raising money for
charities by such means as the con-
ferring of decorative coat labels on
"tag day," is not altogether original.
From times immemorial in China a
donation of 20,000 taels to charity has
secured for the donor the much-prized
peacock's feather, while for half
that sum a title of nobility is con-
ferred on one's ancestors to the third
generation. The late Emperor of
Brazil followed the same method when
erecting a hospital in Rio de Janeiro.
Having found a difficulty in obtain-
ing the necessary funds, he announced
that the title of "baron" was to be
conferred on every subscriber of
100,000 milreis, and that of "count"
on subscribers of 250,000 milreis. This
announcement produced the desired
effect, and the hospital was soon com-
pleted. The opening ceremony was
performed by the Emperor, who at-
tended by a large number of the new-
ly ennobled, who did not altogether
relish the words inscribed in letters
of gold on the gable of the new build-
ing, "Human Vanity to Human Mis-
ery."

Lord Rosebery's Son-in-Law.

The Earl of Crewe, who recently
celebrated his 51st birthday, has,
amongst others, the following three
claims to distinction. He is the hus-
band of Lady Peggy Primrose, the
youngest daughter of the Earl of
Rosebery; he is one of the richest
men in England; and, in the third
place, he is one of the best-dressed
men in the House of Lords. In spite
of his enormous wealth, he is a man
of a political meeting just prior to his
marriage that "he feared the ladies
of the Primrose League." Lady Crewe
and her husband seem to lead an
ideal happy life. They have much
literature and art, and a mutual
fondness for animals, particularly
horses. Lord Crewe, who is a mem-
ber of the Jockey Club, is a very
good judge of a horse and a splendid
rider.

Criminals Specialists.

Students of the criminal instinct in
women have noticed that women "spe-
cialize" in crime. In that, perhaps,
they are not singular, as all light-
fingered gentry have their own fancies
in this respect, and seldom accom-
plish upon each other's preserves.
Nevertheless, it is singular that the
records disclose that one woman spe-
cialized in stealing men's trousers, a
second stole only boots, a third went
in for legs of pork, a fourth preyed
on bookstalls, a fifth picked pockets
in an omnibus, and so forth. In a
general way, a shoplifter will take
anything that she can safely lay her
hands upon, under the eye of the
most vigilant shopwalker.

Pointless Punctuation.

Massachusetts has a law, known as the
"semicolon law," under which a
misplaced semicolon regulates the li-
quor traffic in the city of Boston.
But this is not a circumstance in the
omitted comma, as instanced in the
following act of the last Legislature
of Massachusetts: "Whoever operates
an automobile or a motor cycle on
any public way or private way laid
out under the authority of law reck-
lessly or while under the influence of
liquor or so as to endanger the lives
or safety of the public," etc. It is
now asserted that the reckless motor-
ist can go as he pleases on highways
which have not been laid out under
the influence of liquor."

The G.O.M. of Congregationalism.

Dr. Guinness Rogers, who recently
celebrated his 86th birthday, is the
oldest surviving ex-chairman of the
British Congregational Union, and
has a ministerial record of sixty-three
years. In spite of his great age,
however, the voice of Dr. Rogers is
still as clear as a bell, and his energy
simply amazing. It is only a week
or two ago since he made his fiftieth
appearance as lecturer at the Mer-
chants' Lectures at the Memorial
Hall, Farmington street. Lectures
which are often attended by some of
the most prominent merchant princes,
editors, and publishers in London.

ROYALTY ON VISITS.

King Travels With Much Less Cere-
mony Than the Kaiser.

A noteworthy feature of the recent
visit of King Edward to Biarritz, and
that of the Prince and Princess of
Wales to Paris, was the complete ab-
sence of display during the royal
trips. Both the prince and princess
expressed a wish to be treated as or-
dinary tourists, and that wish being
respected, they were able to enjoy
a quiet holiday trip to the French
capital, without being called upon to
respond to the ceremony which is usu-
ally accorded royal personages.

Their Royal Highnesses were simply
accompanied by Lady Eva Dug-
dale, Hon. Derek Keppel, and about
half a dozen servants. Likewise was
quiet content to travel incognito as
the Duke of Lancaster—a title by
the way, which His Majesty retained
during his sojourn on the continent,
and which was printed on his visit-
ing cards—merely accompanied by an
equerry and Sir James Reid (his phy-
sician-in-holiday), and Gen. Sir
Stanley Clarke and Major Ponsonby
in attendance.

On the other hand, the German
Emperor, when he moves abroad,
maintains his royal dignity with as
much pomp and show as possible,
and his recent holiday trip to Corfu
furnishes a striking contrast to the
visit of King Edward to Biarritz.

The Kaiser traveled with an enor-
mous retinue, including a Lord Cham-
berlain, two aides-de-camp, six offi-
cers of the Guard, two physicians,
twelve body-servants, and a private
secretary; while the Empress was at-
tended by a Lord Chamberlain, two
ladies-in-waiting, two equerries, and
six maid-servants. Twenty-four cooks
and maids went to Berlin to equip
the imperial kitchen, and even the
kitchen utensils were sent on
ahead. Two court carriages, six auto-
mobiles, two luggage automobiles, and
ten chauffeurs were also included in
the Emperor's entourage, not to
mention a dozen pairs of horses and
twenty grooms and coachmen.

In this respect the Kaiser resembles
the Shah of Persia and the Sultan of
Turkey, whose visits to foreign courts
are not usually keenly anticipated by
those whose duty it is to be some-
what cordial to them. The Kaiser's
entourage is comfortably housed.
The attendants and servants usu-
ally number about one hundred, and
to suitably accommodate them all is
no easy task.

The visit to England of Queen
Alexandra's sister, the Dowager Em-
press of Russia, and the quiet uncon-
ventional manner in which these
royal ladies have spent the last few
weeks, well illustrates the manner in
which the Czar would like to travel
and pay visits. But the Russians
love display, and the Czar's advisers
consider that there would be some-
thing seriously lacking in His Maj-
esty's dignity if he did not travel with as
much dignity as possible.

His special train gives some idea
of the display which is made. It is
the most luxurious railway convey-
ance in the world. There are two
dining-rooms, each with its own spe-
cial kitchen, a library, salons, bath,
bed, and smoking rooms, all luxu-
riously fitted up. No fewer than thirty-
two locksmiths, machinists, clean-
ers, and other mechanics accompany
this royal caravan on all its journeys,
under the command of a special en-
gineer.

Why Elsie Was Sent to Bed.

While little Elsie's elder sister,
May, was entertaining her latest gen-
tleman, a most dignified and gen-
teel young man, in the parlor Elsie
was relegated to the dining-room to
sit with her doll.

This particular one, the possessor
of a kid body and a bisque head,
had been somewhat ailing of late,
owing to the fact that its head was
gradually becoming detached and its
pivotal joints refused to perform
their functions of opening and
closing. After considerable prob-
ing for the cause of the trouble
Elsie made the discovery that there
was something inside of it and finally
succeeded in extracting a large
roll of tightly curled hair. A mo-
ment later she burst into the parlor
in a great state of excitement and
shouted:

"Pity sakes! No wonder Dorothy
was sick! Look what was in her
stomach! She must have swallowed
Sister May's rat!"

House Like Steamship Bridge.

An extraordinary-looking dwelling
is to be seen at Algorta, near Bilbao,
in the north of Spain, and is called
"Casa Barco," or "house boat," be-
ing built to resemble a steamship
bridge. It was probably erected by
a retired sea captain who felt like a
fish out of water until he had provid-
ed for himself the same environment
to which he had been used during
his active career at sea. One can
imagine the old gentleman taking his
evening walk to and from along his
lofty bridge, scanning the surround-
ing country with a sailor's eye and
half inclined now and then to ring
for "more speed" or to send an order
down the tube to the steerman—
Wide World Magazine.

Her Inference.

"Now, I suppose," remarked Mrs.
Snags, "that the surgeons of the
army are attached to the medical
corps."
Your supposition does you great
credit," replied Mr. Snags sarcasti-
cally. "It's a wonder you didn't
imagine that doctors joining the army
for the purpose of building bridges
or going up in a balloon. Where
should army surgeons be except in
the medical corps?"
"Well, I thought that they might
possibly belong to the lancets,"
—London Mail.

Overcoats For Laborers.

Fifteen aged farm laborers at Hen-
ham, Essex, England, were recently
the recipients of a new overcoat each.
Many years ago an Essex squire, al-
though named Henry Smith, left a farm at
Tollsham, the rent of which was to
be applied each year in providing
overcoats for aged and respectable
farm laborers in several parishes
which he named.

HARDWARE

700 GALS. PAINT FOR SALE

100 BEAUTIFUL SHADES

ELEPHANT & SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINTS

Both the above Brands are guaranteed pure. These are the
old reliable Brands. They have been on the market for
years and stood the test.

Quick Drying. Rich Gloss. Every can warranted or cash
refunded.

Varnishes, Stains, Enamels, Coach Colors, Etc.

My prices are right.

L. MEIKLEJOHN

Notice to Creditors Held up for Praise

In the Matter of the Estate of John
Farrell, late of the Township of
Rawdon, in the County of Hasting,
Farmer, deceased.

Notice is hereby given in pursuance of the
Revised Statutes of Ontario, that all creditors
and others having claims against the estate
of the late John Farrell, who died on or about
the twenty-ninth day of January, A.D. 1909,
are required on or before the Thirtieth day of
April, A.D. 1909, to send to the undersigned,
at J. T. Behavay or Angus Farrell, at the
village of Stirling, in the County of Hasting,
Executors of the estate of the deceased,
at Stirling post office, or to their Solicitor,
as hereunder, at Stirling post office, their Chris-
tian names and addresses, and full particulars
of their claims, a statement of their claims, and the nature
of their securities, if any, held by them, verified
by affidavit.

And further notice is given that after such
last mentioned date the Executors will pro-
ceed to distribute the assets of the deceased
among the parties entitled thereto, having
regard only for the claims of which they shall
have notice, and that the said Executors will
not be liable for such assets or any part there-
of to any person or persons of whose claim
notice shall not have been received by them
at the time of such distribution.

Notice is further given that all persons
indebted to the said deceased must pay the
amount of their indebtedness to the said Ex-
ecutors, or their Solicitor, hereunder, forth-
with.

Dated at Stirling, this 31st day of March, A.
D. 1909.

G. G. THRASHER,
Solicitor for Executors.



If many a fashionable Coat tailored by us
for the most particular customers. They
will stand the linelight—the critical eye
of the most fastidious fault-finder. But
there are never any faults to find in Fab-
ric, Fit, Fashion or Finish when we make
the clothes. We like to make for the par-
ticular people—those who understand
good clothing best, because we know we
can't please them with the goods and the
prices.

JOHN M. MCGEE

Note Heads, Envelopes,

Billheads, Circulars,

Cards, Posters,

—AND—

ALL KINDS OF PRINTING

—AT—

NEWS-ARGUS Office

PATENTS

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DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &c.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may
quickly ascertain our opinion free without com-
munication. We have extensive experience in the intricate patent
laws of all foreign countries, and also in the
protection of rights in the U.S.A. and Canada.
Patents taken through MUNN & CO. receive
special notice, without charge, in the
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A handsomely illustrated weekly, largest cir-
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all newsdealers.
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Write today for a free copy of our interesting book
"Inventors' Help," and also the free circular
"How to secure a patent." We have extensive experience in the intricate patent
laws of all foreign countries, and also in the
protection of rights in the U.S.A. and Canada.
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A handsomely illustrated weekly, largest cir-
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MUNN & CO. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 60 St. St., Washington, D.C.

THE Stirling News-Argus

Is published every THURSDAY at the office of
publication, North Street, Stirling, first door
north of Morton's drug store.

JAMES CURRIE.

Subscription Price, \$1.00 per year
If paid in advance. If not paid, \$1.25 will
be charged.

Correspondence is invited on all legitimate
subjects, the real name of the writer to be
furnished the editor in every case. This rule
can have no exception.

ADVERTISING RATES.

For ordinary business advertisements:
PER LINE PER WEEK
When inserted in
1 year, 10 mos, 5 mos
Whole col. down to half col. 70 80 90
Half col. down to quarter col. 40 50 60
Quarter col. down to single line 10 10 10

If inserted less than three months 1 cent ex-
tra on above rates. If less than two months 2
cents extra on above rates. If less than one month 3
cents extra on above rates. These rates are for the ordinary
business of the commercial advertiser. They will not be held to include Auction
Sales, Removals, Co-partnership Notices, Pri-
vate Advertisements of individuals, members
of firms, Property to let or for sale, etc.

Two inches, \$10 per year; \$5 for six months
extra on above rates. \$3 for two months; \$2
for one month. One line, 10 cents per year. Pro-
portional rates, limited to six lines, \$1 per
month. A column measures twenty lines.

Advertisements may be changed at the op-
tion of advertisers without extra charge.
Transient advertisements, 10c. per line first
insertion, 5c. per line each subsequent in-
sertion.

Advertisements without specific instruc-
tions inserted till withdrawn, and charged ac-
cordingly.
Births, Marriages and Deaths inserted free.
JOB PRINTING of every description exe-
cuted in the best style, and on short notice.

NEED VINOL

it strengthens and vitalizes

Vinol tones up the digestive organs,
aids assimilation, enriches the blood,
and rejuvenates every organ in the
body. In this natural manner Vinol
replaces weakness with strength.

We are positive it will benefit every
old person who will give it a trial.
If it don't we will refund their money.

J. S. MORTON, Druggist, Stirling.

The Duke of Argyll, in opening a
clothing exhibition, said recently he
had met a man wearing a tie which
was apparently silk, but proved to be
Canadian pulpwood. The Duke pro-
nounced it the time when all clothes
would be made of pulp.

Cough Caution

Never, positively never poison your lungs. If you
cough—when from a simple cold only—you should
always heal, soothe, and soothe the irritated bron-
chial tubes. Don't blindly suppress it with a
suffocating poison. It's strange how many
finally come to the conclusion that a cough
is a nuisance, and that it is better to take
any medicine, or prescription, or remedy, or
mixture, or anything, or anything, or anything,
or going up in a balloon. Where
should army surgeons be except in the
medical corps?"
"Well, I thought that they might
possibly belong to the lancets,"
—London Mail.

Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure

"ALL DEALERS"

THE STIRLING NEWS-ARGUS.

STIRLING, HASTINGS COUNTY, ONT., THURSDAY, APRIL 29, 1909.

Vol. XXX, No. 33.

\$1.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.
\$1.25 IF NOT PAID IN ADVANCE.

We are Specialists in Men's Wear!

Everything for Men in Men's Wants

WE WANT YOUR TRADE

And will pay 100 cents on the dollar for it, in the best values of

Fine Imported and Canadian Suitings

Made to your order. Style, Fit, Workmanship and Satisfaction—second to none. Prices range, \$12.00 to \$25.00.

OUR READY-TO-WEAR DEPARTMENT

Is stocked with the celebrated "Ward Brand" of Clothing, made especially to our order for good dressers who prefer them to ordered clothing. Prices, \$5.00 to \$20.00. Boys' Suits, \$2.00 to \$6.50.

We lead in **HAT STYLES, Quality and Quantity.** Hats for all heads. Hats to fit your head. Try them. 50c. to \$3.50.

TOOKE'S SHIRTS and COLLARS. The Shirt of fit and satisfaction. You don't know the comfort you are missing if you don't wear a Tooke Shirt. 75c. to \$1.75.

Look to us for the best and latest in **NECKWEAR.** We won't disappoint you. We have new Neckwear coming in every month in the year.

See our 50c. **Workmen's Shirts** for 39c. We could get only five dozen. Overalls, Jackets, Sweaters, Jerseys, etc.

FRED T. WARD, MERCHANT TAILOR

Specialist in Men's Wear

COOK & FOX

"THE STORE OF QUALITY"

IF YOU HAVE NOT purchased that new Spring or Summer Dress, it will pay you to inspect our stock before purchasing. We have all the newest lines and shades in plain and striped Dress Goods, Mercerized Linens, Fancy Voiles, Muslins, etc.

See our special line of all-wool Panama, in all the leading shades. Our price, only 50c. per yard.

Extra special value in Silks, 2 shades only, regular 75c. Sale price, 55c. Wash Silks, best values, at lowest prices. Dress Silks at all prices.

A full range of Fancy Goods always in stock.

READY-MADE SKIRTS

Ever to the front. We have nothing but the newest styles and shades. Prices to suit everybody. We guarantee every Skirt to give satisfaction. A large assortment to choose from. See our special all-wool Panama Skirt, trimmed with satin and buttons. Our price, \$4.25.

PARASOLS! UMBRELLAS!

Just arrived, large assortment of all the newest lines, ladies' and gentlemen's. Silk Parasols with mission wood, gold, pearl, horn and natural wood handles. Prices. from 50c. to \$3.00 each. Special pearl handle, regular \$1.25 line. Our price, 75c. each.

Housecleaning Time is now on. It will pay you to inspect our lines in the following: Lace Curtains, from 50c. to \$4.00 per pair. Curtain Muslins, Cretonnes, etc. Brass Extension Rods, from 5c. to 60c. each. Floor and Stair Oilcloths, good patterns.

Large assortment of Men's Fancy Shirts, good patterns, reg. \$1.00. for 75c. Men's Work Shirts, regular 75c. Our price, 50c. Men's Overalls, regular 75c. value. Sale price, 50c. "Exceeds" Silkine Handkerchiefs, large assortment, newest patterns, regular 15c. Our price, 10c. each.

GROCERY SPECIALS—Canned Goods. 3 for 25c. Seeded Raisins, fresh fruit, L. E. Griffin's "Red and Gold" brand. 3 lbs. for 25c. Choice Prunes. 3 lbs. for 25c. Dried Peaches, first quality. 2 lbs. for 25c.

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT—Better than ever. New goods arriving nearly every day. Latest styles; up-to-date workmanship. **WANTED—At once, a first class Trimmer.** Highest price for Produce. Goods delivered promptly.

Rawdon Council

Rawdon Town Hall, April 19, 1909. The regular meeting of the Rawdon Council was held on above date. Members all present.

Minutes of last meeting were read and adopted. The Clerk was instructed to see the trustees of S. S. No. 2 and S. S. No. 14 in regard to changing part of the school assessment.

Correspondence read and filed. Mr. Nathan Sine's road work was set back on road division No. 133.

Mr. John Pollock and Mr. Morley Murray applied for a new bridge and culvert on side road, lot 19 in 8th concession. The road surveyor was instructed to investigate, with power to act.

Joseph Reid's statute labor was set on road division No. 8.

John Robinson, Jas. McGowan's, Chas. Bailey's and Jonathan McCurdy's statute labor was placed on road division No. 7.

Alfred Clares, Thos. McGee's, Archy McGee's, and Alex. Rodgers' statute labor was placed on road division No. 11.

Moved by Mr. Cooke, seconded by Mr. Meiklejohn that the Council go into a committee on by-laws, Mr. Montgomery in the chair. Carried.

By-law No. 252 was passed in regular order, signed, sealed and numbered, appointing the Road Masters, Pound Keepers, and Fence Viewers.

Thomas Neal applied for work to be done on lot 13, concession 12. The road surveyor was instructed to investigate, with power to act.

The sidewalk question was then taken up and laid over for legal advice.

Moved by Mr. Montgomery, seconded by Mr. Eggleton, that Mr. Rodgers and Mr. Cooke be authorized to settle with Mr. Masson. Carried.

The following accounts were ordered to be paid:

Geo. B. Eggleton, work on road division No. 2. \$7.00
The Municipal World, placards and seals. 1.99
Albert Fitchett, culvert. 2.00
Chas. McGuire, glass. 25
W. F. Bateman, stationery for notifying road masters, pound keepers and fence viewers, 1908. 8.00
W. F. Bateman, mailing voters' lists 1908. 2.00
Richard Bailey, balance of salary. 5.00
Council adjourned, to meet Monday, May 31st, when Court of Revision will be held.

W. F. BATEMAN, Clerk.

Wellman's Corners

From an occasional correspondent

Mr. George Whitton who was taken suddenly ill with pneumonia on Sunday is recovering slowly.

Mr. John Matthews of Hamilton is visiting relatives here.

Mr. Lewis Murphy of Concession was visiting his uncle Mr. Bert Nix last week.

Miss M. Henderson has returned to her school after spending the Easter holidays at her home.

Mr. Fred Matthews is visiting his brother Dave of Ballyduff, who has been very ill of pneumonia.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Pounder and family intend leaving on Wednesday, the 25th, for their new home in Peterboro.

On Thursday evening, April 15th, a number of the neighbors and friends of Mr. and Mrs. Pounder and family, with well filled baskets, called on them to spend a social evening before their departure for Peterboro. After the following address and presentation all spent a most enjoyable time till the wee hours of the morning.

To Mr. and Mrs. Pounder and family—Knowing that you are soon to leave your old home and move a little west of us, we, a goodly number of your neighbors and friends, have assembled here to-night to show in some tangible way the respect in which you are held in this vicinity.

We assure you dear friends that during all the years in which you have resided among us we have found you to be good neighbors, honest and upright in all your dealings, kind and obliging always ready to assist in time of need.

We assure you that you will be greatly missed in the neighborhood and we are sorry to have you leave us, but this is truly a work of chance and we must bow to the inevitable, knowing that our loss will be other's gain. We trust and hope that in your new home you will not be long in forming new acquaintances and prove as trustworthy as we have always found you in the past.

We pray that the good Providence of God may grant that in your new home you will find the health and happiness you so much desire.

If in the future you wish to make your home in our town we will give you a hearty welcome. We would ask you to accept this set of dishes and this chair as a token of respect.

BUTLER RUPERT, JOHN SNARE.

Mr. Pounder on behalf of himself and family replied in a few well-chosen words.

A tickling or dry cough can be quickly loosened with Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy. No opium, no chloroform, nothing unsafe or harsh. Sold by J. S. Morton.

Presentation and Address

Another of those friendly and pleasing events which have occurred so frequently during the last few months took place on the evening of the 20th inst., in the home of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Stout, who have recently moved into this village. A number of Mrs. Stout's old neighbors and friends from Minto assembled in their home and presented Mrs. Stout with a very handsome sideboard and the following address, which was read by Miss Emma McMaster, after which Mr. Stout thanked the friends warmly on behalf of his wife, and assured them that the Minto friends would always find a warm welcome in their home. An abundant supply of cake and coffee was served and a very pleasant evening was spent.

To Mrs. Richard Stout.

Dear Friend—Having taken your departure from our midst so suddenly after your marriage, we were not privileged to meet you in your old home to extend our congratulations and express our kind feelings towards you, we have therefore taken the liberty of meeting you in your new home and new sphere of life this evening.

We shall miss you from our neighborhood, where the whole of your past life has been spent. Those of us who have been privileged to grow up with you from childhood and to spend our lives thus far together, know your true worth best. Your faithful adherence to the path of duty, your unflinching devotion to your aged parents, your sympathetic and virtuous life, have won the respect and esteem of all. Allow us to extend to you our very best and warmest wishes for the future. May the choicest blessings Heaven can bestow rest upon yourself and your husband. May your lives be filled with peace and happiness.

We ask you to accept this sideboard as a parting gift, in token of our esteem and good-will. We hope that while it may be of service to you it may also recall many pleasant recollections of the friends of your childhood.

Signed on behalf of the friends.

JAMES WRIGHT, ADAM HAGGERTY.

Spring Brook

The annual election of officers of the Epworth League took place on Tuesday evening. Mr. T. J. Thompson was re-elected President; 1st Vice-Pres., Lily Green; 2nd, Orrie Barton; 3rd, Edith Thompson; 4th, Delilah Mosher; Sec. Ethel Mosher; Treas. Martha Thompson; Organist, Martha Rosebush. With such a staff of officers the League is starting the year well equipped. At their sugar social the success was not all as desired, owing to the postponement on account of bad weather.

The election of Sunday School officers was held on the same evening, the teachers and officers being re-elected.

Miss Olive Welch has returned to Stirling to her millinery with Messrs. Cook & Fox.

Mr. W. A. Bateman lost a good cow, also a valuable horse and colt recently.

Miss Nina Welch is visiting friends in Harvick.

Mr. Bruce McConnell spent a few days at the home of his parents recently and speaks well of the northern part of the county, where he is engaged in business.

Ross McConnell is attending Business College, Belleville.

T. Welch is getting in new goods to resume business again.

Mrs. I. Neal has gone to Marmora to assist in nursing Dr. McKechnie, who is ill.

Miss Lizzie McLean has gone to Toronto where she expects to remain for a while in the dressmaking business.

Mrs. John Green, who is on the sick list, is recovering nicely.

This has been rather a poor maple sugar year around here.

Mrs. David Mosher and child of Weyburn, Sask., are visiting here at Mr. Mosher's. Mrs. Mosher is ill, and we hope the change will be beneficial to her.

Mrs. Wiley and child of Marmora spent Sunday at Mrs. W. Mosher's.

Gladys, daughter of Jas. Danford, who was badly scalded eight weeks ago, is still in bed and a great sufferer.

Madoc Junction Items

Mr. and Mrs. Neil Davis of Foxboro visited his mother, Mrs. Davis, recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Mason Clarke spent Sunday in Stirling.

Quite a number from here attended the Oddfellows' sermon held in Stirling on Sunday.

Miss Grace Andrews of Toronto, Mr. Stanley Eggleton, and Mr. and Mrs. Herb. Eggleton and family of Bannockburn, were recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Andrews.

Mr. Wm. French has returned from his western trip.

His postmaster paid a visit to Belleville on Monday.

Mr. Frank Juby is erecting a new residence on the farm here.

A comprehensive plan for the treatment of alcohol and drug victims at the hospital for the insane is projected by the Ontario Government.

BANK OF MONTREAL

PAIDUP CAPITAL - - \$14,400,000.00
RESERVE - - \$12,000,000.00
UNDIVIDED PROFITS - - \$217,628.66

Rt. Hon. Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, K.C.M.G. - Hon. President
Hon. Sir George Drummond, K.C.M.G., C.V.O. - President
Sir Edward S. Clouston, Bart., - General Manager

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

INTEREST PAID AT HIGHEST CURRENT RATES.

STIRLING BRANCH:
Bank Corner.

W. R. HOWSON,
MANAGER.

Sterling Hall

GARLAND OF MAYFLOWERS FOR MAY BUYERS

OUR BUYERS have been on the alert for some weeks to keep up the assortment of goods in every department, and to secure all the big bargains of many markets in order that we might be able to offer a bright garland of May Bargains for the consideration of our many customers. We went gunning with the ready money and have landed the game. You will miss the mark if you do not strike the lines mentioned below, but there are many others for the asking.

A HOSIERY SALE

'Tis needless to tell you about the vast and varied stock of Hosiery we always carry in plain and fancy, in value unsurpassed; but here are a few extra special Bargains:

Men's heavy every-day Cotton Socks, the 15c. line. On sale at 10c. pair
Men's fine black Cotton Socks, the 25c. line. On sale at 2 pair for 25c.
Women's plain Cotton Hose, the 15c. line. On sale at 10c. pair
Women's and Boys' heavy ribbed Cotton Hose, 20 and 25 ct. lines. On sale at 15c. pair

Special Handkerchief Sale

Our Handkerchief values are always specially good, but here are a few extra specials:

10 doz. Men's large size, mercerized silk finish, fancy borders, regular 15c. On sale at 10c. each
15 doz. Ladies' plain, pure Irish linen, regular 10c. On sale at 5c. each

Big Values in Ladies' Waists

Our regular lines are exceptionally good value this season, and styles are equally attractive, but here mention is made of a few extras:

5 doz. White Waists in several designs, regular \$1.25 On sale at \$1.00
3 doz. Sample Waists, in Net, Silk and Lawn, all size 36 — \$7.50 Waists for \$5.00 — \$6.00 Waists for \$4.00
— \$5.00 " — \$3.50 — \$3.50 " — \$2.50
— \$2.00 " — \$1.25

Grocery Eye-Openers

Buy 6 bars of Richards' Pure Soap for 25c., and have a guess at the weight of the big bar of Soap in the window. Nearest guess wins a Ladies' gold-filled Watch, value \$15.00, 10 year guarantee.

500 pks. 10-cent Seeded Raisins of best quality, on sale at 5 cts. pkg. of full 12 oz. weight.

Our Sewing Machine Club

...for May....

This is your opportunity to secure a guaranteed Sewing Machine cheap, and on easy payments without interest charges.

Modern drop-head Machines, sold at from \$20.00 to \$35.00, regular selling price \$30.00 to \$50.00. Pay \$2.00 down, and \$1.00 per week thereafter until payment is complete. No extra charges.

The House Beautiful

Don't forget that this is the season of Housecleaning and furnishing, and that "STERLING HALL" is supreme in its assortment of everything in the line of Furnishings:

Wall Papers Carpets Linoleums
Carpet Squares
Lace Curtains Curtain Materials
Window Shades Window Fixtures
Special — 25 pairs, 50 in. wide x 3 3/4 yds. long, Lace Curtains, regular \$1.00 value, on sale at 75c.
Carpet and Rug Beaters... Special value 10c, 15c.

W. R. MATHER,

Direct Importer of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods and Retailer of Everything to wear for Everybody.

United Empire Bank of Canada

Incorporated by Act of Parliament

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA TORONTO
Geo. P. Reid, General Manager.

MONEY ORDERS

The cheapest and safest way to send money is through the Bank. We issue CANADIAN BANKERS' ASSOCIATION MONEY ORDERS, payable at any chartered Bank in Canada (except Yukon).

DRAFTS also issued, payable in any part of the world.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

ADVANCES MADE TO FARMERS at reasonable rates.

Stirling Branch:
Goulter's Block.

W. M. CHANDLER, Manager.

BENCH WARRANT ISSUED

Florence Kinrade Ignores the Summons to Attend Inquest.

Hamilton, April 23.—Florence Kinrade again failed to respond to the subpoena requiring her attendance at the inquest of the body of her sister, Ethel, to-night, and Coroner Anderson, after a rather warm passage at arms between the lawyers, granted a motion for the issuance of a bench warrant to compel her presence on Monday evening.

Mr. Geo. Lynch-Staunton advised the coroner that his clients were acting under his advice in ignoring the authority of the Court and asked for a longer adjournment in order that the legality of his position might be decided by a proper forum.

Dr. Anderson took exception to the lawyer's tone and peremptorily refused to alter his decision. He accordingly drew up the warrant, with the assistance of Crown At-

torney Washington, immediately after the adjournment and the document was entrusted to the care of Detective John Miller, who will convey it to Toronto for execution to-morrow morning.

Mr. Staunton declined to state what further action he purposed taking, but other legal authorities said that his only remedy would be an application for a writ of habeas corpus after the arrest had been made, which would seem to be another reason for withholding the execution of the warrant until the last possible moment before the time for taking a train to Hamilton on Monday afternoon.

Crown Attorney Washington also instructed the coroner to issue fresh subpoenas for Mr. and Mrs. Kinrade for Monday evening, remarking that if they also chose to disobey the order, more bench warrants would be required.

SHOCKING CRIME COMMITTED

Wife of a Manitoba Settler Outraged and Beaten to Death.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Investigations by the police on Friday of the circumstances surrounding the death of Mrs. Lewis James, whose body was found in their lonely shack by her husband on Thursday evening on his return from work, with marks of violence upon it, show that one of the most brutal and revolting crimes in recent years in the west was committed. She had been assaulted and then murdered by some man, who has escaped without leaving any clue upon which pursuit at present seems possible. The murderer also stole her watch and a small sum of money which was in the house.

The autopsy was performed on Friday and revealed the fact that

the skull had been fractured by a blow on the forehead with a short club, which is now in the hands of the police, and which was found on Friday outside the little home. In the hurried examination of the body on Thursday night medical men were of the opinion that the wound on the head might have been caused by the dead woman falling in a fit, as it was learned she was subject to such seizures. It was not until Friday morning that the terrible crime was revealed in all its revolting features. She had mentioned the fact to her husband the day before that a vicious-looking tramp had frightened her badly by looking in the window. She gave him a description of the man, but so far no trace of him has been secured.

BUILD TO HUDSON'S BAY.

Grand Trunk Pacific Will Start Line Soon.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Mr. Chamberlin, General Manager of the Grand Trunk Pacific, returned from the west on Tuesday night and stated that construction would begin during the next few days on the branch lines north and south from Melville, Sask. The company will lose no time in building a through line from the American boundary to Hudson's Bay, providing the farmers with a short wheat route to Europe. He also announced the construction of several other branches from the main line into the north country, notably one from Watrous, Sask.

JUDGE FINKLE RUN OVER.

Tried to Board a Moving Train at Niagara.

A despatch from Niagara Falls, Ont., says: Judge Finkle of Woodstock was severely injured while attempting to board a Grand Trunk train here on Friday night, and as a result had to have four toes amputated. The Judge attempted to board the train when it was moving. His foot slipped and he was thrown under the wheels, which passed over his right foot. He was taken to the hospital, where four toes were amputated by Dr. Wilson, the company's surgeon.

FRIGHTENED BY A TRAMP.

Death of Mrs. J. Jarmain and Her Infant near Delaware.

A despatch from London, Ont.

says: It was learned on Friday that Mrs. J. Jarmain, wife of a farmer living near Delaware, has died as a direct result of being frightened by a tramp, who chased her from her home. The lady was in a delicate condition, and the shock resulted in her critical illness. She continued to sink rapidly. Her baby was born shortly afterward and died on Friday.

THREE MEN BLOWN UP.

Blasting Accident at Haliburton—Two in Critical Condition.

A despatch from Haliburton says: William Hancock, George Hancock, and Geo. West were blown up with blasting compound on Saturday evening. William Hancock and West are in a very critical condition. George Hancock was recovered.

COPPER FOUND ON G. T. P.

Men Working on Right-of-Way Discovers the Vein.

despatch from Port Arthur says: What is expected to prove a most valuable discovery of copper has been recently made on the Transcontinental Railway, not far from Portage Lake, which is situated northwest from Sturgeon Lake. It was during construction work on the new National Railway that the discovery was made. A gang of men were working on a rock cut, and while hewing out a passage for the right of way a rich copper vein was laid bare. H. J. Mackenzie registered the claim in the mining recorder's office in Port Arthur.

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, April 27.—Flour—Ontario wheat 90 per cent. patents, \$4.80 to \$5 to-day in buyers' sacks outside for export. Manitoba flour, first patents, \$6.10 to \$6.40 on track; second patents, \$5.50 to \$6.00, and strong bakers', \$5.40 to \$5.80, on track, Toronto.

Wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.30½ spot, Bay ports, and for May delivery as follows—No. 1 Northern, \$1.27, and No. 2 Northern, \$1.24, Ontario Wheat—No. 2 wheat, \$1.18 to \$1.19 outside.

Barley—No. 3 extra, 55c outside, and No. 3, 56 to 57c outside.

Oats—Ontario No. 2 white, 47½ to 48c on track, Toronto, and 45 to 46c outside. No. 2 Western Canada oats, 47½c. Collingwood, and No. 3, 46½c Bay ports; No. 2 West in Canada, all rail, 51c.

Peas—No. 2, 95 to 96c outside.

Rye—No. 2, 72 to 73c outside.

Buckwheat—No. 2, 63 to 64c outside.

Corn—No. 2 American yellow, 80 to 81½ on track, Toronto, and No. 2, 79 to 79½ on track, Toronto. Canadian corn, 73 to 74c on track, Toronto.

Brass—Cars, \$23.50 in bulk outside. Shorts, \$23.50 to \$24 in bulk outside.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Apples—\$4.50 to \$5.50 for choice quantities, and \$3.50 to \$4 for seconds.

Beans—Prime, \$1.90 to \$2, and hand-picked, \$2.10 to \$2.15 per bushel.

Honey—Combs, \$2 to \$2.75 per dozen, and strained, 10 to 11c per pound.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, \$10.50 to \$10.75 per ton on track here, and lower grades, \$8 to \$9 a ton.

Straw—\$6.50 to \$7.50 on track.

Potatoes—Car lots, 90c per bag on track.

Poultry—Chickens, dressed, 15 to 17c per pound; fowl, 12 to 13c; turkeys, 20 to 22c per pound.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Pound prints, 21 to 23c; tubs and large rolls, 16 to 18c; inferior, 14 to 15c; creamery rolls, 25 to 26c, and solids, 20 to 21c.

Eggs—15 to 16c per dozen in case lots.

Cheese—Large cheese, old, 14 to 14½c per pound, and twins, 14½ to 14¾c; new cheese, 13½c.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Bacon—Long clear, 12 to 12½c per pound in case lots; mess pork, \$20.50 to \$21.50; short cut, \$23 to \$24.

Hams—Light to medium, 14 to 14½c; do, heavy, 13 to 13½c; rolls, 11 to 11½c; shoulders, 10½c; backs, 16 to 17c; breakfast bacon, 15½ to 16c.

Lard—Tierces, 13½c; tubs, 13½c; pails, 13½c.

BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, April 27.—Peas—No. 2, \$1.03 to \$1.04. Oats—Canadian Western No. 2, 51 to 51½c; extra No. 1 feed, 50½ to 51c; No. 2, 50 to 50½c; Ontario No. 2, 50 to 50½c; Ontario No. 3, 49 to 49½c; Ontario No. 4, 48 to 48½c; No. 2 barley, 66 to 67c; feed, 59½ to 60c; buckwheat, 69½ to 70c.

Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$6.10 to \$6.50; Manitoba Spring wheat patents, seconds, \$5.60 to \$6; Manitoba strong bakers', \$5.40 to \$5.80; Winter wheat patents, \$5.75; straight rollers, \$5.50 to \$5.60; do., in bags, \$2.70 to \$2.75; extra, in bags, \$2.25 to \$2.35. Feed—Manitoba bran, \$22 to \$23; do., shorts, \$24 to \$25; Ontario bran, \$23 to \$24; do., shorts, \$24.50 to \$25; Ontario middlings, \$25 to \$25.50; pure grain mouille, \$33 to \$35; mixed mouille, \$28 to \$30. Cheese—12½ to 13c for old stock. Butter—New milk creamery, 22 to 23½c; old stock, 19 to 20½c. Eggs—19 to 19½c per dozen.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Montreal, April 27.—Prime beefs sold at 5½ to near 6c per pound; pretty good cattle, 4½ to 5½c and the common stock from 3 to 4½c per pound. Milch cows sold at \$25 to \$60 each; a lot of six good cows were bought at \$50 each. Calves sold at from \$1.50 to \$7 each, or 2c to 3½c per pound. Sheep, 6c per pound for old, and 6c per pound for yearlings. Spring lambs \$3.00 to \$6 each. Good lots of fat hogs sold at 8 to 8½c per pound.

Toronto, April 27.—The number of exporters was limited, and the highest price paid for a few picked animals was \$3.50. The export trade was slow, but best grades of stock, of good weight, sold readily. Cows, poorly finished bulls and common grades were about 10c lower. Stockers and feeders—Fair demand, and prices steady. Milk—Easier; "Bobs" unsaleable. Sheep and lambs—Steady at last quotations. Hogs—Steady demand, and prices firm around \$7.20 f.o.b., but in a number of cases \$7.30 and \$7.30 have been paid in the country,

and \$7.40 to \$7.50, fed and watered, at the market.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Buffalo, April 27.—Wheat—Spring wheat, No. 1 Northern, carloads, store, \$1.27½; Winter, No. 2 red, \$1.43; No. 3 extra red, \$1.40½; No. 2 white, \$1.40. Corn—Higher; No. 3 yellow, 77½c; No. 4 yellow, 76½c; No. 3 corn, 76½ to 77c; No. 4 corn, 76c; No. 3 white, 78c. Oats—Higher; No. 2 white, 59c; No. 3 white, 57½ to 58½c; No. 4 white, 56½ to 57½c. Barley—Fed to malting, 68 to 74c.

Detroit, April 27.—Wheat—No. 1 white, cash, \$1.41; No. 2 red, \$1.41; May, \$1.41; July, \$1.17; Sept., \$1.09.

ALL NIGHT ON A TRAIN.

Train Load of Passengers Had a Trying Experience.

A despatch from Montreal says: Incoming trains were seriously delayed on Thursday, owing to the severity of the previous night's storm. The storm blew so fiercely across Lake Champlain that the Rutland and Central Vermont bridge at Rouse's Point was seriously in danger of being blown to pieces. Driven by the terrific south winds, the waves were running fifteen feet high, pounding against the bridge with tremendous force, and plunging several feet over the tracks. At 8.30 on Wednesday night two Central Vermont passenger trains attempted to cross, but were caught in the centre of the bridge, the wind and waves preventing them from moving back or forward, the track being washed out on each side. There they remained all night, the water splashing up to the carriage windows, and the frightened passengers crouching together in fear the whole night, till the storm abated and daylight brought relief from their hazardous position.

U. S. SCHOONER CAPTURED.

Was Poaching in Canadian Waters At Scott Islands.

A despatch from Vancouver, B. C., says: After being compelled to fire four shots warning that she meant business, the cruiser Kestrel on Sunday afternoon captured the American fishing schooner Levi Woodbury four and a half miles off Scott Islands. The schooner had five dories out between Haycock islands, a distance of five miles, fishing. Captain Sinclair of the Levi Woodbury declined to proceed to Vancouver under his own power. After some demur a hawser was attached and the Kestrel towed the prize to Vancouver, arriving on Wednesday morning. The Levi Woodbury is an old vessel of 120 tons register, with a crew of 25, mostly Scandinavians. She is owned by the Standard Fish Company of Seattle.

THE CANTEN MUST GO.

District Officers Receive Definite Instructions.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Instructions have been sent out by the Militia Department to the various district officers commanding throughout Canada that the standing order against liquor being sold in the military camps must be rigidly enforced. There has always been an order against the selling of liquor at camps, but it has usually been more or less evaded, and as long as the canteen sold only to members of the regiment it was not molested. The movement against the canteen by temperance organizations, resulting in verdicts in the courts against the canteen, has now been supplemented by the above departmental instructions.

BLOW RESULTED IN DEATH.

Man Knocked Down and His Skull Fractured.

A despatch from Toronto says: With his skull terribly fractured as a result of being knocked down at the corner of Duchess and George streets, William Gordon, a middle-aged carpenter, who lived at 59 Frederick street, died in St. Michael's Hospital Saturday evening. Two hours after his death was reported to the police Detective Harry Armstrong with nothing but a good description of the assailant to guide him, arrested Gilbert Oliver, aged twenty years, of 129 Elm street, on a charge of murder. Oliver, who has served terms for theft and assault, was identified at Court Street Police Station by several spectators of the assault.

CARRIED OVER THE FALLS.

Buffalo Woman Fell Into the River at Luna Park.

A despatch from Niagara Falls, N. Y., says: Mrs. Whipple, 60 years of age, of Buffalo, went over the falls on Thursday afternoon and disappeared under the waters below. She was in Luna Park at the brink of the falls, with her sister, Mrs. Leonard. The latter turned her head for a moment away, and her sister slipped into the water and was quickly carried over the falls.

15,000 SLAIN IN MASSACRES

Fanaticism Against Christians at Its Greatest Height.

A despatch from Constantinople says: While no official or reliable figures are available, one of the Embassies estimates that 15,000 persons have been massacred in Asia Minor. The outlook continues very ugly. Fanaticism seems to be at its wildest height. It is reported to have been awakened by reactionaries, who have represented that the Young Turks are leagued with the Christians, and who have raised the cry that Islam is endangered. The local Moslems, as ignorant as they are bigoted, were readily moved and their fury is growing. Aleppo, Antioch, Hadin, Ekbaz and Deiriyul are among the towns and villages now threatened. There is an American mission at Aleppo and the missionaries are stated to be in extreme danger, although thus far they have not been attacked.

The French mission at Ekbaz is besieged. The Village of Deiriyul is compassed by fanatics. The Armenian inhabitants have sent a messenger to Aleppo to beg for

help. He reports that the outskirts of the village were burning when he left. The whole population of the Village of Karikhan has been wiped out. It is reported that four Germans are among the killed at Bakje. The position at Tarsus is better. The mission buildings, which are now protected, are sheltering 3,000 fugitives.

The victims of Tarsus number about fifty, but many more have been killed in the surrounding country. Everywhere the massacres have been carried out with the greatest ferocity, women and children sharing the fate of the men.

The British Consul at Adana reports extreme misery owing to there being no food in the town. A large number of the survivors are starving. The Consul begs that help be sent.

The London Daily Telegraph's Vienna correspondent sends the report that the Sultan was taken out of the Palace by force at a late hour on Sunday night, and that Mohammed Reschad Effendi was installed in his place.

BUYS BELL COMPANY OUT

Province of Saskatchewan Has Gone Into Telephone Ownership.

A despatch from Regina says: Hon. Mr. Calder Wednesday night announced the successful termination of the negotiations with Mr. L. B. McFarlane, Montreal, representing the Bell Company, and himself, as Minister of Telephones. The negotiations were protracted, but time in this case was money, as the price, \$367,500 compared more than favorably with the price paid by either of the sister Provinces.

and of the agreed price \$10,000 is to be returned for unearned rentals. The Minister forecasted vigorous extensions for the future, and the acquiring and running of local exchanges hitherto left to private or municipal enterprises. Questioned regarding the possible acquisition of the Moose Jaw & Saskatchewan Telephone Company's business, the Minister declined to commit himself beyond the statement that it was under consideration.

AN INDIAN CRUCIFIED.

He Took the Role of Christ in Passion Play.

A despatch from City of Mexico says: Tiburcio Zambrana, a Tuxpan Indian, who was crucified at his own urgent request by worshippers at the annual Easter celebration of the crucifixion of Christ by members of his tribe near Guadalajara, has died from lockjaw. Zambrana took the role of Christ in the Indian Passion Play, and as the climax of his performance he insisted that he be nailed to the cross instead of being strapped, as has been the custom. His death followed as a result of the terrible injuries caused by the nails being driven through his hands and feet. It is believed that this tragic affair among the Tuxpan Indians will lead to vigorous measures by President Diaz and the national Government to prevent the celebration in future.

CHILLED MEAT SCHEME.

Commission Will Advise Extensive Establishments.

A despatch from Ottawa says: It is understood that the report of the commission upon chilled meat and its exportation will file a report advising the establishment of large central plants and numerous feeders, refrigerators cars and cold storage depots at principal ports. The scheme, as outlined, will cost \$5,000,000.

BRIDGE COLLAPSED.

Man and Wife Drowned in Hastings County.

A despatch from Madoc says: On

Monday morning, about 11 o'clock, as Mr. Clark and his wife were driving over the county bridge crossing Black Creek, about two miles south of Queensboro, the bridge was swept away by the floods. Both were drowned, as also were the horses. They leave two children, about 8 and 10 years of age. It is reported that this bridge was condemned last Fall, and that the timber to repair it was provided, and was on the ground.

SCHOOL BOOKS AS FUEL.

Tramp in Kent County School Kept Himself Warm.

A despatch from Chatham says: The janitress of the Cedar Springs Public School received a severe shock on Monday morning when she opened the school and discovered a tramp asleep in the room. The tramp had got in through one of the windows, and in order to keep himself warm he had burned several of the school books in the stove. He got away without being captured.

QUAKES ALL OVER SPAIN.

Panic Caused by Earth Tremblings in Many Cities.

A despatch from Madrid says: Heavy earthquake shocks were felt on Saturday at Cordova, Seville, Badajoz and other points, including this city, Valladolid, Huelva, Herz and Malaga. Everywhere they caused a panic, but no loss of life is reported, and the material damage was small.

KILLED WITH A HATCHET

Macedonian Murdered in a Boarding House in Toronto.

A despatch from Toronto says: With the head hacked almost to pieces with a hatchet, the body of Evan Simoff, a Macedonian, was found lying in a pool of blood in a boarding house at 16 Eastern avenue on Thursday morning. Palla Steffo, a fellow-countryman and a half cousin of the deceased, was taken into custody as a material witness. The hatchet with which the crime was committed was found beside the body. This is the second murder that has occurred in the Macedonian colony in the city during the past two years. The hatchet, which had been used with deadly effect, was found on the floor a few feet from the body of the victim. Robbery was apparently

the motive, as the man's trousers were loosened at the waist, where it was believed he carried a belt containing money. Moreover, blood stains in the right hand pocket indicated that the murderer had thrust his hands into the pocket. That there had been no struggle was evidenced by the fact that the few pieces of old furniture in the room in which the deed was committed had not been disturbed.

The murderer, who had apparently been frightened before completing his search of the victim's clothing, overlooked a bag containing \$100 in gold of Macedonian denomination, which was found sewed to the lining of the victim's inside vest. The murdered man wore two pairs of trousers and two vests.

INCREASE OF 800,000 ACRES

High Prices Will Mean More Land Sown in Wheat in the West.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: The prospect of an increased grain acreage in the Prairie Provinces as a result of high prices, is attracting much attention. Frank O. Fowler, secretary of the North-West Grain Dealers' Association, is in receipt of many wires from Eastern cities on the subject. He said on Wednesday:

"The natural increase in acreage this year will be about 800,000 acres at a rough estimate. This is the result of lands thrown open and homesteading. The acreage last year was about 6,700,000 acres in

Manitoba. This year it will be about 7,500,000 acres. At an average crop of 17 or 18 bushels per acre, which is a small one, this will mean an increase in the estimates of last year of about 15,000,000 bushels. Add this to the estimated 100,000,000 bushels of last year, and it will be seen that this year's crop may be roughly estimated at about 115,000,000 bushels. Of course, this is taking every advantage and disadvantage into consideration."

In older sections, Mr. Fowler thinks, the acreage may increase to some considerable extent.

THURSDAY, APRIL 30, 1909.

The Daylight Saving Bill

This bill, which was introduced into the House of Commons by Mr. Lewis, has been reported from the special committee to which it was referred, with a couple of amendments.

One provides that the hands of the clock be advanced an hour from the first Sunday in April to the first Sunday in November, instead of April 30 to October 31, as provided by the bill.

Another amendment is to designate the time as "standard" time, instead of "local" time, as proposed by Mr. Lewis.

The committee, of which H. Y. McLean of Huron was the chairman, received scores of resolutions passed by Boards of Trade and other public bodies in favor of the adoption of the principles of the bill. The objections received were few and far between.

While the committee is desirous of seeing the bill passed by Parliament this session, it is doubtful if the Government will consent to this. It will probably be pointed out that the British Parliament, which has had a similar measure under consideration for a longer period, has not yet passed it. The advisability of the matter received more consideration will also be urged. Even if passed, the bill would not come into force for a year, there being a provision to that effect.

Missionary Conquest

The fact that the men of the Anglo-Saxon race are getting the vision of a world-wide evangelism is a great deal more than merely a great religious movement. Crusades in the name of religion in the past have often meant the very opposite of "peace on earth, and good will toward men"; this laymen's missionary movement means an effort to bring within reach of the unchristianized and uncivilized races in this generation those forces intellectual and spiritual that make for the highest well-being of mankind. It is an awakening of the sense of responsibility that must come with the true realization of universal brotherhood. The reflex influence upon individuals, communities, and nations ought to be proportionate to the amount of unselfish devotion they put into the cause. It ought to be a good thing for the church thus to shake itself free from the "weights" of selfish enjoyment. It will undoubtedly draw the sting of international conflict and must inevitably, as it reaches a wider scope, so adjust the relations of so-called Christian nations as to remove the anomalies that at present exist in their relations one with another. It ought to do what the Hague tribunal has failed to accomplish.—The Home Journal.

Divorces in the United States

Twenty years ago an investigation by the U. S. Department of Labor showed that 328,716 divorces had been granted in the United States between 1887 and 1898, and that divorces were increasing two and one-half times as fast as the population. The recent census for 1897-1906 brings to light 948,625 divorces, and demonstrates that the movement constantly gains in velocity. At present probably one marriage in ten is broken, and in some States the proportion may seem as high as one in four. Thus writes Edward Ross in the Century Magazine on "The Significance of Increasing Divorces."

Although the tide of divorce is rising the world over, nowhere is it so high, nowhere is it rising so fast, as in the United States. It is twice that of Switzerland, thrice that of France, and five times that of Germany.

Jailing the Drunkard

Of all the insane and criminal methods of dealing with social and moral delinquency the treatment dealt out to the common drunkard is the worst. An example will illustrate this. As a reward for too frequent appearance in the police court for drunkenness a mechanic was some time ago given sixty days in the common jail. He had a wife and five children, all of the latter under twelve years of age, who were thus deprived of what wages he had been able to earn. The wife and mother had to go out washing, leaving an infant at the crèche, and two of the smaller children with neighbors. The boy about ten years of age had to sell papers after school, and the eldest, a girl, found employment in a restaurant. One can see at a glance the demoralizing influence of the conditions thus left these children practically without a home. Apart from the doubtful surroundings of the younger members of the family, the boy and girl were thrust into an environment that must be anything but helpful to their mental or moral development. Why should the sins of the father be visited upon the children? Why should the state take this man from those who are entitled to his support, set him at work and keep the entire proceeds of his labor? How long will we continue to foster crime by thus throwing young children upon the world to meet its temptations?—The Home Journal.

The tender leaves of a harmless lung-healing mountain shrub, give to Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy its marvellous curative properties. Tight, tickling or distressing coughs quickly yield to the healing, soothing action of this splendid prescription—Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy. And it is so safe and good for children, as well. Containing no opium, chloroform or other harmful drugs, mothers should in safety always demand Dr. Shoop's. If other remedies are offered, tell them "No!" Be your own judge! Sold by J. S. Morton.

Cutting off Liquor Licenses

A large number of liquor licenses will be cut off on May 1st in the places which carried local option last January. Sidney, Thurlow, and the village of Tweed are among the places in this county which will become "dry." The Tweed News of last week in referring to the cutting off of the licenses says:

"A great number are wondering how our village will be affected by the new conditions."

It is certainly very interesting to listen to the various opinions that are being offered.

"Some are dead sure that the town will go all to the bad. The country trade will all be driven to Madoc, they say, where the farmers can get a lick of whiskey when they want it."

"They say Tweed will be filled with blind pigs, saloons, hell-holes and heard names of persons who are said to be calculating and making preparations to enter upon the business of dealing on the quiet in the grog."

Others say the law will be a dead letter, that our officials and citizens generally haven't backbone enough to see that the law is enforced.

"We have more faith in the common sense and honesty of our citizenship."

"Local option, we are inclined to believe, will be given a pretty fair trial in Tweed. Our officials are all first class business men engaged successfully in actual business. They are law-abiding citizens themselves and they have always been interested in the welfare and general prosperity of the place and we believe they will make every necessary endeavor to see that the spirit and letter of the law is observed, should there happen to be any character low down and degenerate enough to supply deteriorated booze to men whose greatest ambition is to guzzle whiskey."

"Some men seem to imagine it's no great crime to sling out grog, but he gives dark cellar or back shop, but he gives away his conviction on the subject by the sneaky manner in which he carries on the work. The man who will resort to earning—no, not earning, but stealing—a few dimes by such despicable business, is unworthy the protection of any decent citizen and no one should have any hesitancy in bringing such a one before the magistrate."

"The recent amendments to the Liquor License Act will greatly aid its effectiveness. The liquor business is certainly not a very healthy business. A good heavy fine and a 6 months' term in jail will be about all any unlicensed booze slinger will want to close out any aspirations he may have in that line of commerce."

"We can see no reason why farmers who are trading in Tweed should be driven away by local option."

"Our farmer friends are not professional boozers. They are not a pack of hungry, squealing pigs following a sour old swill pail. There isn't one out of ten who goes to town purposely to get a drink of whiskey."

"Our merchants will keep just as good goods as they have always kept and will be just as ready to wait on customers as they have always been. So far as we know, everything excepting intoxicating liquor will be here just as before, so there should be no great difficulty or inconvenience to any person."

Must Re-Marry Her

Albert Edward Lewis, the bigamist from Campbellford, appeared before His Honor Judge Benson in the County Judge's Criminal Court at Cobourg last week, and was let out on bail, he to appear before the court when called upon.

Lewis, it appears, expects to get a divorce from his first wife, who is in England, and steps have been taken in that direction. It is on condition that he re-marries his second wife, who is in very poor health, when the divorce is granted, that he gets his liberty.

Freshen Up, and Save Your Property

Spring time has become the universal paint time, and especially is it so in Canada, to the country's lasting benefit. There is a two-fold virtue in paint—good paint. It changes a house that looks dingy, cheerless, and generally "down at the heels," into a home of which any man—and his family—may well be proud. At the same time it protects the house from decay, adding years to its life and therefore to its value. What is true of the house is true for anything in wood or unprotected metal which is exposed to the weather. It certainly pays to keep things well painted.

"Well painted," however, does not, as some people suppose, simply mean covered thick with paint. Some paints, like barnacles on a ship's bottom, may be thick enough but a very poor protection. It all depends on the paint and the paint depends largely on the white lead of which it is made.

A house is really well painted when it is covered with "English" Liquid Paint. This paint is 100% pure—70% Brandram's B. B. Genuine White Lead and 30% Pure White Zinc. This lead has been made for over a century by Brandram's in London, Eng., and now by Brandram-Henderson, Limited, Montreal. The Brandram process is known only by Brandram Bros., in England, and now by Brandram-Henderson, Limited, in Canada. The product has always commanded a higher price than others. It is the standard "English" Liquid Paint forms an elastic and durable film that expands and contracts freely with changes of temperature, and does not crack. It lasts and affords real protection.

At a meeting of the House of Bishops held at Toronto on Monday, Bishop Hamilton of Ottawa was chosen Archbishop of Ottawa and President of the Ecclesiastical Province of Canada. This fills another of the vacancies made by the death of the late Archbishop Sweetnam. Archbishop Matheson of Winnipeg, Archbishop of Rupert's Land, was chosen Primate of all Canada. This marks a change in the recent practice of the Anglican church in Canada, in that the primacy is now held by a Westerner, born and bred, and has not been placed upon the shoulders of the Metropolitan of the Province of Canada as heretofore.

In a collision at a motor cycle track race in Los Angeles, one man, while going a mile a minute, was shot from his machine and thrown across the grand stand without being seriously hurt, while two spectators, that he struck, were probably fatally injured.

How To Save Work In The Home

Lost of the dust in the modern home comes from the floor, and not, if you would say Floorglaze right. And dust isn't merely a bother for the housewife and the maids. It's a danger.

Dust specks do it—s-s-a-a-a. The germs of all infections dwell, mainly, in floor-dust. Floorglaze reduces floor-dust to a minimum.

When you coat a floor with any of the ten shades of Floorglaze you have a floor that is creviceless (can't harbor germs), washable (use an antiseptic in the mop-water), and nearly dust-proof.

You will get weary watching for it to wear off that floor. Floorglaze stands outdoor wear, even—verandas, porch steps, etc. And a gallon covers 500 square feet. Cheap!

Your dealer has it. You would find our Free Book interesting reading. May we send you a copy? Ask on a post-card. Imperial Varnish & Color Co., Limited, of Toronto.

RECOMMENDED AND FOR SALE BY
J. S. MORTON, Stirling

Notice to Creditors

In the Matter of the Estate of George Wright, late of the Township of Emdon, in the County of Hastings, Farmer, deceased.

Notice is hereby given in pursuance of the Revised Statutes of Ontario that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the late George Wright, who died on or about the 12th day of March, A.D. 1909, are required on or before the 15th day of May, A.D. 1909, to send by post prepaid or to deliver to G. G. Thrasher, solicitor for the Union Trust Company, Limited, the names and addresses of the persons to whom the claims are due, and the nature of their claims, and the nature of their securities, if any, held by them, verified by affidavit.

And further notice is given that after such last mentioned date the administrators will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only for the claims of which they have notice, and that the Administrators will not be liable for such assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claim notice shall not have been received.

And notice is further given that any persons indebted to the said deceased must pay the amount of their indebtedness to the said Administrators, at Stirling, Solicitor as hereunder, at Stirling this 22nd day of April, A.D. 1909.

G. G. THRASHER,
Solicitor for Administrators,
Union Trust Co., Ltd.

GRADUATES OF

THE BELLEVILLE BUSINESS COLLEGE

Hold the BEST POSITIONS because of their thorough and practical training.

OUR COURSES

Warrant sure advancement in business life. For Catalogue address

BELLEVILLE BUSINESS COLLEGE
Ltd., Box B, Belleville, Ont.
F. E. O'LENN, B.A., Man. Dir.

Notice to Creditors

In the Matter of the Estate of Anna Elizabeth Caverley, late of the Village of Stirling, in the county of Hastings, Widow, deceased.

Notice is hereby given in pursuance of the Revised Statutes of Ontario that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the late Anna Elizabeth Caverley, who died on or about the 4th day of April, A.D. 1909, are required on or before the 15th day of May, A.D. 1909, to send by post prepaid, or to deliver to E. T. Caverley, the Executor of the last will and testament of the late Anna Elizabeth Caverley, at the village of Stirling, in the county of Hastings, Stirling post office, or his Solicitor as hereunder, at Stirling, the names and addresses of the persons to whom the claims are due, and the nature of their claims, and the nature of their securities, if any, held by them, verified by affidavit.

And further notice is given that after such last mentioned date the Executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only for the claims of which they have notice, and that the Executor will not be liable for such assets, or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claim notice shall not have been received.

And notice is further given that all persons indebted to the said deceased must pay the amount of their indebtedness to the said Executor or his Solicitor hereunder, forthwith; and also that the real estate of the said deceased will be sold by public auction, of which time notice will be given and the terms specified.

Dated at Stirling this 15th day of April, A.D. 1909.

G. G. THRASHER,
Solicitor for Executor.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

HOMESEEKERS'

EXCURSIONS

TO
Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta

Special Train leaves Toronto 2:00 p.m. on

APRIL 6, 20 MAY 4, 18 JUNE 1, 15, 20

JULY 13, 27 AUG. 10, 24 SEPT. 7, 21

Second class tickets from Ontario stations to principal

Northwest points at

LOW ROUND-TRIP RATES

(Inclusive and return \$32.00; Edmonton and return

\$42.50, and to other points in proportion. Tickets

good to return within 60 days from going date.

TOURIST SLEEPING CARS

on all excursions. Comfortable berths, fully equipped

with bedding, can be secured at moderate rates through

local agent.

Early application must be made

ASK FOR HOMESEEKERS' PAMPHLET

containing rates and full information.

Apply to nearest C.P.R. Agent or to R. L. Thompson,
Dist. Pass. Agt., Toronto.

ONLY DIRECT LINE NO CHARGE OF CARS

J. S. MORTON, AGENT, STIRLING

BY-LAW No. 249

(Passed in duplicate)

Enacted by a By-law to authorize the issue of Debentures by the Corporation of the Village of Stirling in the County of Hastings, for the purpose of purchasing a fire engine, apparatus and equipments for the same.

Whereas it has become necessary to purchase a fire engine, apparatus and equipments for the same. And Whereas it has been deemed expedient to purchase a fire engine, apparatus and equipments to meet the requirements of the Corporation for the purpose of complete fire protection to be decided upon by the Council of the said Village of Stirling. And Whereas the amount of debt to be created by this By-law is \$3,500.00, payable in fifteen years with interest at the rate of five per cent. per annum. And Whereas the total amount required by this By-law to be raised annually for paying the said debt and interest is \$337.20. And

Whereas the amount of the whole rateable property of the Municipality, according to the last revised Assessment Roll, was \$291,931.00. And Whereas the amount of the existing Debenture debt of the Municipality is \$13,373.00, of which there are no arrears, therefore the municipal Corporation of the Village of Stirling, enacts, and the same is enacted as follows:

Debenture for the purpose above recited to the extent of \$3,500.00 is hereby authorized and directed to be issued.

The said Debenture shall have coupons attached thereto for the payment of principal and interest, computed and interest to be at the rate of five per cent. per annum, and said principal and interest, amounting to \$337.20 per year for fifteen years, shall be paid on the first day of January in each year, beginning with the 1st day of January, A.D. 1911.

This By-law passed in open Council this 25th day of April, A.D. 1909. Signed, sealed and numbered 249.

G. G. THRASHER, W. R. MATHER,
Clerk. Reeve.

Notice is hereby given that a By-law was passed by the Corporation of the Village of Stirling on the 25th day of April, A.D. 1909, providing for the issuing of Debentures to the amount of \$3,500.00, for the purpose of the installation of fire engines, apparatus and equipment, and that said By-law was registered in the Registry Office for the County of Hastings on the 10th day of April, A.D. 1909.

Any matter or set aside the same, or any part thereof, must be made within three months of the day of registration and cannot be made thereafter.

Dated this 25th day of April, A.D. 1909.

G. G. THRASHER,
Village Clerk.

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Any matter or set aside the same, or any part thereof, must be made within three months

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

STIRLING COUNCIL, C.O.C.P. No. 184

Meets the last Friday evening in every month at eight o'clock. Lodge room: Over Fred J. Ward's store.

DR. J. D. WISSENETTE, C.O.
FRED T. HARRIS, Recorder.

H. L. BOLDRIK

(Successor to the late J. E. Halliwell)
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY,
P.O. Box 100, in Thos. H. McKee's
Block, Stirling, Ont.

Marriage Licenses.

GEO. E. CRYER, Issuer,
STIRLING, ONTARIO

J. S. MORTON,

OPTICIAN, GRADUATE CANADIAN
Optician College. Member Canadian
Association of Opticians.
Eyes examined and imperfect sight cor-
rected with glasses.

CHAS. F. WALT, D.D.S., L.D.S.

FIRST CLASS HONOR GRADUATE IN
Dentistry of the University of Toronto
Graduate of the Royal College of Dental Sur-
geons of Ontario.
Office—One door north of new Bank of
Montreal.
Open every day. Evenings by appointment
only.

G. G. THRASHER,

SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEY-
ANCER, Etc. Office in W. S. Martin's
Block, Mill Street.

L. O. L. NO. 110

Meets in Lodge Room, the first Friday
evening of each month at 8 o'clock.
GEO. E. MORROW,
Rec. Secretary.

ROYAL BLACK PRECEPTORY

No. 505
Meets in the Orange Hall on the 2nd Mon-
day in each month.

THOS. MONTGOMERY, Jr.,
W. Preceptor.
THOS. DONNAN, Registrar.

SPRING BROOK MEDICAL, SURGICAL AND X-RAY INSTITUTE

SPRING BROOK, ONTARIO

R. ELGIN TOWLE, M.B., M.D.C.M.

Physician-in-charge.
Specialist in Rectal Diseases, Prostatic
Diseases of Men, Diseases of Women, Can-
cers, Tumors. X-Ray examination. Dis-
eases of Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs.
Fitting glasses and all other and chronic
diseases. Office Hours: 12 to 3 p.m. Drug
store in connection.

PERSONALS.

Mr. W. A. Parker of Tweed is in town
to-day.
Mrs. Jas. Macfarlane of Toronto is the
guest of Dr. and Mrs. J. S. Sprague.

Mrs. O. P. Butler and Miss Bessie
Mamora have been spending a couple of
weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L.
Wheeler.

Mr. Geo. Seeley, who was visiting rela-
tives and friends here for several weeks,
returned to his home at Saginaw, Mich.,
last week.

Mr. Jas. Tulloch returned from Pioche,
Nevada, on Friday, where he has been for
the past nine years engaged in mining
operations.

Mr. W. Duncan left on Wednesday for
Mt. Hermon, Mass., to enter upon a course
of study preparatory to entering the min-
istry of the Presbyterian church.

A pain prescription is printed upon each
25c. box of Dr. Shoop's Pink Pain Tablets.
Ask your doctor or druggist if this formu-
la is not complete. Pain means con-
gestion, blood pressure. Head pains, wo-
manly pains, pain anywhere gets instant
relief from a Pink Pain Tablet. Sold by
J. S. Morton.

The estimates of the murders in Arme-
nia grow with shocking rapidity. It is
now said that those in Adana alone
number nearly 25,000, and the numbers
done to death in other provinces cannot
yet even be estimated. At Derzgoi,
an Armenian village on the west coast
of the Mediterranean, 10,000 are besieged
by immense bands of Kurds and Cir-
cassians, and the governor of the dis-
trict refused to allow the landing of a
relief party from a British warship. Mr.
Kennedy, one of the missionaries at
Alexandretta, with 600 Turkish troops,
has gone to their assistance.

If you think you are wise and well
informed, just see if you can answer
these questions: You have seen hun-
dreds of white horses, why did you
never see a white colt? Why does a
horse eat hay backward and a cow for-
ward? Why does a hop vine twine to
the left and a bean vine to the right?
Why does a horse when staked out
wind its up into hard kinks? Why
does a horse get up on its front feet and
a cow on her hind feet? Why does a
dog always turn around three times be-
fore lying down?

One of the most welcome among the
many exchanges which come to our desk
is "The News" of Toronto. "The News"
has recently made wonderful advances, so
much so that old friends of the paper
would hardly recognize in this great Can-
adian newspaper the old "News" of a few
years ago. "The News" now contains
from fourteen to twenty pages each day,
with twenty-four to thirty-two on Sat-
urday. A special feature of political and
Parliamentary news, and questions affect-
ing the welfare of the public receive fair
editorial treatment by clever writers. We
are safe in saying that there is no paper
more widely quoted in Canada, and its
cartoons are reproduced by many of the
leading journals. Through an arrange-
ment made with "The News," we are able
to offer the News-Argus and "The News"
in a club for one year at the remarkably
cheap price of \$2.25.

If your stomach, heart or kidneys are
weak, try at least a few doses of Dr.
Shoop's Restorative. In five or ten days
only, the result will surprise you. A few
cents will cover the cost. And here is why
help comes so quickly. Dr. Shoop doesn't
drug the stomach, nor stimulate the heart
or kidneys. Dr. Shoop's Restorative goes
directly to the weak and failing nerves.
Each organ has its own controlling nerve.
When these nerves fail, the depending
organs must of necessity falter. We
plainly, yet vividly, clearly tells us why
Dr. Shoop's Restorative is so universally
successful. Its success is leading drug
gists everywhere to give it universal pre-
ference. A test will surely tell. Sold by
J. S. Morton.

ADVERTISING NOTICES.

In the local column will be charged as follows:
To Regular Advertisers.—Three lines and un-
der, 35c. each insertion, over three lines, 70c.
per line. Matter set in larger than the ordi-
nary type, 10c. per line.
To Transient Advertisers.—10c. per line each
insertion. No insertion less than 25c.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

Trains call at Stirling station as follows:
GOING WEST. GOING EAST.
Mail & Ex. 6.03 a.m. Passenger 10.27 a.m.
Passenger 6.45 p.m. Mail & Ex. 8.14 p.m.

The Stirling News-Argus.

THURSDAY, APRIL 29, 1909.

LOCAL MATTERS.

A flag pole has been erected on the
Bank of Montreal building.

The quarterly Communion service
will be held in the Stirling Methodist
church on Sunday morning.

The results of the recent High School
examinations have been handed in, and
will appear in our next issue.

Repairs are being made to the cement
walks on Mill and North streets that
were damaged at the time of the fire
last August. The work is under the
supervision of Mr. J. W. Cummings.

The quarterly meeting of Rawdon
Circuit will be held next Sunday at 10
a.m. in Bethel church. The Bethel
Epworth League will meet on Sunday
evening at 8 o'clock instead of on Mon-
day.

A pleasant surprise was given Miss
Rera Cummings on Friday evening last
when the pupils of the senior depart-
ment of the Public School met at her
home to spend the evening, bringing
with them well filled lunch baskets.
An enjoyable time was spent in games
and music.

The County Council, at its session
last week, awarded the contract for the
construction of the Court House to Mr.
Thomas Manley for the sum of \$20,975.
This addition is made necessary to
provide proper accommodation for Court
business, and was insisted on by the
Ontario Government.

The Firemen's Demonstration and Old
Boys' Re-union to be held here on Vic-
toria Day, May 24th, promises to excel
any celebration ever held in Stirling.
The Committees have arranged a most
excellent program of sports for the day.
Full particulars will be given in large
posters which will be issued in a day or
two.

At the Convocation of Queen's Univer-
sity held last week Miss Agnes M.
Gargy obtained the degree of B. A.,
and Mr. D. C. Caverley received the
degree of M. A., and also the gold medal
in History. Frank Parker of Elmira,
N. Y., received the degree of B. A.,
having obtained the degree of B. A.
Several years ago.

On Monday last Mrs. W. J. Graham
received a telegram announcing the
death at Rochester, N. Y., of Mr. John
Gosnell, a contractor of that city. He
was well-known here, having visited
this town several times. He was mar-
ried to Miss Dolly Consaul, a niece of
Mrs. Graham's, who was a resident of
this place before her marriage, and has
since been a frequent visitor here. She
has the sympathy of many friends in
her bereavement.

Stirling Cheese Board

The Cheese Board will meet for re-organ-
ization and the sale of balance of April
cheese on Tuesday, May 3rd, in the Coun-
cil Chamber.

C. W. THOMPSON, Secretary.

Mr. Wm. Mackintosh, Public School
inspector for North Hastings, has sent
a circular to all boards of school trust-
ees urging the necessity and benefit of
employing thoroughly qualified and
competent teachers. He says: "A poor
teacher is dear at any salary, however
low. A really efficient teacher is cheap
at any salary, however high. Untold
wealth is wasted every year by poorly
manned and conducted schools. Rarely
are the services of inexperienced, un-
trained teachers of value."

One of the most extensive sheep farms
in Canada is situated in Hastings coun-
ty, about five miles south of Bancroft.
It is owned by Dr. A. S. Leavitt, and
is 1,200 acres in extent. Being largely
square it entirely encloses three lakes
which the Doctor has taken pains to
stock with trout and black bass, putting
in eighty thousand trout fry about
three years ago. The Doctor expects to
care for about 1000 ewes on his farm
this year.

The address by Rev. G. W. Hend-
erson of Peterboro on "Plodders, Loafers
and Croakers," in the lecture room of
the Methodist church on Monday even-
ing was worthy of a larger audience
than was present. Mr. Henderson
handled his subject in a masterly man-
ner, and while at times humorous, it
was full of sound sense. While all
should be earnest workers for Christ, it
was found that there were ten who
were ready to "boss the job." The
loafers were really too lazy to work,
but their excuses for inactivity were
lack of ability, time, or a special talent
for the work at hand. "Croakers," or
those who are continually criticizing
and finding fault with others methods
of work, were always to be found, but
it was clearly pointed out that the
method employed was not of first im-
portance so long as the good was ac-
complished. That the address was ap-
preciated was shown by the frequent
applause given. At the close refresh-
ments were served by the members of
the Epworth League.

April has been an exceedingly cold
month, and the oldest inhabitant will
scarcely recall its equal.

There was a large attendance of Odd-
fellows at the service in St. John's
church on Sunday. A number of the
brethren were present from Campbell-
ford and other places.

The firemen were called out for prac-
tice on Monday evening. With a
thousand feet of hose attached, water
was thrown over Mr. Spry's and Mr.
Morden Bird's residences, the engine
being placed on the bridge near Mr.
McKee's shop.

Gold Medal Contest

St. Andrew's Young People's Society
will hold the Gold Medal Elocution
Contest in the Opera House on Monday
May 10th. Miss Robson of Norwood
has been engaged as soloist. The fol-
lowing are a few of Miss Robson's
many press notices:

Belleville Intelligencer: Miss Rob-
son's singing last night was very much
appreciated. Her rich, powerful and
sweet voice won for her great favor with
the Belleville audience.

Peterboro Examiner: Miss Robson's
singing at the recent delighted the
audience. She possesses a clear, sweet
resonant voice, and sings with ease and
good expression.

Campbellford Herald: Miss Robson's
singing at our Jubilee services and con-
cert was the main feature of the even-
ing. The way in which she sustained
her high notes, particularly in "The
Swallows," by Cowen, was charming.
Her enunciation was particularly good.

The experts of our Agricultural De-
partment have found out that the fruit,
apples particularly, of eastern Ontario
are more desirable for commercial pur-
poses than those of the Niagara penin-
sula and western Ontario. Eastern
Ontario apples are better shippers and
better keepers. Their flavor is decid-
edly much better than those grown in the
south and western parts of Ontario.
Farmers should pay more attention to
this profitable branch of their business.
More apple trees should be planted in
this section, care being taken to select
the best and more suitable varieties and
then the orchards should be given the
very best of attention.

W. R. Aylesworth Dead

The death of William R. Aylesworth,
clerk of the County of Hastings, oc-
curred at Belleville on Thursday even-
ing last, after about a year's illness.

The deceased was an uncle of Hon.
A. E. Aylesworth. Since 1891 he had
been County Clerk, was Warden of the
county on two occasions, Reeve of the
village of Deseronto for 21 years, and a
resident of Belleville for 16 years. Mr.
Aylesworth was 72 years of age. He
was a candidate in the Reform interest
for the Commons in East Hastings, but
was defeated. He was a Provincial
land surveyor, commissioner of the
Trent Valley Canal, and acting Indian
agent for many years, and was on the
Trustee Board of the Bridge Street
church.

The late Mr. Aylesworth was con-
sidered the best informed municipal
authority in the Province. He was the
son of the late Mr. Job Aylesworth and
came of United Empire Loyalist stock.
He was a prominent Mason and mem-
ber of the A. O. U. W. He is survived
by a widow and one son, Mr. Herchimer
Aylesworth, of Deseronto.

Drowning Accident near Queensboro

While Mr. and Mrs. J. Clarke, two
well-known residents near Queensboro
village, were driving over the bridge at
the Black Creek the bridge gave way,
precipitating them and their team and
wagon into the rushing stream. As
there is a very strong current at this
point every spring, Mr. Clarke and his
wife were carried down stream and
drowned. The horses met a similar
fate. It was some hours later before
the bodies were recovered.

May Home Journal

The May issue of the Home Journal,
Toronto, gives abundant evidence of the
changes promised for the new volume.
"Dear Delightful Dutch," by Katherine
Hale, is breezy and inspiring. "Around
the Hearth" is a new departure by Jen-
nie Allen. "Domestic Science in
Western Canada," by Lilian K. Beynon,
is interestingly reminiscent, while the article
"Our Breakfast Beverage," by M. Gaskell
Knechtel, gives interesting information
about coffee production and use. The
prizes for the photo contest are announced
in this issue and afford an interesting ex-
ample of amateur photographic art. The
Home Journal announces for June an in-
crease in size and a four-colored cover with
a four-page insert in it. It will be a
"Quinquennial Number," illustrating the
forthcoming International Congress of
Women to be held at Toronto. A full-
page portrait of the Countess Aberdeen
and photos of the principal delegates will
be given. June will also be the bridal
number and will afford many useful hints
as to wedding methods and customs.

The May Rod and Gun

This issue celebrates the tenth volume
of this excellent magazine, published
by W. J. Taylor, of Woodstock, Ont.
It contains in addition to good hunting
and fishing stories, two fine exploration
papers—an illustrated review of Mr.
Tyrrell's book, "Through the sub-
arctic of Canada," and one by Mr.
Dickson describing a personal trip
through Northern Ontario. These give
some little idea of how much remains
to be done in exploration work in Can-
ada. The decision of the Ontario Gov-
ernment to have licensed guides is noted
and the Order-in-Council dealing with
the matter printed in full. Mr. Oy-
Warman's paper on Wild Life appeals
to every lover of the outdoors and can-
not fail to have some effect in the direc-
tion the author wishes. Attention is
drawn to the work of the magazine in
Forest, Fish and Game Protection and
the manner in which the movement
in its favor has spread throughout
Canada.

A carload of Ayrshires, comprising
stock from well-known herds in Sey-
mour township, was sent to Alberta
last week. Breeders state that there is
an unprecedented demand for Ayrshire
cattle this season.

Auction Sales

SATURDAY, MAY 1.—On the premises in
Stirling, lot No. 1 and part of lot 2, east
side of Baker street. Also some household
effects, the property of the late Elizabeth
Caverley. Sale at 2 o'clock. Wm. Rod-
gers, auctioneer. E. T. Caverley, execu-
tor.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 5TH.—On lot 22, con-
taining the farm stock and implements
belonging to Mrs. S. A. Davis. Sale at one
o'clock, sharp. Wm. Rodgers, auctioneer.

FRIDAY, MAY 7TH.—On the premises of
the late George Wright, the north-west
quarter of lot five, and east half of lot six,
in the fifth concession of Rawdon, and a
lot of farm stock and implements. Sale
at two o'clock. Wm. Rodgers, auctioneer.

Births

KINGSTON.—At Grand Forks, B.C., on April
25th, to Dr. G. M. and Mrs. Kingston,
a son. Dr. G. M. Kingston, on April 24th, to
Mr. and Mrs. Fred Wright, a son.

Wanted

A good Farm Hand, man, or boy able
to handle a team. Apply at this Office.

For Sale

A covered Buggy, and a quantity of
Cement Brick.

PHILIP CONLEY, Stirling.

Tenders

The Public School Board of the village
of Stirling ask for tenders for the metal
roofing of the Public School, gage and
weight to be considered, and also building
paper to be used and price per square, as
well as the tenders to supply everything,
scaffolding, and a good and substantial
job, and the clearing away of the refuse.
Tenders open to the 4th of May, 1909.
G. G. THRASHER, Secretary.

House and Lot for Sale

On Emma street, in the village of Stir-
ling. Apply to
MISS C. L. KETCHESON.

BEST MATERIALS ONLY!

BEST WORK ONLY!

If you want satisfaction, try us.

F. G. GAZLEY

Painter & Paperhanger

Breeders

Insure you Live Stock, Stallions, and in
foal Mares.

Why risk the lives of your high-bred
stock, or the life of a valuable mare and
foal, when a policy in the

General Animals Insurance Co.
of Canada
Will protect them. For full information
as to rates, write or apply to
MORDEN BIRD,
Agent, Stirling.
Representing first-class Fire, Accident
and Health Insurance Companies.

HAVE YOU SEEN

SHARPE'S Picture Post Cards

??

New Masonic Hall

Is now available for social and other en-
gagements. For particulars of rental, etc.,
see Dr. WALT.

AUCTION SALE

To Close an Estate

In the Estate of George Wright,
deceased.

Pursuant to the authority vested in the
Administrators, they have instructed Mr.
William Rodgers to offer for sale by public
auction on the premises, at the hour of
two o'clock on the afternoon of the

7th day of May, A.D. 1909

the following lands: One hundred and
fifty acres, more or less, being composed of
the north-west one-quarter of Lot number
five, in the fifth concession of the township
of Rawdon, and the east one-half of Lot
number six, in the fifth concession of the
township of Rawdon, all in the county of
Hastings, with the approval of the Official
Guardian, and subject to a reserved bid
to be fixed by him.

This property is in a splendid state of
cultivation, and convenient to post office,
cash, balance on approved joint notes,
payable first of November, A.D. 1900, with
interest at six per cent.

For further particulars apply to the
Union Trust Company, Ltd., Bay St., Toron-
to; or F. W. Harcourt, Official Guardian,
Toronto, or to
G. G. THRASHER,
Solicitor for the Vendors.

Dated at Stirling this 22nd day of April,
A.D. 1909.

That Spring Tiredness

Can't last after you've
taken a box or two of
FIG PILLS

They've proved a boon to
thousands — why not
you?

For sale at

MORTON'S DRUG STORE

Stirling's Cash Store

The one price to all—all the time

PRINTS AND GINGHAMS

We are showing a complete range of English and Canadian
Prints, all colors and patterns to suit everybody. We
have the BEST 10c. Print you can find,—full 32 inches
wide and extra heavy, beautiful patterns and colors.
Our showing of Gingham surpasses all others, as we sell all
the regular 15c. lines for 12 1/2c.

STAPLE DEPARTMENT

Shirts—Cottonades—Denims—Rockfast Drills—Apron
Ginghams—Flannellettes—Towelings—Towels—Table
Napkins—Chenille and Tapestry Table Covers—Table
Oilcloths—Cotton Blankets.

LADIES' WEAR.....

Beautiful White Blouses, in Nets, Muslins and Mulls,
White Skirts—Corset Covers—Drawers—Night Gowns.

MEN'S WEAR.....

Ready-made Clothing—Stiff and Soft Hats—Caps—Gloves
Ties—Collars—W.G. & R. Shirts—President Suspenders
Police Brace—Men's and Boys' Leather Belts—Cuff
Links—Collar Buttons and all other requirements for up-
to-date Men's Furnishings.

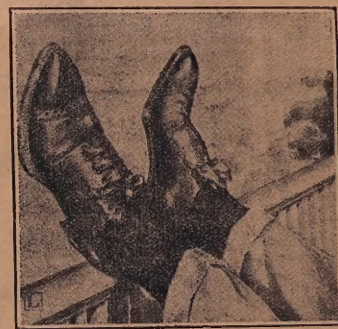
GROCERY SPECIALS

135 lbs. Priya, Pekoe, Black Tea, regular 25c. per lb., in 5 lb. lots.....
For cash only, \$1.00
3 doz. cans Raspberries and Strawberries, reg. price, 20c....Sale price, 10c.
Sulphur Beans.....Special for Saturday, 7 lbs. for 25c.
Lemon Biscuit.....".....5c. per lb.
POTATOES WANTED.

Bring us your EGGS. We will pay the highest price, trade or cash.

G. W. ANDERSON

THE PARLOR SHOE STORE



WE CARRY a well-
assorted stock of all
the latest styles for
Men, Women and Child-
ren, and make a distinct
specialty of

McPHERSON SHOES

Because they have proved
themselves best by every
test. They fit well all
over—not in spots. Snug
at the heel, roomy where
other shoes usually pinch,
with no rough seams and
no friction.
These Shoes are perma-
nently comfortable and
have given such thorough
satisfaction to so many of
our customers, we want You to try a pair, if only to see. Always a pleasure
to show them, regardless whether or no you are ready to buy.

J. W. BROWN

RELIABLE BOOT & SHOE MERCHANT

Butter and Eggs taken in exchange.

The Paint Question
THE DRUGGERY OF
SCRUBBING IS CLEARLY
A SELF IMPOSED HARD-
SHIP.
SENOUR'S FLOOR PAINT
WILL SAVE ALL THIS WASTED
ENERGY, BESIDES CONTRIB-
UTING IMMEDIATE SANITARY
CONDITIONS.

McGEE & LAGROW
Phone 25

Farms for Sale

Twenty-five acres, being part of Lot 10,
Concession 7, Sidney.
Thirty-three acres, being part of Lot 17,
Concession 8, Sidney.
One hundred acres, being part of Lot 20,
Concession 2, Rawdon.
Two hundred acres, Lot 10, Concession 2,
Seymour.
The titles to all these farms are guaran-
teed right.
For full particulars apply to
FRANK SCOTT, Stirling,
or P. J. M. ANDERSON, Barrister, Belle-
ville.

Notice!

All accounts due the estate of the late
John McGee must be settled on or before
the 1st day of May next, or they will be
placed in Court for collection.
For sale, a one-horse survey.

EMMA SABLES, Executrix.

PRACTICAL CHRISTIANITY

Lend a Helping Hand, Say a Kind Word
Do An Encouraging Deed.

"What went about doing good, healing all that were oppressed."—Acts x. 38.

The tendency of business life is to make men calculating, selfish, limited in their sympathies. This disposition, stressed each work day and emphasized by competition, becomes a habit of the soul which takes control of life.

The tendency of the life of pleasure is the same. Those whose eyes are single to their own enjoyment, who are intent upon every opportunity for amusement, become superficial, cold and limited in sympathy. Selfishness limits them likewise becomes a habit.

Qualities that we admire—nobility, kindness, sympathy, service—are to be secured by the practical qualities of life by making them

HABITS OF THE SOUL.

They will not come as the result of spasmodic action or sentimental day dreams. Acts performed daily ripen into habits. Do you want to keep from being the mean and selfish individual the practical life of business would make you? Plan to do some deed of kindness every day, some act which has no relation to your business, your own happiness or success.

Do your own work faithfully and well, but see if there is not an opportunity to lend a helping hand to another, to say a kind word, do an encouraging deed. In the midst of the hurly-burly of life, in the daily contact with men, take time

for a look now and again for the weaker man, for the man fighting bravely against odds, for the wounded and bruised in the battle of life. Cultivate the habit of kindness, of consideration for others with whom you come in contact. But not only for those with whom you come in contact, but others you do not see—a countless host in this great city, who daily stare with the courage they can muster, but with dread as well, into the raging eyes of

THE WOLF OF POVERTY.

Our cities abound in distress and suffering and misery which men might see if they would step out of their selfish routine. Do some deed of kindness each day until it sets into a habit of the soul. This is practical Christianity.

A good way to create such a habit is to commit one's self to some form of Christian or altruistic service. One of the objections urged by our pleasure-loving natures against definite service of any kind is that it ties us down. This is really one of its advantages. When you commit yourself to the service of others or make engagements with yourself to perform some duty, your good intentions do not dissipate into thin air, but are harnessed into practical work, and the disposition to be of use to your fellow men becomes yours at last, as the result of the habit of definite Christian activity.

Rev. Dewitt L. Patton,

mates, the father may be a missionary in the office, or the call may come to carry the good news to China or Africa.

THE S. S. LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, MAY 2.

Lesson V. Paul's First Missionary Journey—Cyprus. Golden Text, Mark 16: 15.

Introduction.—How does Paul rank among missionaries? Of course, Jesus Christ was the greatest of foreign missionaries, as well as the greatest of home missionaries; but if we except him, then the world's greatest missionary is assuredly Paul. Among his students are great names—Cicero, Juvenal, Pliny, Tacitus, Seneca, Plutarch, Epictetus, and the great Roman Empire. The first division covers about sixteen years of time, and describes the growth of the church in Palestine and Syria, and especially the influences that led up to this great work for the Gentiles.

I. The Missionaries' Call and Consecration.—Vs. 1-3. Upon what new division of the book of Acts are we entering? The second, or missionary division, which reaches out, with Paul, over the great Roman Empire. The first division covers about sixteen years of time, and describes the growth of the church in Palestine and Syria, and especially the influences that led up to this great work for the Gentiles.

II. The Missionaries Going Forth.—Vs. 4, 5. What was the course of the first missionaries? They departed into Syria, "went down" the River Orontes, from the highlands to the coast at Seleucia, the seaport of Antioch, sixteen miles away; and from thence they sailed to Cyprus, a voyage of eighty to one hundred miles.

III. The Missionaries Win Favor and Meet Opposition.—Vs. 6-8. How thoroughly did the missionaries work? They went through the island (R. V. "the whole island") unto Paphos, now Baffo, at the western end of Cyprus. They not only traveled the 150 miles of the length of Cyprus, but its 60 miles of breadth, probably visiting all the synagogues. No "half-way doings" for Paul! Here is "the first use of a word (translated 'through') which has been fully called one of the missionary words in Acts."

IV. The Missionaries Win the Victory.—Vs. 9-12. "There stood before the proconsul the apostle of truth and the emissary of falsehood, like Moses and the magicians before Pharaoh."—Dean Vaughan. Victory over the opposition of the sorcerer was a specimen of all the missionary victories that have been won since, in countless numbers, all over the world. It was won by three means.

V. Are You a Missionary? The missionary call comes to every true follower of Christ as distinctly as to Paul and Barnabas. It may not summon us to distant lands, and it may. It is the summons to subordinate our worldly and temporal plans to the great work of saving men from sin and leading them into the Christian life. Mothers in the home may be missionaries to their children, those children may be missionaries to their school-

A successful politician, like the interest on a mortgage, keeps everlastingly at it. Geyer—"I dropped my watch in the river, and didn't recover it for three days. It kept right on running, though." Myer—"A watch won't run for three days." Geyer—"Of course not; I was speaking of the river."

The Home

COOKING AND SERVING MEALS.

Tender Round Steak.—Put in your frying pan a little fat and have it smoking hot. Dip your round steak in cold water, roll it in flour, and fry, and you will have a tender steak.

To Serve Small Game.—Small birds which need carving may be simply split longitudinally just beside the breast bone and the spine. Their bones can be cut easily. This will apply to partridge, pigeon, prairie hen, pheasant, and all other small birds.

Pressed Meat.—Take the same amount (in price) of the following meats: Boiling beef, veal stew, and pork hock. Put beef in kettle with enough water to cook it, and when it has boiled a half hour put in veal; when boiling good put in pork, adding more water if needed. Cook until meat falls from bones. Pick meat to pieces, taking out all bones and gristle, and pack in baking powder cans. Nice for picnic dinners.

To Serve Roast Veal.—As veal is rather a tame tasting meat, roast veal is greatly improved in the eating by having a piece of boiled salt pork served with it. The combination of flavors is delicious. Boil the pork slowly until the rind can be loosened with a fork. Remove the rind before serving.

Browned Ham.—Take slice of raw ham, place in rather shallow pan. Cover with hot water and allow to simmer in the oven for forty minutes. Now take out of water and brown on both sides in frying pan before serving. This dish will be found more delicious than fried ham and as tender as boiled ham.

Cold Outlets.—Cut the remains of cold loin or neck of mutton into outlets, trim them, and take away a portion of the fat. Should there be too much, dip in beaten egg, roll in cracker crumbs, and fry in hot drippings. Serve with tomato sauce. Cut six tomatoes in two, put tomato sauce into a steppan, with two small onions, one clove, one blade of mace, one cup of gravy or starch, one pinch of salt and cayenne to taste, simmer until the tomatoes are tender, rub the whole through a sieve, boil a few minutes and serve.

Meat Pudding.—Chop two pounds of round veal steak into pieces as small as dice and season with salt and pepper to suit taste. Then take one quart of flour, one teaspoonful salt, two teaspoons of baking powder, one-half cup lard, and enough water to form a smooth dough. Be careful not to get the dough too soft, as it will break. Roll out to thickness of one-half inch. With the dough rolled out, wet edges and fill with meat, adding one tablespoonful of butter and three of water. Draw edges together and put in cloth; tie cloth, allowing a little room to swell. Drop in kettle of boiling water with sauce in bottom to prevent scorching and boil one and one-half hours, not letting the water boil too hard, as it will be likely to burst.

SPRING SALADS.

Salmon Salad.—For salmon salad flake salmon, moisten with boiled salad dressing, and arrange in nests of crisp lettuce leaves. Garnish with yolk of a hard boiled egg forced through a potato ricer and the white of a hard boiled egg cut in strips.

French Dressing.—An ordinary French dressing is easily and quickly made. Mix three-fourths of a teaspoonful of salt, one-fourth of a teaspoonful of pepper, two tablespoonfuls of vinegar, and four tablespoonfuls of olive oil. Stir until well blended.

Potato Salad.—Potato salad; cut cold boiled potatoes in half-inch cubes; there should be two cupsful. Add one-half a cupful of finely cut celery and a medium sized apple, pared, cut in eighths, then eighths cut in thin slices. Marinate in French dressing, arrange in a mound, and garnish with celery tips and sections of a bright red apple.

Lenox Salad.—For Lenox salad remove the skins and seeds from white grapes. Add an equal quantity of English walnut meats broken in pieces. Marinate with French dressing and arrange on lettuce leaves.

Boiled Dressing.—There are many people who do not care for olive oil, and for them there must be a boiled salad dressing. Mix one-half a tablespoonful of salt, one-half a tablespoonful of mustard, three-fourths of a tablespoonful of sugar, one egg slightly beaten, two and one-half tablespoonfuls of melted butter, and three-fourths of a cupful of thin cream. When thoroughly blended add slowly one-fourth of a cupful of vinegar. Cook in a double boiler, stirring constantly until the mixture thickens slightly. Strain and cool.

Tomatoes Stuffed with Pineapple.—Tomatoes stuffed with pineapple makes a delicious salad. Pare medium sized tomatoes, remove a thin layer from the top of each, and

take out the seeds and some of the pulp. Sprinkle inside with salt, invert, and let stand in a cold place for twenty minutes. Fill cases with pineapple cut in small cubes or shredded, and nuts broken in small pieces, using two-thirds pineapple and one-third nuts mixed with mayonnaise dressing. Arrange on a bed of lettuce leaves and garnish with mayonnaise dressing halves of nuts and thin slices of tomato.

CARE OF A GUN.

Various Oils Recommended, but Elbow Grease Needed.

It is a fact that you can determine to a great extent a man's character by the condition of the gun he uses, says Fur News. If his gun is rusty and pitted and shows signs of abuse beware the man! Be sure of his yellow streak. On the other hand, if his gun is clean, the barrel bright and the locks working with that oily precision which is so desirable, there you will find a sportsman—a man who keeps his friendship as bright as his rifle barrel, and a hunter who quits when he has enough.

It is a careful, delicate piece of work to clean a gun thoroughly and leave it in condition to resist dampness and rust for an indefinite period. However, with all the oils, rods, plugs and cleaners at our disposal it is less difficult than it once was.

Many different kinds of gun oils are made, and they are nearly all good, but they will not do the work alone. A liberal amount of elbow grease must be used with them.

A rag well dampened with a good solvent oil will remove the coarser fouling in the barrel. This should be followed alternately with dry rags and oiled rags until no stain is visible. If the bore is then coated with a thin application of vaseline or gun grease it is rendered rust and damp proof for an extended period. This happy state may be furthered by plugging each end of the barrel with oiled wads.

When it is possible a rod of wood or brass is preferable to a steel rod, as the softer material will not scratch or mar the bore of the gun. Field cleaners have their uses, but a watchful eye should guard the cord when the old begins to fray. Otherwise the shooter may have the unpleasant experience of a wire bristle brush lodged in the rifling and a broken cord in his hand. A wire brush or a heavy bristle will remove the most obstinate cake and does no harm to the barrel.

In case of lead fouling, or leading, as it is usually called, a little mercury will remove the foreign metal if it is applied when the rifling has been wiped perfectly dry. A cork may be placed in the chamber and the mercury poured into the barrel. If it is allowed free contact with the lead it will unite rapidly with it and both are easily removed.

The exterior surface of the gun should be wiped clean with an oiled rag. The locks seldom need cleaning beyond that which may be given with an ordinary feather dipped in oil. If the gun has been out on a wet or very cold day it is advisable to place it where it will dry thoroughly before cleaning it. Otherwise the moisture may ruin the arm. Finger marks will result in rust spots unless they are removed with a rag. A case or cloth cover excludes the dust and dampness and prolongs the life of the gun. In choosing an oil one should use care in not getting the kind that gums or freezes easily. Inferior oils of this quality cause many aggravating misfires and afford no great protection to the gun. If my previous advice is followed and the gun barrels corked with rags—be warned! See that the rag or cork is removed before firing, and avoid burst gun barrels.

SLEEP WITH HEAD TO NORTH.

Any Other Position Contrary to Laws of Nature.

Two French doctors claim to have discovered that the proper position in which to sleep is to have the head to the north, and the feet pointing south. Any other position, such as east and west, is contrary to the laws of nature. Persons whose heads are placed east and west, therefore, lie in the wrong position at night, and instead of getting rest and comfort, they only wear themselves out in sleep. It was by measuring what they call the "neuro-psychological currents" in man that the two savants came to this conclusion. When awake, they further state, another position—namely, east or west—is the best for prolonged activity. Owners of factories and offices where a large number of persons are regularly employed would, they add, find it to their advantage to have their establishments facing east and west. More work can be got out of a man in this position with much less fatigue. If literary men want to write a good composition, they should sit at their desks facing the east. How simple, after all, it will be hereafter to write better than Homer or Shakespeare, or to paint a masterpiece which would fill Michael Angelo with envy.

All men who stand upright do not act accordingly.

WARNING TO AMERICANS

J. H. COLLINS SAYS CANADA HAS WHIP HAND.

He Says the Dominion is in the Position of Master and Dictator.

"In Canada, Uncle Sam has a neighbor to whom he has paid scant attention the past generation, despite the fact that she is a lady, and a mighty good customer. With less population than Pennsylvania, she takes about as much of our products as all Asia and South America put together. She stands third in our export trade, coming after Great Britain and Germany. Yet Uncle Sam doesn't really know her. From time to time, in building up his own share of the continent, he has stepped on her skirt, trod on her tenderest toe, snubbed her, elbowed her out of the way. His neglect has, however, been an excellent stimulant in the end. More than anything else, it has made Miss Canada what she is today. He has given her a truly Spartan training—but she isn't grateful to him. The best thing that ever happened to Canada was your Uncle Sam—but she didn't think so at the time. Now, having left his hard schools, she is in a position to give a few lessons in return, and is unquestionably going to do it."

This is a portion of a plain talk to the American people by James H. Collins, New York, in the Saturday Evening Post, of Philadelphia, his subject being "The New Canada." He starts off with a brief discussion of the pulp and paper question, observing, in connection with the proposed removal of the American duty on wood pulp, that the Canadians reason thus: "If you Yankees take off the duty on pulp we might as well put an export duty on logs and pulp. That will bring some of your Yankee mills into Canada. Last year we sent away a million cords of pulp wood, getting only three or four million dollars. If made into printing paper it would have brought at least twenty-five million dollars or double that for better grade. We have hewn wood long enough for Uncle Sam. Let's make paper for him instead."

WHAT MAY BE EXPECTED.

"And to-day in Canada," says Mr. Collins, "it looks very much as if this course would be followed." "If Canada does this," he goes on, "it will merely be in line with her general policy towards the United States. Already, through her Post-office, she has put a heavy handicap on the circulation of our periodicals, and as we need her lumber and wheat and other raw materials from time to time, in the future—which we certainly shall—she can deftly adjust her own laws to make a punishment that will fit the crime. It will seem a grievous, spiteful punishment to anybody in the paper business, furniture and woodenware, lumber, flour milling or whatever industries the blow may fall upon. But let a Yankee go to Canada with broad sympathies instead of special interests. Let him be the sore that he has been taught to take care of himself in a bargain. Let him listen to the Canadian side of the matter, and look from Canada at our own policies toward that country in the past. He will find it difficult to feel sorry for himself or his suffering country."

A COSTLY SLAP.

Taking up the question of trade between the two countries Mr. Collins accuses the McKinley tariff of "cutting Canada off in a day." While Americans were considering other countries in the adjustment of that tariff, "Canada, the best foreign customer any nation has anywhere was cut off, not designedly, but without knowing she was there." He then adds: "It made her fortune. For ten or twelve desperate years she nearly starved. Her West was little known and frost caught the first wheat crops in Manitoba then, because of the very richness of its soil. Water-power hadn't become fashionable, transportation and mining were backward. British capital went to Argentina, and we drained Canada of its enterprising youngsters. Factories had to be developed, a direct trade established, and direct trade established with other countries. But she led on, lived through it, worked, saved and became as hard as nails. To-day she has growing industries, an aggressive young foreign trade, great transportation, mining and agricultural projects. British capital is flowing in—last year John Bull sent her more than two hundred million dollars. "And now Canada, having learned Uncle Sam's close-fisted way of bargaining, is ready to strike some hard bargains in return. We passed the McKinley tariff to build up our own industries. Canada has always believed we did it solely to starve her into the Union. Annexation is, with us, just a topic for mild editorials when there are no big

murder trials. But over the Mac is still a fine political bugaboo; while to loosen the purse strings in London it is enough to shout, 'Help! The Yankees are annexing us!' But now Canada really believes in only one form of annexation. She is going to annex Uncle Sam, without malice, on a business basis, and has several ways to do it. If he comes quietly it can be made pleasant and profitable. If he prefers to make a fuss, there are the billy and the handcuffs."

Mr. Collins then proceeds to pass in review Canada's raw materials which the Americans would like to have, such as wheat, timber and asbestos. "Canada can be mistress of certain situations," he says, with little legislation. That is what she means when she declares that reciprocity must be discussed at Ottawa instead of Washington. Attention is next directed to the establishment of subsidized steamship lines to Great Britain and Europe, South America, Mexico and the West Indies, which "in a few years has given the Dominion ten per cent. of the Atlantic shipping where she had practically nothing."

Then he observes that "Canada is arranging preferential tariff deals with British colonies and foreign countries." He notes that a treaty with France has already been affected, and adds:

"In time, it is certain that many of these schemes will be worked out in actual schedules, and then some of our big manufacturers may find it easier to build up foreign trade from Toronto, Hamilton and other growing industrial centres over the border. Canada offers them free hides and wool. Her riches in water-power are enormous. It costs twenty-five to thirty dollars a year to develop one horse-power by steam, whereas Ontario can now deliver water-power electricity at about sixteen dollars. There is an electrical-product plant in Ontario that is said to save one thousand dollars a day by running at night, taking its current on the 'low peak.'"

The writer notes that in smaller manufacturing also, Canada can exert pressure, and mentions dollars as a specific instance. The Fry brand, which costs twelve cents in the States, sells for twenty cents in Canada because of the tariff. "This," he says, "is bound to take the manufacturers in such lines to Canada where they will make their goods for the Canadian market instead of here."

OLD TIME MILITARY DRILL.

How It Was Conducted in the Good Old Days of '37.

The style of drill described below is calculated to please any seasoned minuteman. One can imagine the well-ordered ranks after they had been put through the evolutions. This gathering of militia took place in Canada, and is described in "Humors of '37," by Robins and Kathleen Macfarlane Lizaras. There was a scope for such originality of uniform in the drill of the militia. For the cavalry, a carving-knife fastened on the end of a pole sometimes served as a spear or lance.

Of the infantry, a few had coats, a few, jackets; most were in their shirt-sleeves. Some carried fire-sticks, some old swords. The great looks, some old swords, and there number walking sticks. Commands would be given as follows: "Gentlemen—with the umbrellas, take the ground to the right. Gentlemen with walking-sticks, take ground to the left."

All ran after each other, elbowed, kicked, chattered, and the commanding officer turned his back, sat down. The captain was apt to be obsequious in his orders.

"Now, gentlemen, I am going to carry you through the evolutions of manual exercise, and I hope you will be patient I shall be as short as possible, and if I should be going wrong, I hope you will put me right. With your permission I will read the words of command."

"Tention! Please observe at the word fire you must fire, all of you who have guns. You gentlemen who have sticks, riding-switches and cornstalks needn't go through the firing, but stand as you are."

"Draw rammer! Those who haven't a rammer needn't draw. Charge bayonets! Excuse me, that is wrong; I turned over two pages at once. Advance Arms! Very well done, gentlemen; you improve wonderfully."

THE PROPER THING.

Fred—"I've only just heard of your marriage, old chap."

Joe—"Yes, I was married nearly six months ago."

Fred—"Well, it isn't too late to offer congratulations, of course!"

Joe—"A little late for congratulations, my boy, but not for sympathy."

MILD REPROOF.

Father (gruffly)—"Get away from the fire, Tommy. The weather isn't cold."

Tommy—"Well, I'm warm!"

Father—"Well, I'm warm!"

THE MYSTERIOUS KEY

OR, PLANNING FOR THE FUTURE.

CHAPTER I.

"Gerald—it cannot be true."

"It is true."

There was a ring of triumph and joy in the voice of the young man who spoke, and the sweet-faced woman thrilled at the tone of confidence with which the words were uttered.

"I cannot comprehend. It is all so strange. What a complication."

"I have the proofs here," said Gerald Winchester, as he held up the papers in his hand.

It was, indeed, a strange situation; the young man who, but a short time before, had been but a clerk in the office of the wealthy banker, Adam Brewster, now standing proudly, with the mystery of his birth cleared by the strange revelations that the ancient foot-stool had furnished, as the son and heir of the dead millionaire.

Lady Bromley, who had been chiefly instrumental in the discovery of the precious documents in their strange hiding-place, gazed at her protégé with eyes kindling with joy.

"Ah, Gerald!" she cried eagerly; let me see the papers. It seems almost incredible."

"See!" he said excitedly, as he handed a paper to the woman; "this is a certificate proving the marriage of Miriam Harris to Adam Brewster, in the year 18—, and here, dated a little less than a year afterward, is another to certify to the baptism of Gerald Winchester Brewster."

"Then—then you are not the son of Miss Winchester's brother, as you have always supposed?" said Lady Bromley, after she had carefully examined the papers which he had given her.

"No, it seems not; at least, if my surmises are correct," Gerald replied, but with a look of perplexity sweeping over his face. "Everything seems terribly confused, as yet, and, possibly, I may have jumped at conclusions—somewhat prematurely, but I hope not. You see, there was a lot of rubbish in that thing—'with a glance at the overturned cricket upon the floor.' 'Perhaps I should not speak of it in that way; but, at any rate, it seemed like rubbish to me when I was looking it over; but, at the bottom, I came across a bulky envelope addressed to me in my aunt's hand. In it were these papers, and several sheets which she had filled, and which will doubtless explain everything."

"But who was Miriam Harris?" questioned her ladyship, still studying the certificate.

Gerald turned back to the table and gathered up a couple of other papers lying there.

"Miriam Harris, according to these documents, was the only child of Martha Winchester, who married a certain Arthur Harris in 18—, some twenty-five years previous to the date of those slips that you have. She must have been a younger sister of Aunt Honor's, which would make the latter my great-aunt, instead of my father's sister, as I have always supposed her to be. This, too, explains why she was so much older than seemed consistent, if she had been my own aunt. I have always known that my mother's name was Miriam Harris, but I supposed that she married a Winchester."

"Well, it is all very, very strange," thoughtfully observed Lady Bromley, "but I wonder why the knowledge of it has been kept from you! Why, if you are Adam Brewster's son, were you not under your father's care to profit by the advantage and position which he could have given you, instead of being committed to the care of Miss Winchester, to be reared in such obscurity?"

"That is a mystery to me as yet," replied Gerald, flushing sensitively; "but I presume that Aunt Honor's letter will explain the matter. 'Oh!' he continued, with a pathetic yearning in his voice, 'why could it not have been? It seems cruel! Cruel! And now I can understand why I was so peculiarly drawn to him! I often used to say to myself, when we were working together in his office: 'Ah! if I could only have had such a father, how proud and happy I should have been!' He, too, was fond of me, in a way, and he trusted me instinctively from the first; he once told me that he 'would stake his fortune upon my faithfulness and integrity.' I can now understand why we were so drawn to each other—it was the tie of blood, of kinship, struggling for expression, for recognition," he continued, a note of exultation in his tones.

He was trembling visibly, and his companion saw that it was with great difficulty he could preserve his self-control.

"What did I tell you, Gerald?" she said, with a roguish smile, to change the tenor of his thoughts.

know," she gently returned; then added, with a start: "But if you can prove that your mother was Adam Brewster's wife, it will make that other certificate, which the present supposed Mrs. Brewster produced, a fraud—will it not? And thus you will be found to be the sole heir to the Brewster fortune."

"Yes—at least, so it seems to me," Gerald assented.

"You will try to prove it?" "Assuredly, if I am convinced, after my investigations in New Haven, that there is the ghost of a chance for me. I have been bitterly unrepentant to the fact that John Hubbard has secured all that wealth which, it seemed to me until now, should have gone to Mrs. Charles Manning, who is the daughter of Mr. Brewster's sister; but, on the basis of the remarkable discovery of to-day, I shall at once begin to work for my own interests—after consulting with Mr. Lytleton, of course; he will know instantly whether there will be any chance for me—Ha, ha!" he laughed out suddenly, his mind reverted to some circumstance of the past.

"Why do you laugh—what amuses you?" inquired his friend.

She was thrillingly interested in his wonderful history, and did not wish to lose a single point.

"I was thinking of a certain morning some three and a half years ago, when this man vowed that he would crush me and everything else that stood in his path," the young man explained, "and I was wondering how he might feel if the situation was destined to be reversed."

Then he told her the little story about the beautiful rose, which Allison had playfully thrown at him on that lovely summer day—how John Hubbard had afterward purposely knocked it to the floor and ruthlessly set his heel upon it, and warned him that it was typical of his own fate.

"But I have it even now," he continued, opening a tiny locket that was attached to his watch-chain; "I carefully gathered up every leaf and petal, and later laid them incased in this, vowing that it should be my mascot, instead of the symbol of my defeat and ruin."

He then related, also, how the man had tampered with his book-keeping, to make it appear that he had been defrauding his employer, and how he had caused his arrest in the bank upon that fateful Sunday morning.

"What a wretch!" indignantly exclaimed Lady Bromley, when he concluded. "I should judge that he had been a sharper from his youth up. I wonder that so shrewd a man as you have represented Mr. Brewster should have become associated in business with him. But I would really glory in seeing you win the Brewster fortune from him. Why, it seems to me that he must have been scheming for it for many years! His jealousy of you, in connection with Allison, whom, it is evident, he intended to marry, if possible; and then, when she was so strangely removed, marrying that other girl, who appeared as the own and only daughter of the banker—all seem to point to that as the goal he was seeking."

"Yes; those are my views exactly," said Gerald; "and his union with this Miss Anna Brewster was the cleverest move of all, for to him it would prove a bulwark of safety for all time—providing no other flaw was discovered in his work. If he had simply employed those women as accomplices, and then let them go, after paying them a certain price, he would always have been in danger of exposure. Now, however, they all have a common interest, and he never need fear any betrayal through them. But, Mr. John Hubbard, I firmly believe that at last I have found that 'pebble' for my sling!" he concluded, with significant emphasis.

"What do you mean, Gerald?" cried Lady Bromley, laughing at his peculiar tone and language. "Enigmas appear to be the order of this remarkable day."

He explained to her by relating something of his interview with Mr. Hubbard the day he had met him on the Strand, in London, when the man had twitted him with being a braggart in assuming to be "a second David aching to slay another Goliath."

"I believe I have found my pebble in those papers which you hold in your hands," he concluded, as he pointed to him with a finger that trembled visibly.

"I believe you have, too," she gravely observed; "and—laughingly using his own smile—"your sling I know will never fail you while there is a shred of evidence left to prove your position, while something seems to tell me that you will have no difficulty in proving yourself to be Mr. Brewster's son and the only heir to his great wealth."

"Ah! But what good will it do me now?" Gerald burst forth, with sudden pain and passion. "It will seem but a mockery—but the bitter irony of fate. Oh, Allison! Allison! What is anything in life to me now that I have lost you?"

Lady Bromley could have wept for him, for the anguish in his tone was like a sharp arrow in her own heart; but putting a strong curb upon herself, she arose and went to his side.

"All things are possible, you

"Put these safely away, Gerald," she said, as she placed the certificates in his hand; "then read your aunt's letter—you do not half-know your own history yet—for, doubtless, it contains a great deal that will interest you, and, possibly, some other important information." (To be continued.)

TREE PLANTING IN HOLLAND.

Elms and Lindens the Best, but the Elm is the Hardier.

There is perhaps no other well populated country in the world which has so many well wooded towns as has Holland. Most of the streets and grachten or canals have avenues of trees. Utrecht has two rows of trees on either side of its quaint canals. Its canal banks are constructed as if in two stories. The lower story, almost flush with the water level, is lined with warehouses and vaults, while the upper story has dwellings and shops. Both levels are planted with trees. So many avenues of trees make a Dutch town exceedingly pleasant, especially on a hot day. The foliage tempers the glare of the sun and the vistas of green are refreshing to the eye. These abundant growths in thickly populated towns are highly useful as well as ornamental. It is recognized that from a hygienic point of view they are valuable to the citizens.

In Holland these useful services are gratefully recognized and the trees are carefully tended by the municipalities. The cost of this care per capita in the different towns varies somewhat. Last year, for example, Utrecht devoted 21 cents (Dutch) to its trees for each inhabitant and The Hague 38 cents for each of its 259,000 citizens. It takes 2½ Dutch cents to equal an American cent. About ten years ago the annual cost of caring for the trees of The Hague was 19 cents (Dutch) per capita, but since that time many new trees and shrubs have been planted throughout the city and new parks have been laid out.

It has been found that not every kind of tree will thrive in the streets of a town, for trees have many enemies both above and below ground. Gas escaping from pipes underground is the worst enemy of trees, because quite small quantities of it are deadly. For this reason special precautions are taken against the leakage of gas in Dutch towns. How electricity escaping underground acts upon trees as yet has not been sufficiently studied to be understood. Trees will not grow in very narrow streets where the houses are high; neither will they thrive if the pavement does not let in moisture and air in sufficient quantities.

The best trees for street planting in Holland are elms and lindens, but the elm is the hardier of the two and will grow where a linden will not. Trees of these kinds reach a great age, like the old elms along the quiet grachten of Edam, one of the "dead" cities of the Zuider Zee, which saw the fleets of Van Tromp and De Ruiter in the harbor of Edam—the harbor which appears so tiny to modern eyes that one with difficulty imagines "the terror of the North Sea" anchoring there. Then there are the magnificent lindens of the Mallebaan in Utrecht, which appealed to the French monarch, King Louis XIV. Those lindens he commanded his soldiers to spare on peril of their lives.

PIRATES OF THE AIR.
Little Danger of a Raid on the Bank of England.
The Bank of England has at present £40,000,000 of gold stored in its vaults. This is not a record amount, but it has not often been exceeded. As a prominent financier recently suggested that some steps should be taken to protect the nation's treasure-house from possible raids by foreign dirigibles or aeroplanes, it may be interesting to estimate just what the danger from this source is.

Assuming that an airship might float over the Old Lady of Threadneedle street and throw out a bomb which would wreck the treasure vaults below, of what benefit would it be to the elevator? Sovereigns run about fifty-six to the pound, avoirdupois, so that, roughly, the £40,000,000 in the bank would weigh 220 tons. Zepplin's airship, the most formidable by far of a dirigible, has never yet attempted to carry more than 26 passengers, whose combined weight would probably be no more than 4,000 pounds, or two tons. It would require a fleet of 180 of these aerial monsters to carry off the bank's gold. One of them could not possibly take away more than £250,000, and most airships could not make an ascent with a fifth of that amount.

A passenger-carrying aeroplane may be said to have a cargo-carrying capacity of 250 pounds—roughly, £14,000 in gold. It would take 3,000 such machines to get away with the £40,000,000 in the bank.

NATURALLY SO.
"I wonder what man on record called the biggest bluff?"

"I guess it was the man who named Gibraltar."

THE MUTTON BIRDS.

Trapping Them Only Means of Livelihood of Inhabitants.

Some time back a party of twenty-five interested in nature study and kindred subjects formed themselves into a party to make a sea tour among the islands lying between Australia and Tasmania and off the coast of the latter place, says the Sydney Times.

One of the party on his return said there are hundreds of islands in the locality mentioned which from a distance looked like mere barren rocks, but on closer examination prove to be fertile territories, many of the islands being inhabited by white communities or native and half caste people who have occupied themselves for many years as trappers of mutton birds for export to Tasmania and for their own consumption. The average catch on one island is about 1,500,000 birds a year, and the income from this source amounts to between £5,000 and £6,000.

The dark skinned people who occupy Cape Barren Island are of all shades, from the mere suggestion of tint to pure black, and they have been of this variegated skin color for nearly 100 years. There is a school on this island attended by sixty or seventy children, the teacher being paid by the Tasmanian Government, which satisfies its conscience in respect to these unfortunate by merely giving them instruction in "the three R's" and taking no further trouble to help them to put their education to practical account when they have finished their period of school. They are naturally nomadic in their instincts and do not know how to organize their affairs, hence as soon as they leave the school they take on the mode of life of their elders, living well when the birds are plentiful and going short to a greater or less extent in the off season.

The touring party concerned itself largely with the bird life found upon the various islands, the specimens including albatross, gannet, gulls, darters, oyster catchers, pelicans, geese and mutton birds. On Albatross Island, the bird the place is named after, hatches its young, and it is said that this is the only known place in the world where the bird makes its nest, an old theory being that these mysterious creatures hatched out their young on their backs, a theory no doubt absurd, yet forgivable in the early days when nobody had discovered their hatching place.

Mutton birds flock on various islands in the vicinity in myriads and the eggs of various birds abound in such huge numbers that shiploads of them could be gathered with comparatively little trouble. It is said that numbers of eggs from these islands find their way into market and are sold as duck eggs, which they resemble in appearance and flavor.

THOUGHT HER IN MISERY.

The celebrated soprano was in the middle of her solo when little Johnny said to his mother, referring to the conductor of the orchestra, "Why does that man hit at the woman with his stick?" "He is not hitting at her," replied his mother. "Keep quiet."

"Well, then, what is she hollerin' so for?"

"After taking three bottles of your wonderful medicine, our baby was entirely well and needed no more medicine. At sixteen months of age she weighed thirty pounds. She had cried eight months, night and day, and nothing did her good until we tried Scott's Emulsion."—MRS. E. C. SMITH, Villa Rica, Ga.

Scott's Emulsion

probably saved this child's life. Four doctors had been tried. Scott's Emulsion seemed to be just the thing needed, and it is just the thing needed by thousands of other children. It's so easily digested, so pure and harmless, yet most powerful in building up the most delicate child or adult. But be sure to get Scott's Emulsion, there are so many worthless and harmful imitations.

ALL DRUGGISTS

A full copy of Mrs. Smith's letter and many others of a similar nature, together with some of our valuable literature regarding children, will be sent upon receipt of your address, containing this coupon.

SCOTT & BOWNE
132 Wellington St., W. Toronto

About the Farm

SELLING LOW-GRADE SEED.

Practices tending to defeat the purpose of the "Seed Control Act," in protecting the farmer, are reported as being prevalent in some sections of Canada, even among farmers themselves. Not only this, but also the regulations in the Act, are being violated. Seedsmen justly protest against farmers who produce grass and clover seeds, selling them to neighbors, when the standard is lower than the law allows them to handle.

Farmers seem to forget that they are liable under the Seed Control Act. The only exemption is that the farmer is not obliged to have "each and every receptacle, package, sack or bag containing such seeds, or a label securely attached thereto, marked in a plain and indelible manner," showing name and address of seller, kind of seed contained, and common names of weed seeds present. Instances are known where those who deal in seeds refused to purchase lots of seeds from growers because of the presence of foul seeds, and where the farmer then sold the same seed to his neighbors. Seed represented as being number one, must not contain more than one of the following weed seeds per 1,000 of the seed represented: Wild Mustard, Turnip, Mustard, Hare's ear Mustard, Ball Mustard, Field Pennywort (Stinkweed or French Weed), Wild Oats, Blindweed, Perennial Sow Thistle, Ragweed, Purple Cockle, Cow Cockle, Orange Hawkweed (Paint Brush), Ergot of Rye (Sclerotia), White Cockle, Night-flowering Catchfly, False Flax, Canada Thistle, Ox-eye Daisy, Curled Dock, Blue Weed, Ribgrass (English Plantain or Buckhorn). In addition, seed of first quality, offered for sale, must "contain, out of every one hundred seeds, not less than ninety-nine seeds of the kind or kinds represented, or seeds of other useful and harmless grasses and clovers, of which ninety-nine seeds ninety must be germinable."

For the general trade in seeds, the following section applies to all: "No person shall sell or offer, expose or have in his possession for sale, for the purpose of seedling in Canada, any seeds of timothy, alsike or red clover, or any mixture containing the said seeds, if the seeds of the weeds named in this Act are present in a greater proportion than five to one thousand of the seed sold or offered, exposed or held in possession for sale."

Every intelligent farmer realizes that only clean farming pays, and that, in order to keep down weeds, strict care must be taken to avoid introducing the pests through grain, grass or clover seeds. Protection is afforded against all vention to seedsmen, general storekeepers or farmer.

In order to be fair to those who handle seeds, the Act stipulates that complaint must be made within seven days. The section relating to this reads: "Any sample of seeds taken from any seed found or suspected to be sold in violation of the provisions of this Act shall be taken and forwarded to an official seed analyst: (a) From seeds that are sold in sealed packages, sacks, bags, or receptacles, at the time of breaking the seal thereon; and (b) from seeds that are not sold in sealed packages, sacks, bags or receptacles, within seven days from the date on which the seeds entered into the personal possession and became the property of the purchaser." Samples for official analysis are to be drawn in the presence of the vendor or two disinterested witnesses, and forwarded with a certified statement, accompanied by name and address of the vendor, and particulars relating to the seed.

Those making purchases of seed would do well to examine it carefully at the time of purchase. If there is ground for complaint, write at once to the Seed Commissioner, Ottawa, Ont. It is his duty to make investigation, and do everything possible to protect the purchaser from undue contamination of his fields with foul seeds, and, if circumstances warrant, to prosecute the vendor of such seed.

Four conditions form exceptions to the Act, viz.: (a) Any person growing or selling seeds for the purpose of food; (b) any person selling seeds direct to merchants, to be cleaned or graded before being offered for sale for seeding purposes; (c) seed held in storage, to be reclaimed before being used for seeding purposes; (d) seed marked "not absolute clean," and held or sold for export only. All seed held for sale in Canada for seeding purposes, comes under the Act, and offenders are liable to prosecution. During the past few weeks samples have been collected from stock sold by farmers, and if there is proof of violation of the act, the offenders are liable to prosecution. In the interests of Canadian agriculture, those farmers who are culture, of selling low-grade seed should be dealt with just as promptly as they would have other vendors treated.—Farmer's Advocate.

